# MAR ATHANASIUS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS) KOTHAMANGALAM, KERALA - 686666

NAAC Accredited 'A+' Grade Institution

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# SCHEME AND SYLLABUS FOR POST GRADUATE PROGRAMME UNDER CREDIT AND SEMESTER SYSTEM MAC-PG-CSS 2020

IN

M.Com

(Specialisation: MARKETING AND INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS)

**EFFECTIVE FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2020-21** 

**BOARD OF STUDIES IN COMMERCE (PG)** 

# ACADEMIC COUNCIL COMPOSITION – With Effect From 01-06-2020

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# 7. Dr. Mathew. K.

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8. **Adv. George Jacob** Senior Advocate High Court of Kerala Ernakulam

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- 10. **Dr. Suma Mary Sacharia** UC College Aluva
- 11. **Dr. V.B. Nishi** Associate Professor Sree Shankara College, Kalady.

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- 15. Dr. Smitha Thankachan, Asst. Professor, Department of Physics
- 16. Dr. Asha Mathai, Asst. Professor, Department of Malayalam

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- 20. Dr. Igy George, Head, Department of Economics
- 21. Dr. Rajesh.K. Thumbakara, Head, Department of Mathematics

- 22. Dr. Aji Abraham, Head, Department of Botany
- 23. Dr. Selven S., Head, Department of Zoology
- 24. Dr. Deepa. S, Head, Department of Physics
- 25. Dr. Aswathy Balachandran, Head, Department of English
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- 37. Ms. Simi. C.V, Head, Post Graduate Department of History
- 38. Ms. Sari Thomas, Head, Post Graduate Department of Statistics
- 39. Ms. Sheeba Stephen, Head, Department of B.Com Model III- Tax Procedure and Practice
- 40. Ms. Dilmol Varghese, Head, Post Graduate Department of Zoology
- 41. Ms. Bibin Paul, Head, Post Graduate Department of Sociology

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ONE EXPERT TO BE NOM	IINATED BY THE VICE CHANCELLOR (MGU)			
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# TABLE OF CONTENTS

SL. NO.	PARTICULARS	PAGE NO.
1	PREFACE	1
2	LIST OF PROGRAMMES	2
3	P G REGULATIONS	3 - 26
4	ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION	27 - 28
5	SCHEME AND STRUCTURE OF M. Com PROGRAMME	30 - 31
6	PROGRAMME OUTCOME AND PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOME	32
7	PROGRAMME STRUCTURE	33
8	FIRST SEMESTER COURSES	34 - 53
9	SECOND SEMESTER COURSES	54 - 73
10	THIRD SEMESTER COURSES	74 - 89
11	FOURTH SEMESTER COURSES	90- 107
12	PROJECT REPORT GUIDELINES	108 - 109
13	COMPREHENSIVE VIVA GUIDELINES	110
14	ZERO CREDIT COURSES- STUDY TOUR/INDUSTRIAL VISIT/INTERNSHIP	111
15	MODEL QUESTION PAPERS	112 - 175

#### PREFACE

We, the members of the Board of Commerce at Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam are extremely happy to introduce the revised curriculum for M.Com Degree Programme. The new curriculum will be applicable with effect from 2020-21academic year onwards. This work was completed amidst lockdown situations across the world by following lockdown protocols of social distancing.

The Principal of our college, Dr. Shanti A. Avirah has supported and motivated us in completing this work in time. We are extremely grateful to our Principal for her support and motivation which guided us to finish the task well in time. We express our deepest sense of gratitude to the Secretary and the management of our college for their vibrant leadership. We are fortunate to have very knowledgeable panel of experts Dr. Santosh Kumar, Dr. Vasanthakumari, Dr. Manesh N A and Dr. Sony Kuriakose as the external members of our Board of Studies. We have immensely benefited from their expertise and experience

We are deeply thankful to all the faculty members of the department who have participated in the curriculum revision workshop and contributed a lot.

Dr. Diana Ann Issac Chairperson and Members-Board of Studies of Commerce (PG) Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

1

# LIST OF PG PROGRAMMES IN MAR ATHANASIUS COLLEGE (AUTONOMOUS), KOTHAMANGALAM

SL.	DDOCDAMME	DEGREE		
NO.	PROGRAMME	DEGKEE	FACULTY	
1			LANGUAGE AND	
1	ENGLISH	MA	LITERATURE	
2	ECONOMICS	MA	SOCIAL SCIENCES	
3	SOCIOLOGY	MA	SOCIAL SCIENCES	
4	HISTORY	MA	SOCIAL SCIENCES	
5	MATHEMATICS	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
6	CHEMISTRY	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
7	PHYSICS	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
8	BOTANY	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
9	STATISTICS	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
10	ZOOLOGY	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
11	BIOCHEMISTRY	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
12	BIOTECHNOLOGY	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
13	MICROBIOLOGY	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
14	ACTUARIAL SCIENCE	M.Sc	SCIENCE	
15	SPECIALISATION -	M.Com	COMMERCE	
	FINANCE AND TAXATION			
	SPECIALISATION -	NG		
16	MARKETING AND	M.Com	COMMERCE	
	INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS			

# REGULATIONS OF THE POSTGRADUATE PROGRAMMES UNDER CREDIT SEMESTER SYSTEM MAC-PG-CSS2020 (2020 Admission onwards)

# 1. SHORT TITLE

- These Regulations shall be called "Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous) Regulations (2020) governing Postgraduate Programmes under the Credit Semester System (MAC-PG-CSS2020)".
- 1.2 These Regulations shall come into force from the Academic Year 2020-2021.

# 2. SCOPE

2.1 The regulations provided herein shall apply to all Regular Postgraduate (PG) Programmes, M.A. /M.Sc. /M.Com.conducted by Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous) with effect from the academic year 2020-2021 admission onwards.

# 3. **DEFINITIONS**

- 3.1 **'Academic Committee'** means the Committee constituted by the Principal under this regulation to monitor the running of the Post-Graduate programmes under the Credit Semester System (MAC-PG-CSS2020).
- 3.2 **'Academic Week'**is a unit of five working days in which distribution of work is organized from day one to day five, with five contact hours of one hour duration on each day. A sequence of 18 such academic weeks constitutes a semester.
- 3.3 'Audit Course' is a course for which no credits are awarded.
- 3.4 **'CE' means Continuous Evaluation (Internal Evaluation)**
- 3.5 **'College Co-ordinator'** means a teacher from the college nominated by the Principal to look into the matters relating to MAC-PG-CSS2020 for programmes conducted in the College.

- 3.6 **'Comprehensive Viva-Voce'** means the oral examinations conducted by the appointed examiners and shall cover all courses of study undergone by a student for the programme.
- 3.7 **'Common Course'** is a core course which is included in more than one programme with the same course code.
- 3.8 '**Core Course**' means a course that the student admitted to a particular programme must successfully complete to receive the Degree andwhich cannot be substituted by any other course.
- 3.9 'Course' means a segment of subject matter to be covered in a semester. Each Course is to be designed variously under lectures / tutorials / laboratory or fieldwork / seminar / project /practical training / assignments/evaluation etc., to meet effective teaching and learning needs.
- 3.10 **'Course Code'** means a unique alpha numeric code assigned to each course of a programme.
- 3.11 'Course Credit' One credit of the course is defined as a minimum of one hour lecture /minimum of 2 hours lab/field work per week for 18 weeks in a Semester. The course will be considered as completed only by conducting the final examination.
- 3.12 **'Course Teacher'** means the teacher of the institution in charge of the course offered in the programme.
- 3.13 'Credit (Cr)' of a course is a numerical value which depicts the measure of the weekly unit of work assigned for that course in a semester.
- 3.14 '**Credit Point (CP)**' of a course is the value obtained by multiplying the grade point (GP) by the Credit (Cr) of the course **CP=GP x Cr**.
- 3.15 'Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)' is the value obtained by dividing the sum of credit points in all the courses taken by the student for the entire programme by the total number of credits and shall be rounded off to two decimal places.CGPA determines the overall performance of a student at the end of a programme.

#### (CGPA = Total CP obtained/ Total credits of the programme)

- **3.16** '**Department**' means any teaching Department offering a programme of study in the institution.
- **3.17** 'Department Council' means the body of all teachers of a Department in a College.
- **3.18** 'Dissertation' means a long document on a particular subject in connection with the project /research/ field work etc.
- **3.19** '**Duration of Programme**' means the period of time required for the conduct of the programme. The duration of post-graduate programme shall be 4 semesters spread over two academic years.
- **3.20** 'Elective Course' means a course, which can be substituted, by equivalent course from the same subject.
- **3.21 'Elective Group'** means a group consisting of elective courses for the programme.
- **3.22** 'ESE' means End Semester Evaluation (External Evaluation).
- **3.23 'Evaluation'** is the process by which the knowledge acquired by the student is quantified as per the criteria detailed in these regulations.
- **3.24** External Examiner is the teacher appointed from other colleges for the valuation of courses of study undergone by the student in a college. The external examiner shall be appointed by the college.
- **3.25** 'Faculty Advisor' is a teacher nominated by a Department Council to coordinate the continuous evaluation and other academic activities undertaken in the Department.
- **3.26** 'Grace Grade Points' means grade points awarded to course(s), recognition of the students' meritorious achievements in NSS/ Sports/ Arts and cultural activities etc.
- **3.27** 'Grade Point' (GP) Each letter grade is assigned a Grade point (GP) which is an integer indicating the numerical equivalent of the broad level of performance of a student in a course.

- **3.28** 'Grade Point Average (GPA)' is an index of the performance of a student in a course. It is obtained by dividing the sum of the weighted grade point obtained in the course by the sum of the weights of Course. (GPA= $\Sigma$ WGP /  $\Sigma$ W)
- **3.29** '**Improvement Course**' is a course registered by a student for improving his performance in that particular course.
- **3.30 'Internal Examiner'** is a teacher nominated by the department concerned to conduct internal evaluation.
- 3.31 'Letter Grade' or 'Grade' for a course is a letter symbol (A+, A, B+, B, C+, C, D) which indicates the broad level of performance of a student for a course.
- 3.32 MAC-PG-CSS2020 means Mar Athanasius College Regulations Governing Post Graduate programmes under Credit Semester System, 2020.
- **3.33** '**Parent Department**' means the Department which offers a particular post graduate programme.
- **3.34** '**Plagiarism**' is the unreferenced use of other authors' material in dissertations and is a serious academic offence.
- 3.35 'Programme' means the entire course of study and Examinations.
- **3.36 'Project'** is a core course in a programme. It means a regular project work with stated credits on which the student undergo a project under the supervision of a teacher in the parent department/ any appropriate research centre in order to submit a dissertation on the project work as specified. It allows students to work more autonomously to construct their own learning and culminates in realistic, student-generated products or findings.
- **3.37** '**Repeat Course**' is a course to complete the programme in an earlier registration.
- **3.38** 'Semester' means a term consisting of a minimum of 90 working days, inclusive of examination, distributed over a minimum of 18 weeks of 5 working days each.
- **3.39** 'Seminar' means a lecture given by the student on a selected topic and expected to train the student in self-study, collection of relevant matter from various resources, editing, document writing and presentation.
- **3.40** 'Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA)' is the value obtained by dividing the sum of credit points (CP) obtained by the student in the various courses taken in a

6

Scheme and Syllabus of M.Com Marketing & International Business – MAC – PG -CSS 2020

semester by the total number of credits for the course in that semester. The SGPA shall be rounded off to two decimal places. SGPA determines the overall performance of a student at the end of a semester (SGPA = Total CP obtained in the semester / Total Credits for the semester).

- **3.41** '**Tutorial**'means a class to provide an opportunity to interact with students at their individual level to identify the strength and weakness of individual students.
- **3.42** 'Weight' is a numeric measure assigned to the assessment units of various components of a course of study.
- **3.43** University means Mahatma Gandhi University Kottayam to which the College is affiliated.
- 3.44 'Weighted Grade Point (WGP)' is grade points multiplied by weight. (WGP=GPxW)
- 3.45 'Weighted Grade Point Average (WGPA)' is an index of the performance of a student in a course. It is obtained by dividing the sum of the weighted grade points by the sum of the weights. WGPA shall be obtained for CE (Continuous Evaluation) and ESE (End Semester Evaluation) separately and then the combined WGPA shall be obtained for each course.

#### 4. ACADEMIC COMMITTEE

- 4.1. There shall be an Academic Committee constituted by the Principal to Manage and monitor the working of MAC-PG-CSS2020.
- 4.2. The Committee consists of:
  - 1. Principal
  - 2. Dean, Administration
  - 3. Dean, Academics
  - 4. IQAC Coordinator
  - 5. Controller of Examinations
  - 6. One Faculty each representing Arts, Science, Commerce, Languages and Self Financing Programmes

## 5. PROGRAMME STRUCTURE

- 5.1 Students shall be admitted to post graduate programme under the various Faculties. The programme shall include three types of courses, Core Courses, Elective Courses and Common core courses. There shall be a project with dissertation and comprehensive viva-voce as core courses for all programmes. The programme shall also include assignments / seminars/ practical's etc.
- **5.2** No regular student shall register for more than 25 credits and less than 16 credits per semester unless otherwise specified. The total minimum credits, required for completing a PG programme is 80.

## 5.3. Elective Courses and Groups

**5.3.1** There shall be various groups of Programme Elective courses for a Programme such as Group A, Group B etc. for the choice of students subject to the availability of facility and infrastructure in the institution and the selected group shall be the subject of specialization of the programme.

**5.3.2** The elective courses shall be either in fourth semester or distributed among third and fourth semesters. There may be various groups of Elective courses (three elective courses in each group) for a programme such as Group A, Group B etc. for the choice of students, subject to the availability of facility and infrastructure in the institution.

**5.3.3** The selection of courses from different elective groups is not permitted.

5.3.4 The elective groups selected for the various Programmes shall be

intimated to the Controller of Examinations within two weeks of commencement of the semester in which the elective courses are offered. The elective group selected for the students who are admitted in a particular academic year for various programmes shall not be changed.

#### 5.4 Project Work

**5.4.1**. Project work shall be completed in accordance with the guidelines given in the curriculum.

- **5.4.2** Project work shall be carried out under the supervision of a teacher of the department concerned.
- **5.4.3**. A candidate may, however, in certain cases be permitted to work on the project in an Industrial/Research Organization on the recommendation of the supervising teacher.
- **5.4.4** There shall be an internal assessment and external assessment for the project work.
- **5.4.5.** The Project work shall be evaluated based on the presentation of the project work done by the student, the dissertation submitted and the viva-voce on the project.
- **5.4.6** The external evaluation of project work shall be conducted by two external examiners from different colleges and an internal examiner from the college concerned.
- **5.4.7** The final Grade of the project (External) shall be calculated by taking the average of the Weighted Grade Points given by the two external examiners and the internal examiner.
- **5.5** Assignments: Every student shall submit at least one assignment as an internal component for each course.
- **5.6 Seminar Lecture:** Every PG student shall deliver one seminar lecture as an Internal component for every course with a weightage of two. The seminar lecture is expected to train the student in self-study, collection of relevant matter from the various resources, editing, document writing and presentation.
- **5.7 Test Papers (Internal):** Every PG student shall undergo at least two class tests as an internal component for everycourse with a weight one each. The best two shall be taken for awarding the grade for class tests.
- 5.8. No courses shall have more than 5 credits unless otherwise specified.
- **5.9. Comprehensive Viva-Voce** -Comprehensive Viva-Voce shall be conducted at the end of fourth semester of the programme and its evaluation shall beconducted by the examiners of the project evaluation.
  - **5.9.1.** Comprehensive Viva-Voce shall cover questions from all courses in the Programme.

Scheme and Syllabus of M.Com Marketing & International Business – MAC – PG -CSS 2020

**5.9.2.** There shall be an internal assessment and an external assessment for the Comprehensive Viva-Voce.

#### 6. ATTENDANCE

- **6.1.** The minimum requirement of aggregate attendance during a semester for appearing at the end-semester examination shall be 75%. Condonation of shortage of attendance to a maximum of 15 days in a semester subject to a maximum of two times during the whole period of the programme may be granted by the University.
- 6.2 If a student represents his/her institution, University, State or Nation in Sports, NCC, or Cultural or any other officially sponsored activities such as college union/ university union etc., he/she shall be eligible to claim the attendance for the actual number of days participated subject to a maximum 15 days in a Semester based on the specific recommendations of the Head of the Department or teacher concerned.
- **6.3** Those who could not register for the examination of a particular semester due to shortage of attendance may repeat the semester along with junior batches, without considering sanctioned strength, subject to the existing University Rules and Clause 7.2.
- **6.4.** A Regular student who has undergone a programme of study under earlier regulation/ Scheme and could not complete the Programme due to shortage of attendance may repeat the semester along with the regular batch subject to the condition that he has to undergo all the examinations of the previous semesters as per the MAC-PG-CSS 2020 regulations and conditions specified in 6.3.
- **6.5** A student who had sufficient attendance and could not register for fourth semester examination can appear for the end semester examination in the subsequent years with the attendance and progress report from the principal.

#### 7. REGISTRATION/ DURATION

- **7.1** A student shall be permitted to register for the programme at the time of admission.
- **7.2** A student who registered for the Programme shall complete the Programme within a period of four years from the date of commencement of the programme.

**7.3** Students are eligible to pursue studies for additional post graduate degree. They shall be eligible for award of degree only after successful completion of two years (four semesters of study) of college going.

#### 8. ADMISSION

- **8.1** The admission to all PG programmes shall be done through the Centralised Allotment Process of Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam (MAC-PG CAP) as per the rules and regulations prescribed by the affiliating university and the Government of Kerala from time to time.
- **8.2** The eligibility criteria for admission shall be as announced by the Parent University from time to time.

## 9. ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- **9.1** Candidates for admission to the first semester of the PG programme through CSS shall be required to have passed an appropriate Degree Examination of Mahatma Gandhi University as specifiedor any other examination of any recognized University or authority accepted by the Academic council of Mahatma Gandhi University as eligible thereto.
- **9.2** Students admitted under this programme are governed by the Regulations in force.

#### **10. PROMOTION**:

- **10.1** A student who registers for the end semester examination shall be promoted to the next semester
- **10.2** A student having 75% attendance and who fails to register for examination of a particular semester will be allowed to register notionally and is promoted to the next semester, provided application for notional registration shall be submitted within 15 days from the commencement of the next semester.
- **10.3** The medium of Instruction shall be English except programmes under faculty of Language and Literature.

#### 11. EXAMINATIONS

11.1 **End-Semester Examinations**: The examinations shall be at the end of each

Semester of three hour duration for each centralised and practical course. Scheme and Syllabus of M.Com Marketing & International Business – MAC – PG -CSS 2020

- 11.2 Practical examinations shall be conducted at the end of each semester or at the end of even semesters as prescribed in the syllabus of the particular programme. The number of examiners for the practical examinations shall be prescribed by the Board of Studies of the programmes.
- 11.3 A question paper may contain short answer type/annotation, short essay type questions/problems and long essay type questions. Different types of questions shall have different weightage.

#### 12. EVALUATION AND GRADING

- 12.1 Evaluation: The evaluation scheme for each course shall contain two parts; (a) End Semester Evaluation (ESE) (External Evaluation) and (b) Continuous Evaluation (CE) (Internal Evaluation). 25% weightage shall be given to internal evaluation and the remaining 75% to external evaluation and the ratio and weightage between internal and external is 1:3. Both End Semester Evaluation (ESE) and Continuous Evaluation (CE) shall be carried out using direct grading system.
- 12.2 Direct Grading: The direct grading for CE (Internal) and ESE (External Evaluation) shall be based on 6 letter grades (A+, A, B, C, D and E) with numerical values of 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 and 0 respectively.
- 12.3 Grade Point Average (GPA): Internal and External components are separately graded and the combined grade point with weightage 1 for internal and 3 for external shall be applied to calculate the Grade Point Average (GPA) of each course. Letter grade shall be assigned to each course based on the categorization provided in 12.16.
- 12.4 **Internal Evaluation:** The internal evaluation shall be based on predetermined transparent system periodic written tests, assignments, seminars, lab skills, records, viva-voce etc.
- 12.5 Components of Internal (CE) and External Evaluation (ESE): Grades shall be given to the evaluation of theory / practical / project / comprehensive viva-voce and all internal evaluations are based on the Direct Grading System.

Proper guidelines shall be prepared by the BOS for evaluating the assignment, seminar, practical, project and comprehensive viva-voce within the framework of the regulation.

12.6 There shall be no separate minimum grade point for internal evaluation.

# 12.7 The model of the components and its weightages for Continuous Evaluation (CE) and End Semester Evaluation (ESE) are shown in below:

# a) For Theory (CE) (Internal)

	Components	Weightage
i.	Assignment	1
ii.	Seminar	2
iii.	Best Two Test papers	2(1 each)
Tota	l	5

(Average grade of the best two papers can be considered. For test paper all the Questions shall be set in such a way that the answers can be awarded A+, A, B, C, D, E grades)

# b) For Theory (ESE) (External)

Evaluation is based on the pattern of Question specified in 12.15.5

# c) For Practical (CE) (Internal)

Components	Weightage
Written / Lab Test	2
Lab Involvement and Record	1
Viva	2
Total	5

(The components and weightage of the practical (Internal) can be modified by the concerned BOS without changing the total weightage 5)

d) For Practical (ESE) (External)

Components	Weightage
Written / Lab Test	7
Lab Involvement and Record	3
Viva	5

Total	15

(The components and weightage of the practical (External) can be modified by the concerned BOS without changing the total weightage 15)

## e) ForProject (CE) (Internal)

Components	Weightage
Relevance of the topic and analysis	2
Project content and presentation	2
Project viva	1
Total	5

(The components and the weightage of the components of the Project (Internal) can be modified by the concerned BOS without changing the total weightage 5

#### f) ForProject (ESE) (External)

Components	Weightage
Relevance of the topic and analysis	3
Project content and presentation	7
Project viva	5
Total	15

(The components and the weightage of the components of the Project (External) can be modified by the concerned BOS without changing the total weightage 15)

#### g) Comprehensive viva-voce (CE) (Internal)

<u> </u>	·
Components	Weightage

14

Comprehensive viva-voce(all courses from first semester to fourth semester)	5
Total	5

(Weightage of the components of the Comprehensive viva-voce (Internal) shall not be modified.)

#### h)Comprehensive viva-voce (ESE) (External)

Components	Weightage
Comprehensive viva-voce (all courses from first semester to fourth semester)	15
Total	15

(Weightage of the components of the Comprehensive viva-voce (External) Shall not be modified.)

#### 12.8 All grade point averages shall be rounded to two digits.

12.9 To ensure transparency of the evaluation process, the internal assessment

grade awarded to the students in each course in a semester shall be published on the notice board at least one week before the commencement of external examination.

#### 12.10 There shall not be any chance for improvement for Internal Grade.

- 12.11 The course teacher and the faculty advisor shall maintain the academic record of each student registered for the course and a copy should be kept in the college for verification for at least two years after the student completes the programme.
- 12.12 **External Evaluation.** The external examination in theory courses is to be conducted by the College at the end of the semester. The answers may be written in English or Malayalam except those for the Faculty of Languages. The evaluation of the answer scripts shall be done by examiners based on a well-defined scheme of valuation. The external evaluation shall be done immediately after the examination.
- 12.13 Photocopies of the answer scripts of the external examination shall be made available to the students on request as per the rules prevailing in the University.
- 12.14 The question paper should be strictly on the basis of model question paper set and directions prescribed by the BOS.

# 12.15. Pattern of Questions

- 12.15.1 Questions shall be set to assess knowledge acquired, standard, and application of knowledge, application of knowledge in new situations, critical evaluation of knowledge and the ability to synthesize knowledge. Due weightage shall be given to each module based on content/teaching hours allotted to each module.
- 12.15.2 The question setter shall ensure that questions covering all skills are set.
- 12.15.3 A question paper shall be a judicious mix of short answer type, short essay type /problem solving type and long essay type questions.
- 12.15.4 The question shall be prepared in such a way that the answers can be awarded A+, A, B, C, D, E grades.
- 12.15.5 Weight: Different types of questions shall be given different weights to quantify their range as follows:

Sl.No.	Type of Questions	Weight	Number of questions to be answered
1	Short Answer type questions	1	8 out of 10
2	Short essay / problem solving type questions	2	6 out of 8
3	Long Essay Type questions	5	2 out of 4

12.16 **Pattern of question for practical**. The pattern of questions for external evaluation of practical shall be prescribed by the Board of Studies.

# 12.17 Direct Grading System

Direct Grading System based on a 6- point scale is used to evaluate the Internal and External examinations taken by the students for various courses of study.

Grade	Grade point(G)	Grade Range
A+	5	4.50 to 5.00
A	4	4.00 to 4.49
В	3	3.00 to 3.99
С	2	2.00 to 2.99
D	1	0.01 to 1.99
E	0	0.00

# 12.18 Performance Grading

Students are graded based on their performance (GPA/SGPA/CGPA) at the Scheme and Syllabus of M.Com Marketing & International Business – MAC – PG -CSS 2020

Range	Grade	Indicator
4.50 to 5.00	A+	Outstanding
4.00 to 4.49	Α	Excellent
3.50 to 3.99	<b>B</b> +	Very good
3.00 to 3.49	B	Good(Average)
2.50 to 2.99	C+	Fair
2.00 to 2.49	С	Marginal
up to 1.99	D	Deficient(Fail)

examination on a 7-point scale as detailed below.

# 12.19 No separate minimum is required for Internal Evaluation for a pass, but a Minimum grade is required for a pass in an External Evaluation.However, a minimum C grade is required for pass in a Course

- 12.20 A student who fails to secure a minimum grade for a pass in a course will be permitted to write the examination along with the next batch.
- 12.21 **Improvement of Course-** The candidate who wish to improve the grade/grade point of the external examination of the of a course/ courses he/ she has passed can do the same by appearing in the external examination of the semester concerned along with the immediate junior batch. This facility is restricted to first and second semester of the programme.
- 12.22 **One Time Betterment Programme** A candidate will be permitted to improve the **CGPA** of the programme within a continuous period of four semesters immediately following the completion of the programme allowing only once for a particular semester. The **CGPA** for the betterment appearance will be computed based on the **SGPA** secured in the original or betterment appearance of each semester whichever is higher.

If a candidate opts for the betterment of **CGPA** of a programme, he/she has to appear for the external examination of the entire semester(s) excluding practical /project/comprehensive viva-voce. One time betterment programme is restricted to students who have passed in all courses of the programme at the regular (First appearance)

12.23 Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) Calculations. The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the credit point of all courses taken by a student in a semester to the total credit for that semester. After the successful completion of a semester, Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) of a student in that semester is calculated using the formula given below.

Semester Grade Point Average -SGPA  $(S_j) = \sum (C_i \times G_i) / \sum C_i$ 

(SGPA= Total credit Points awarded in a semester / Total credits of the semester)

Where 'S<sub>j</sub>' is the j<sup>th</sup> semester, 'G<sub>i</sub>' is the grade point scored by the student in the i<sup>th</sup> course 'C<sub>i</sub>' is the credit of the i<sup>th</sup> course.

**12.24** Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of a programme is calculated using the formula:-

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) =  $\sum (C_i \times S_i) / \sum C_i$ 

(CGPA= Total credit Points awarded in all semester / Total credits of the programme) Where 'C<sub>i</sub>' is the credit for the i<sup>th</sup> semester, 'S<sub>i</sub>' is theSGPA for the i<sup>th</sup> semester. The **SGPA** and **CGPA** shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points.

For the successful completion of semester, a student shall pass all courses and score a minimum **SGPA** of 2.0. However a student is permitted to move to the next semester irrespective of her/his **SGPA** 

# 13. GRADE CARD

- 13.1 The Institution under its seal shall issue to the students, a consolidated grade card on completion of the programme, which shall contain the following information.
  - a) Name of the University.
  - b) Name of College
  - c) Title of the PG Programme.
  - d) Name of Semesters
  - e) Name and Register Number of students
  - f) Code, Title, Credits and Max GPA (Internal, External & Total) of each course (theory &practical), project, viva etc in each semester.
  - g) Internal, external and Total grade, Grade Point (G), Letter grade and Credit point (P) in each course opted in the semester.
  - h) The total credits and total credit points in each semester.
  - i) Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and corresponding Grade in each semester

- j) Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA), Grade for the entire programme.
- k) Separate Grade card will be issued.
- Details of description of evaluation process- Grade and Grade Pointas well as indicators, calculation methodology of SGPA and CGPA as well as conversion scale shall be shown on the reverse side of the grade card.
- 14. AWARD OF DEGREE The successful completion of all the courses with 'C'grade within the stipulated period shall be the minimum requirement for the award of the degree.

#### **15. MONITORING COMMITTEE**

There shall be a Monitoring Committee constituted by the Principal to monitor the internal evaluations conducted.

## 16. RANK CERTIFICATE

Rank certificate shall be issued to candidates who secure positions 1<sup>st</sup> and2<sup>nd.</sup> Candidates shall be ranked in the order of merit based on the CGPA secured by them. Grace grade points awarded to the students shall not be counted for fixing the rank. Rank certificate shall be signed by the Principal and the Controller of Examinations.

#### 17. GRIEVANCE REDRESSAL COMMITTEE

- 17.1 Department level: The College shall form a Grievance Redressal Committee in each Department comprising of the course teacher and one senior teacher as members and the Head of the Department as Chairperson. The Committee shall address all grievances relating to the internal assessment grades of the students.
- 17.2. College level: There shall be a college level Grievance Redressal Committee comprising of faculty advisor, college co-ordinator, one senior teacher and one staff council member and the Principal as Chairperson.
- 18. FACTORY VISIT / FIELD WORK/VISIT TO A REPUTED RESEARCH INSTITUTE/ STUDENT INTERACTION WITH RENOWNED ACADEMICIANS may be conducted for all Programmes before the commencement of Semester III.

19. Each student may undertake **INTERNSHIP/ON THE JOB TRAINING** for a period of not less than 15 days. The time, duration and structure of internship/on the job training can be modified by the concerned Board of Studies.

#### 20. TRANSITORY PROVISION

Notwithstanding anything contained in these regulations, the Principal shall, for a period of three year from the date of coming into force of these regulations, have the power to provide by order that these regulations shall be applied to any programme with such modifications as may be necessary.

## 21. **REPEAL**

The Regulations now in force in so far as they are applicable to programmes offered by the college and to the extent they are inconsistent with these regulations are hereby repealed. In the case of any inconsistency between the existing regulations and these regulations relating to the Credit Semester System in their application to any course offered in a College, the latter shall prevail.

#### 22. Credits allotted for Programmes and Courses

22.1 Total credit for each programme shall be 80.

22.2 Semester-Wise total credit can vary from 16 to 25

23.3 The Minimum Credit of a course is 2 and Maximum Credit is 5

- 23. **Common Course:** If a course is included as a common course in more than one programme, its credit shall be same for all programmes.
- 24. **Course Codes:** The course codes assigned for all courses (Core Courses, Elective Courses, Common Courses etc.) shall be unique.
- 25. Models of distribution of courses, course codes, type of the course, credits, teaching hours for a programme are given in the following tables

# M.Com Marketing and International Business Programme without practical

Semester	Course- Code	Course Name	Type of the Course	Teaching Hours per week	Credit	Total Credits
	PG20CO101	Specialised Accounting	Core	5	4	
	PG20CO102	Organisational Behaviour	Core	5	3	
_	PG20CO103	Marketing Management	Core	5	4	
Ι	PG20CO104	Management Optimisation Techniques	Core	5	4	19
	PG20CO105	Methodology for Social Science Research	Core	5	4	
	PG20CO206	Advanced Corporate Accounting	core	5	4	
	PG20CO207	Human Resource Management	core	5	3	
II	PG20CO208	International Business and Finance	core	5	4	19
	PG20CO209	Quantitative Techniques	core	5	4	
	PG20CO210	Strategic Management	core	5	4	
	PG20CO311	Strategic Financial Management	core	6	5	
	PG20CO312	Income Tax – Law and Practice	core	7	5	
III	PG20CO313	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	core	6	4	18
	PG20CO314 -IB	Logistics and Supply Chain Management	Core Elective	6	4	

Total Credits 80-Scheme of the syllabus

	Total					80
	PG20CO4V	Comprehensive Viva Voce	Core Viva	Nil	2	
	PG20CO4P	Dissertation/Project	Core Project	Nil	4	
	PG20CO418- IB	International Marketing	Core Elective	6	4	24
IV	PG20CO417- IB	Retail and Rural Marketing	Core Elective	6	4	
	PG20CO 416	Income Tax- Assessment and Procedure	Core	7	5	
	PG20CO415	Advanced Cost and Management Accounting	Core	6	5	

# **Appendix**

1. Evaluation first stage – Both Internal and External to be done by the teacher)

Grade	Grade Points	Range
A+	5	4.50 to 5.00
Α	4	4.00 to 4.49
В	3	3.00 to 3.99
С	2	2.00 to 2.99
D	1	0.01 to 1.99
E	0	0.00

# The Final Grade Range for Courses, SGPA and CGPA

Range	Grade	Indicator
4.50 to 5.00	A+	Outstanding
4.00 to 4.49	Α	Excellent
3.50 to 3.99	<b>B</b> +	Very good
3.00 to 3.49	В	Good
2.50 to 2.99	C+	Fair
2.00 to 2.49	С	Marginal

Upto1.99	D	Deficient(Fail)
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# **Theory-External-ESE**

Maximum weight for external evaluation is 30. Therefore Maximum Weighted Grade Point (WGP) is 150

Type of Question	Qn. No.'s	Grade Awarded	Grade Point	Weights	Weighted Grade Point
	1	A+	5	1	5
	2	-	-	-	-
Short Answer	3	А	4	1	4
	4	С	2	1	2
	5	А	4	1	4
	6	А	4	1	4
	7	В	3	1	3
	8	А	4	1	4
	9	В	3	1	3
	10	-	-	-	
	11	В	3	2	6
	12	A+	5	2	10
	13	А	4	2	8
Short Essay	14	A+	5	2	10
	15	-	-	-	-
	16	-	-	-	-
	17	А	4	2	8
	18	В	3	2	6
	19	A+	5	5	25
	20	-	-	-	-
Long Essay	21	-	-	-	-
	22	В	3	5	15
			TOTAL	30	117
<b>Calculation :</b>					

**Overall Grade of the Theory Paper = Sum of Weighted Grade Points /Total Weight =** 117/30 = 3.90 = Grade B

# **Theory-Internal-CE**

Maximum weight for internal evaluation is 5. Therefore Maximum Weighted Grade Point (WGP) is 25.

Components	Weight (W)	Grade Awarded	Grade Point(GP)	WGP=W *GP	Overall Grade of the Course
Assignment	1	А	4	4	
Seminar	2	A+	5	10	WGP/Total Weight= 24/5 =4.8
Test Paper 1	1	A+	5	5	24/3-4.0

Scheme and Syllabus of M.Com Marketing & International Business – MAC – PG -CSS 2020

23

Test Paper 2	1	A+	5	5	
Total	5			24	<b>A</b> +

# **Practical-External-ESE**

Maximum weight for external evaluation is 15. Therefore Maximum Weighted Grade Point (WGP) is 75

Components	Weight(W)	Grade Awarded	Grade Point(GP)	WGP=W*GP	Overall Grade of the Course
Written/Lab Test	7	А	4	28	WGP/Total Weight= 58 / 15
Lab involvement & record	3	A+	5	15	= 3.87
Viva	5	В	3	15	
Total	15			58	В

# **Practical-Internal-CE**

Maximum weight for internal evaluation is 5. Therefore Maximum Weighted Grade Point (WGP) is 25

Components	Weight (W)	Grade Awarded	Grade Point(GP)	WGP=W *GP	Overall Grade of the Course
Written/ Lab Test	2	А	4	8	WGP/Total Woight=17/5
Lab involvement & record	1	A+	5	5	Weight=17/5 =3.40
Viva	2	С	2	4	
Total	5			17	В

# **Project-External-ESE**

Maximum weight for external evaluation is 15. Therefore Maximum Weighted Grade Point (WGP) is 75

Components	Weight (W)	Grade Awarded	Grade Point(GP)	WGP= W*GP	Overall Grade of the Course
Relevance of the topic & Analysis	3	С	2	6	WGP/Total Weight = 56/15= 3.73
Project Content &Presentation	7	A+	5	35	

Scheme and Syllabus of M.Com Marketing & International Business – MAC – PG -CSS 2020

24

Project Viva- Voce	5	В	3	15	
Total	15			56	В

# **Practical-Internal-CE**

Maximum weight for internal evaluation is 5. Therefore Maximum Weighted Grade Point (WGP) is 25

Components	Weight (W)	Grade Awarded	Grade Point(GP)	WGP=W *GP	Overall Grade of the Course
Relevance of the topic & Analysis	2	В	3	6	WGP/Total Weight= 21/5
Project Content & Presentation	2	A+	5	10	= 4.2
Project Viva- Voce	1	A+	5	5	
Total	5			21	Α

# Comprehensive viva-voce-External-ESE

Maximum weight for external evaluation is 15. Therefore Maximum Weighted Grade Point (WGP) is 75

Components	Weight (W)	Grade Awarded	Grade Point(GP)	WGP=W*GP	Overall Grade of the Course
Comprehensive viva-voce	15	А	4	60	WGP/Total Weight = 60 / 15 = 4
Total	15			60	А

# **Comprehensive viva-voce-Internal-CE**

Maximum weight for internal evaluation is 5. Therefore Maximum Weighted Grade Point (WGP) is 25

Components	Weight (W)	Grade Awarded	Grade Point(GP)	WGP=W *GP	Overall Grade of the Course
Comprehensi ve viva-voce	5	A+	5	25	WGP/Total Weight = 25/ 5 = 5
Total	5			25	A+

# 2. Evaluation Second stage-(to be done by the College)

# Consolidation of the Grade (GPA) of a Course PC-1

The End Semester Evaluation (ESE) (External evaluation) grade awarded for the course PC-1 is A and its Continuous Evaluation (CE) (Internal Evaluation) grade is A. The consolidated grade for the course PC-1 is as follows

Evaluation	Weight	Grade awarded	Grade Points awarded	Weighted Grade Point		
External	3	А	4.20	12.6		
Internal	1	А	4.40	4.40		
Total	4	17				
Grade of a	GPA of the course =Total weighted Grade Points/Total weight=					
Course.	17/4 =4.25 = Grade A					

# 3. Evaluation Third stage-(to be done by the College) Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA)

Course code	Title of the course	Credits (C)	Grade Awarded	Grade Points(G)	Credit Points (CP=C X G)	
01	PC-1	5	А	4.25	21.25	
02		5	Α	4.00	20.00	
03		5	В	3.80	19.00	
04		2	Α	4.40	8.80	
05		3	Α	4.00	12.00	
TOTAL		20			81.05	
SGPA	Total credit points / Total credits = 81.05/20 = 4.05 = Grade- A					

# 4. Evaluation Third stage-(to be done by the College) <u>Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)</u>

If a candidate is awarded three A+ grades in Semester 1(SGPA of semester 1), Semester 2(SGPA of semester 2), Semester 4 (SGPA of semester 4) and **B** grades in Semester 3(SGPA of semester 3). Then CGPA is calculated as follows:

Semester	Credit of the Semesters	Grade Awarded	Grade point (SGPA)	Credit points
Ι	20	A+	4.50	90
II	20	A+	4.60	92
III	20	В	3.00	60

Scheme and Syllabus of M.Com Marketing & International Business – MAC – PG -CSS 2020

IV	20	A+	4.50	90		
TOTAL	80			332		
CGPA= Total Credit Points awarded / Total Credit of all Semesters = 332 / 80= 4.15						
(Which is in between 4.00 and 4.49 in 7-point scale)						
Therefore the overall Grade awarded in the programme is A						

## **ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSION**

Academic eligibility should be satisfied as on the last date of submission of academic data. No candidate shall be admitted to the PG programme unless he/she possess the qualifications and minimum requirements thereof, as prescribed by Mahatma Gandhi University from time to time.

If an applicant for admission is found to have indulged in ragging in the past or if it is noticed later that he/she had indulged in ragging, admissions shall be denied or he/she will be expelled from Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam.

Candidates should have passed the corresponding Degree Examination under the 10 + 2 + 3 pattern with one core/main subject and two complementary/subsidiary subjects from any of the Universities in Kerala or of any other University recognized by Mahatma Gandhi University as equivalent thereto for admission, subject to the stipulation regarding marks.

OR

Candidates who have passed Degree examination with Double or Triple main subject and candidates who have passed the Degree Examination in Vocational or Specialized Programmes are also eligible for admission. However, they have to submit copy of the Equivalency/Eligibility Certificate from Mahatma Gandhi University, stating that, their Qualifying Examination is recognized for seeking admission to the relevant P.G. Degree Programme(s) as applicable, at the time of admission. This provision is not applicable in the case of those applicants who have passed their qualifying examination from MG University.

#### The minimum requirements for admission to PG Degree Programme

Graduates who have passed qualifying examination in CBCS (2017)/CBCSS (2013) pattern	Graduates who have passed qualifying examination in CBCSS (2009) pattern	Graduates who have passed qualifying examination in other patterns
Graduation in Commerce /BBA/BBM with not less than CGPA/CCPA of 4.5 out of 10 in the Core Group (Core + Complementary + Open Courses).	Graduation in Commerce /BBA/BBM with not less than CGPA of 1.80 out of 4 in the Core Group (Core + Complementary + Open Courses).	Graduation in Commerce /BBA/BBM with not less than 45% marks in the Part III (Main/Core + subsidiaries/Complementaries
No weightage marks.		

#### M.Com Marketing and International Business (SF)

The Open course under core group is taken only for reckoning the eligibility for applying for the PG programmes concerned. But a candidate cannot apply for the respective PG programmes solely on the basis of the open course selected under core group.

Relaxation in Marks in the qualifying examination:

- (i) Kerala Scheduled Caste/Scheduled Tribe Category: The minimum grade in the qualifying examination for admission to the PG Degree programme is 'C' in the Seven Point Scale for CBCSS and a pass for pre CBCSS applicants.
- (ii) SEBC Category: A relaxation of 3% marks in the qualifying examination from the prescribed minimum is allowed i.e. CGPA of 4.2 for CBCS (2017), CCPA of 4.2 for CBCSS (2013), CGPA of 1.68 for CBCSS (2009) applicants and 42% marks for pre-CBCSS applicants for admission to M.Com Marketing and International Business Programme.
- (iii) OEC Category: A relaxation of 5% marks in the qualifying examination from the prescribed minimum is allowed i.e. CGPA of 4.0 for CBCS (2017), CCPA of 4.0 CBCSS (2013), CGPA of 1.60 for CBCSS (2009) applicants and 40% marks for pre CBCSS applicants for admission to M.Com Marketing and International Business Programme.
- (iv) Persons with Disability category: A relaxation of 5% marks in the qualifying examination from the prescribed minimum is allowed i.e. CGPA of 4.0 for CBCS (2017), CCPA of 4.0 for CBCSS (2013), CGPA of 1.60 for CBCSS (2009)applicants and 40% marks for pre CBCSS applicants for admission to for admission to M.Com Marketing and International Business Programme

# Scheme and Structure of M.Com Degree Programme

## (Under Mahatma Gandhi University Regulations PGCSS2019 from 2020 Academic

#### Year onwards)

#### 1. Aim of the Program

The broad aim of the Programme is to provide awareness to the learners regarding the developments in the field of Business, Commerce, Industry and Management and equip them to develop necessary analytical and managerial skills so as to cope up with the challenges posed by industry and environment, both national and global.

#### 2. Eligibility for Admissions

A candidate who has passed B.Com/BBA/BBM approved by M.G. University with a minimum of 45% are eligible to pursue the M. Com Programme on a regular basis. Relaxation in percentage is allowed for SC/ST, OEC, SEBC and physically challenged students as prescribed by the University from time to time.

#### 3. Duration of the Programme

The programme shall be spread over four semesters with each semester having duration of 90days.

## 4. Medium of Instruction and Assessment

The medium of instruction shall be English. There shall be continuous assessment of the students on an internal basis based on the provisions of the Regulations and end semester examinations conducted by University. The final assessment shall be based on both the above components in accordance with the provisions of the Regulations.

## 5. Faculty under which the Degree is Awarded

The Degree is awarded under the Faculty of Commerce.

#### 6. Specializations offered, if any

Three Streams of Electives are offered of which the college can select one stream. All the courses of the particular stream selected have to be taken by the student. The elective stream is spread over semester three and four with one course in the third semester and two courses in fourth semester. The Streams offered a selectives are (1) Finance and Taxation (2) Marketing and International Business (3) ManagementandInformationTechnology. The colleges may be given the chance to select the electives in the first year of the revised curriculum (2019-20) before the commencement of admissions, inform the same to the University and also mention the same in admission portals and documents. Changes in electives in subsequent years shall be done only with express permission of the University.

# 7. Note on compliance with the UGC Minimum Standards for the conduct and award of Post Graduate Degrees

The programme is offered in accordance with the UGC Minimum Standards for the conduct and award of Post Graduate Degrees. The student has to secure 80credits to complete the programme successfully.

# **PROGRAMME OUTCOME**

Post Graduate Programmes offered by Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous) are outcome based and the outcomes expected are as follows:

PO No.	Upon completion of postgraduate programme, the students will be able to:
PO-1	Create, apply and disseminate knowledge leading to innovation
PO-2	Think critically, explore possibilities and exploit opportunities positively
PO-3	Work in teams, facilitating effective interaction in work places.
<b>PO-4</b>	Lead a sustainable life
PO-5	Embrace lifelong learning

# PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOME

PSO No.	Upon completion of M.Com Marketing &International Business programme, the students will be able to:
	Attain advanced knowledge and fundamental skills within various disciplines of commerce, business, accounting, economics, finance, tax, Supply Chain Management and environment.
	Enhance knowledge about business transactions across international borders, and changing dimensions of International Business Economics
PSO-3	Develop managerial decision making and problem solving skills in business affairs.
PSO-4	Gain proficiency in the Tax Laws of the country and become tax consultants.
PSO-5	Acquire knowledge for competitive and qualifying examinations.
PSO-6	Attain lifelong learning ability and aptitude for research in the field of Commerce and Business.
PSO-7	Respond on social and environmental issues for a better quality of life.

<b>Course Code</b>	Title of the Course	Type of the Course	Hours per week	Credits
	FIRST SEMESTE	R		
PG20CO101	Specialised Accounting	Core	5	4
PG20CO102	OrganisationalBehaviour	Core	5	3
PG20CO103	Marketing Management	Core	5	4
PG20CO104	Management Optimisation Techniques	Core	5	4
PG20CO105	Methodology for Social Science Research	Core	5	4
	TOTAL FOR SEMESTER		25	19
	SECOND SEMEST	ER		1
PG20CO206	Advanced Corporate Accounting	Core	5	4
PG20CO207	Human Resource Management	Core	5	3
PG20CO208	International Business and Finance	Core	5	4
PG20CO209	Quantitative Techniques	Core	5	4
PG20CO210	Strategic Management	Core	5	4
	TOTAL FOR SEMESTER		25	19
	THIRD SEMESTE	CR		•
PG20CO311	Strategic Financial Management	Core	6	5
PG20CO312	Income Tax – Law and Practice	Core	7	5
PG20CO313	Security Analysis and Portfolio Management	Core	6	4
PG20CO314- IB	Logistics and Supply Chain Management	Core Elective	6	4
	TOTAL FOR SEMESTER		25	18
	FOURTH SEMEST	ER		
PG20CO415	Advanced Cost and Management Accounting	Core	6	5
PG20CO 416	Income Tax-Assessment and Procedure	Core	7	5
PG20CO417-IB	Retail and Rural Marketing	Core Elective	6	4
PG20CO418-IB	International Marketing	Core Elective	6	4
PG20CO4P	Project Report	Core Project	Nil	4
PG20CO4V	Comprehensive Viva Voce	Core Viva	Nil	2
	25	24		
		80		

# **PROGRAMME STRUCTURE**

# FIRST SEMESTER COURSES

Course Code	PG20CO101
Title of the Course	SPECIALISED ACCOUNTING
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

## **Objective of the Course:**

To equip the students to apply Accounting Standards and deal with advanced practical areas related to Valuation, Amalgamation, Specialised areas and to have a basic understanding on developments in Accounting.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Providing an in depth understanding about theoretical and practical aspects of major Accounting Standards to apply the same in different practical situations.	K2 & K3	PSO 2
2	Ascertain the Value of Goodwill and Value of Companies based on the Value of Shares and compare the Real Value of Shares and with the Market Prices and identify the Mispricing.	К3	PSO 2
3	In depth understanding about the determination of Purchase Consideration in the event of Amalgamation and to prepare Post Amalgamation Financial Statements	К3	PSO 2
4	Develop a clear understanding about different types of NBFCs, their provisioning norms and to understand the concept of NAV of Mutual Funds through its Computation.	К5	PSO 2
5	Acquaint with the theoretical aspects of emerging areas in Accounting	K2	PSO 2

Knowledge Levels: K2- Understanding, K3- Applying and K5- Evaluating

Module No.	Unit No.	Contents of the Unit	Remarks
ļ		Module 1. Accounting Standards - 25 hours	
	1.1	Meaning and Definition of Accounting Standards Need for Standards Process of development of Standards and its Applicability Advantages of AS Accounting Standard Board and its Role AS 1 –Disclosure of Accounting Policies	Theory only
	1.2	AS 2 – Valuation of Inventories AS 9 – Revenue Recognition	Theory and Problems
1	1.3	AS 10- Accounting for Property, Plant and Equipment AS 20- Earning Per Share	Theory and Problems
	1.4	AS 22 – Accounting for Tax on Income Computation of Deferred Tax	Theory and Problems
	1.5	AS 26- Intangible Assets AS 28 – Impairment of Assets	Theory and Problems
		2. Valuation of Goodwill and Shares – 15 hours	
	2.1	Goodwill- Meaning and Definition Factors affecting Goodwill Circumstances where Good will is Valued Methods of Valuing Goodwill	Theory only
2	2.2	Problems on Goodwill Average Profit Method - Super Profit Method - Annuity Method and -Capitalization Method.	Problems
2	2.3	Need for Valuation of Shares Methods of Valuation of Shares Advantages and Disadvantagesof different Methods of Valuation of Shares.	Theory only
	2.4	Practical problems on Net Asset Method or Intrinsic Value Method - Yield Method- Earning Capacity Method - Fair Value Method of Valuing Shares.	Problems
3. Accoun	ting for	Amalgamation – 30 hours	
3	3.1	Accounting Standards -14 Amalgamation in the nature of Merger and Amalgamation in the nature of Purchase Purchase Consideration: Pooling of Interest Method and Purchase Method (Theory) Difference between Pooling of Interest and Purchase Method.	Theory only

# Unit wise arrangement of the Course

		Practical problems on the computation of Purchase	
	3.2	Consideration.	Problems
	3.3	Treatment of Goodwill and Reserves under Poolingof Interest Method and Purchase Method.	Theory and Problems
	3.4	Entries in the books of Purchasing Company Entries in the books of Vendor Company	Problems
	3.5	Consolidated Balance Sheet in case of Amalgamation in the nature of Merger.	Problems
	3.6	Consolidated Balance Sheet in case of Amalgamation in the nature of Purchase.	Problems
	3.7	Practical problems involving Mutual Owings	Problems
	3.8	Practical problems involving the accounting treatment when Purchasing Company already holds shares in the Vendor Company Selling Company already holds shares in Purchasing Company Cross holdings.	Problems
4. Accoun	ting for	NBFCs and Mutual Funds- 10 hours	1
	4.1	NBFCDifference between an NBFC and BankClassification of NBFCs based on registration with RBIAsset Finance CompaniesInvestment CompaniesInfrastructure Finance CompaniesSystematically Important Core InvestmentCompaniesInfrastructure Debt Fund NBFCNBFC Micro Finance Institutions	Theory only
4	4.2	NBFC Factors Mortgage Guarantee Companies Residuary NBFCs Regulations regarding: Net Owned Fund Liquid Asset Requirement.	Theory only
-	4.3	Income Recognition Prudential Accounting Norms Asset Classification Provisioning Requirements – Computation of Provisions Requirements as to Capital Adequacy.	Theory and Short Problems
	4.4	Mutual Funds: Meaning and Importance Classification of Mutual Funds.	Theory only
	4.5	Contents of Balance Sheet and Revenue Account of the Mutual Fund (Theory only) Computation of NAV(Theory and Problems)	Theory and Short Problems

	4.6	Accounting Treatment in the event of Disposal of Investment: Journal Entries Dividend Equalization	Theory and Short Problems	
5. Developments in Accounting – 10 hours				
	5.1	Block Chain Technology in Accounting Artificial Intelligence in Accounting (Overview only).	Theory only	
5	5.2	Green Accounting Concepts: Scope and Significance Statements to be prepared Developments in a Globalised Era.	Theory only	
	5.3	Forensic Accounting Lean Accounting.	Theory only	

## Suggested Assignment

- 1. Assignment on the recent real cases of amalgamation, evaluating the ratio of share exchange or valuation offirms.
- 2. Assignment of valuation of shares of companies and comparison with actual marketprice.
- 3. Assignment on the evaluation of the performance of mutual fund schemes based on realdata.

# **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Corporate Accounting, A. Mukharjee and M. Hanif, TATA McGrawHillCo
- 2. Advanced accountancy, Arulanandam& Raman, Himalaya PublishingHouse
- 3. Fundamentals of Financial accounting, Nassem Ahmed, Ane books Pvt, Limited
- 4. Advanced Financial Accounting, R.L. Gupta & Radhaswami, Sultan ChandCO;
- 5. Advanced Financial Accounting, S.N.Maheswari
- 6. Advanced Financial Accounting, Paul &Kaur
- 7. Advanced Financial Accounting, B.D.Agarwal
- 8. Advanced Financial Accounting, S.P. Jain & K.L. Narang; KalyaniPublishers

# References

- 1. Study Material for CA IPCC Group I Accounting
- 2. Study Material for CA IPCC Group II AdvancedAccounting
- 3. Students Hand Book on Advanced Accounting, G.Sekar and B. SaravanaPrasath, C. Sitaraman& Co. PvtLtd;

# Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination

Section A- 6 Theory 4 Problems Section B – 3 Theory 5 Problems Section C- 1 Theory 3 Problems

# Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self -Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

# **Assessment Tools**

Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

Course Code	PG20CO102
Title of the Course	ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR
Туре	Core
Credits	3
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

## **Objective of theCourse:**

To understand human behaviour at Individual, Interpersonal, Group and Inter- Group levels and to recognise issues inherent in Organisational Change, Growth, Development andConflict.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Basic understanding about the concepts of OrganisationBehaviour.	K2	PSO 1
2	A very good understanding about Individual Behaviour, Personality and Motivation.	K2 & K5	PSO 1
3	Imparting deep understanding about Group Behaviour and Leadership related to OrganisationalBehaviour.	K2	PSO 1
4	Add the knowledge base of the leaner regarding Change Management and Deal with Stress.	K3 & K5	PSO 1
5	Impart knowledge about the role of Organisational Culture and Conflict on Organisational Behavior.	K2 & K3	PSO 1

Knowledge Levels: K2- Understanding, K3- Applying and K5- Evaluating

Module	Unit	Contents	Remarks
No.	No.		
	Mod	ule 1- Introduction to OrganisationalBehaviour	– 15 hours
	1		
		Meaning and Definition of Organisation	
		Behaviour	
	1 1	Scope	Short quastions
	1.1	Basic Concepts of OB	Short questions
		Foundations of OB	
		Challenges and Opportunities of OB.	

# Unit wise arrangement of the Course

	Data of Organia di Data i	
1	Role of OrganisationBehaviour –	
	Determinants Challenges and Opportunities of	01 (
1.2	OB	Short questions
	Contributing Disciplines	and Short essays
	Difference between Organisational Behaviour	
	and Organisation Theory	
	Models of OB: Autocratic Model, Custodial	Short questions
1.3		Short essays and
	Model	Long essays
Ν	Iodule 2- Individual Behaviour and Motivation -	– 25 hours
	Concept of Human Behaviour	
0.1	Characteristics	Short questions
2.1	Models of Man	and Short essays
	Factors influencing Individual Behaviour	
	Personality-Determinants - Personality Traits.	Short questions
2.2		Short essays and
2.2		Long essays
	Perception	
2	Process of Percention	Short questions
2.3		Short essays and
	Factors influencing Perception	Long essays
	Perceptual Errors	
	Attitudes - Values - Learning	Short questions
2.4	Process of Learning	Short essays and
	Reinforcement	Long essays
	Behaviour Modification	
	Motivation	
	Concept	Short questions
2.5	Theories or Models of Motivation	Short essays and
2.5	Need Hierarchy	Long essays and
	Theory X and Theory Y	Long Cosay
	Two Factor Theory	
	Contemporary Theories of Motivation	
	ERG	Short questions
2.6	Cognitive Evaluation	Short essays and
	Goal Setting	Long essays
	Equity-Expectancy Model	
I	Module 3- Group Behaviour and Leadership – 2	25 hours
	Transactional Analysis	Short questions
3.1	•	Short essays and
5.1	Johan while we states and the Positions	•
	Crown	Long essays
	Group	Short questions
3.2	Factors influencing Group Behaviour	Short essays and
	Norms	Long essays
	Cohesiveness	·
_	Stages of Group Development	Short questions and
3 3.3	Change Standards	Shore questions and
- 512	Group Structure Group Decision Making	Short essays

		T eams	
	3.4	Types of Teams	Short questions and
	5.4	Group Vs Teams	Short essays
		Difference between Authority and Power	
		Sources of Power	Short questions
	3.5		Short essays and
		Tactics used to gain Power	Long essays
		Status and Problems caused by Status System	
		Leadership	
		Features	Short questions
	3.6	Concepts	Short essays and
		Qualities of good leaders	Long essays
		Leadership Styles	
		Theories of Leadership	
		Behavioural Approach	Short questions
	3.7	Situational Approach	Short essays and
		Transactional and	Long essays
		Transformational Leadership	
Mod	lule 4- (	Drganisational Change, Development and Stress	Management – 15
		Hours	C
		Organisational Change	
		Organisational Change	
	4.1	Forces for Change	Short questions and
		Resistance to Change-	Short essays
		Overcoming Resistance to Change	
		Types of Change: Revolutionary and	Short questions and
	4.2	Evolutionary Change.	Short essays
			~j~
		Greiner's Five Stages of Organisational Growth	
		Organisational Development	Short questions
	4.3	Concept	Short essays and
4		OD Intervention Technique	Long essays
		Stress: Meaning	
		Types of Stress	Short questions
	4.4	Causes of Stress	Short essays and
		Consequences	Long essays
	-	Stress Management: Need	Short questions
		Techniques adopted for Stress Management in	Short questions Short essays and
	15		
	4.5	· · ·	2
		Organisations	Long essays
		· · ·	Long essays
	M	Organisations	Long essays
		Organisations odule 5- Organisational Culture and Conflict –	Long essays 10 hours
5	M	Organisations odule 5- Organisational Culture and Conflict – Concept and Determinants of Organisational Culture.	Long essays 10 hours Short questions and
5	M	Organisations odule 5- Organisational Culture and Conflict – Concept and Determinants of Organisational Culture. Conflict : Concept	Long essays 10 hours Short questions and
5	M	Organisations <b>fodule 5- Organisational Culture and Conflict</b> – Concept and Determinants of Organisational Culture. Conflict : Concept Stages in Organisational Conflict	Long essays 10 hours Short questions and Short essays
5	5.1	Organisations odule 5- Organisational Culture and Conflict – Concept and Determinants of Organisational Culture. Conflict : Concept Stages in Organisational Conflict Functional and Dysfunctional aspects of	Long essays <b>10 hours</b> Short questions and Short essays Short questions
5	M	Organisations odule 5- Organisational Culture and Conflict – Concept and Determinants of Organisational Culture. Conflict : Concept Stages in Organisational Conflict Functional and Dysfunctional aspects of Conflict	Long essays <b>10 hours</b> Short questions and Short essays Short questions Short essays and Long
5	5.1	Organisations odule 5- Organisational Culture and Conflict – Concept and Determinants of Organisational Culture. Conflict : Concept Stages in Organisational Conflict Functional and Dysfunctional aspects of	Long essays <b>10 hours</b> Short questions and Short essays Short questions

#### Suggested Assignment

- 1. Analysis of Case studies on individual and group behaviour in leadingcorporates
- 2. Evaluation of case studies on motivation and leadership inorganisation
- 3. Case study on organisational change, resistance to change and organisational culture

## **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Robbins S.P., OrganisationalBehaviour (16<sup>th</sup> Ed.),Pearson.
- 2. Dwivedi R.S., Human relations and Organizational Behaviour, MacMillainPublishers
- 3. OrganisationalBehaviour, Aswathappa, Himalaya PublishingHouse
- 4. Gupta C.B., A Text Book of OrganisationalBehaviour, S Chand & Company
- 5. Jai B.P. Sinha, Culture and Organizational Behaviour, SageIndia.
- 6. Kumar Paranit, OrganisationalBehaviour, Gen NextPublication.
- 7. King &Lawley, OrganisationalBehaviour, Oxford UniversityPress.

#### References

- 1. OrganisationalBehaviour Concepts and Cases ,Ghanekar, Anjali ,Everestpublisher
- 2. Human Relations and OrganisationalBehaviour : Global Perspective, Dwivedi R.S. Macmillan
- 3. OrganisationalBehaviour: Foundations, Theories, and Analyses, John B. Miner. Oxford UniversityPress.
- 4. Fred Luther, OrganisationalBehaviour, Pearson Education.
- 5. Sekaran Uma S, OrganisationalBehaviour, Tata McGrawHill.

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### Assessment Tools

Course Code	PG20CO103
Title of the Course	MARKETING MANAGEMENT
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

# **Objective of the course:**

To equip the students to have an overall understanding about the application areas of marketing and can identify some potential areas for research.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	The learner should have a basic understanding about concepts like Customer Centricity, CRM, Value Chain andCustomer Delight.	PSO 1, 4	
2	The learner should get a clear understanding about the Market Segmentation Process and its Applications in Marketing Strategies.	K2 & K5	PSO 1, 4
3	Develop an idea about Consumer Behaviour and its impact.	K2 & K3	PSO 1, 4
4	Good understanding about Product Line, Product Mix, Brand Equity, Brand Identity, Brand Personality and Brand Image.	K2 & K5	PSO 1, 4
5	Develop sound ideas regarding Services Marketing and Service Quality.	K2 & K3	PSO 1, 4

Knowledge Levels: K2 - Understanding, K3-Applying and K5- Evaluating

Module No.	Unit No.	Contents of the Unit	Remarks	
Module 1 Marketing Management: An Overview- 25 hours				
		Marketing: Nature and Scope Marketing Process	Short questions and Short essays	
	1.2	Marketing Mix Marketing as the Central Function of an Organization Marketing 3.0	Short questions Short essays and Long essays	

# Unit wise arrangement of the Course

1		Customer Relationship Marketing Strategies Features	
		Advantages of Customer Relationship Management	Short questions
	1.3	Relationship Marketing	Short essays and
		Difference between Relationship Orientation and	Long essays
		Transaction Orientation	
		e - CRM.	
	1 4	Customer Retention: Benefits and Strategies.	Short questions
	1.4		and Short essays
		Customer Centric Organisation	Short questions
	1.5	Features of a Customer Centric Organisation	Short essays and
		Advantages	Long essays
		Role of Marketing in Customer Retention	
		Marketing as Creating, Communicating and	
	1.6	Delivering Value	Short questions and
	1.0	Value Chain	Short essays
		Customer Delight as the end of the Value Chain	
		Marketing Environment	Short questions and
	1.7	Internal and External Environment.	Short essays and
			Long essays
N	Aodule	e 2 - Segmentation, Targeting and Product Positionin	ng- 20 hours
		Market Segmentation	Short questions
	2.1	Bases of Segmenting Consumer Markets	Short essays and
		Requirements for effective Segmentation	Long essays
		Market Targeting	Short questions
	2.2	Selecting Target Market Segments	Short essays and
2	2.2	Mass Marketing	Long essays
		Differentiated Marketing	Long Costays
		Niche Marketing	
		Micro Marketing	Short questions
	2.3	Local Marketing	and Short essays
		Customized Marketing	and bhort coodys
		Market Differentiation and Positioning	
		Value Proposition	
		Proposition Strategies: More for	Short questions
	2.4	More, More for the Same, the Same for Less, Less	and Short essays
		for Much Less and More for Less	
		Module 3- Consumer Behaviour- 10 hours	
		Consumer Market	
		Customer Behaviour	Short questions
3	3.1	Determinants of Customer Behaviour	Short essays and
5		Factors influencing Consumer Behaviour	Long essays
		Types of Buying Decision Behaviour	
		Consumer Buying Decision Process	Short questions
	3.2	Consumer Adoption Process	Short essays and
	5.2	Organizational Buying Process	Long essays
			200aj0

		Module 4- Product and Brand Management- 25 ho	urs
	4.1	Concept of Product Classification of Products Major Product Decisions- Product Line and Product Mix	Short questions and Short essays
	4.2	New Product Development Process         Product Life Cycle         Reasons for failure of New Products	Short questions Short essays and Long essays
4	4.3	Branding: Meaning and Importance Brand Building Process Advantages of a Good Brand Name Brand Value Factors affecting Brand Value	Short questions and Short essays
	4.4	Brand Equity : Definition Cost based Price based Consumer based	Short questions and Short essays
	4.5	Brand Extension: Meaning Types of Brand Extension Extension into related Category: Category related and Image related Extension to Unrelated Category Pros and Cons of Brand Extension	Short questions and Short essays
	4.6	Brand Personality Emotion Centred Definition Human Centred Definition Brand Image Brand Identity	Short questions and Short essays
	4.7	Packaging and Labelling Significance Factors to be considered while deciding the Packages Legal obligations regarding Labelling	Short questions and Short essays
		Module 5- Services Marketing- 10 hours	
	5.1	Services Marketing: Meaning and Significance Nature and Characteristics of Service Difference between Service and Products.	Short questions and Short essays
5	5.2	Services Marketing: Nature and Characteristics of Services.	Short questions and Short essays
	5.3	Service Quality Dimensions Factors affecting Service Quality Growth of Service Sector in India	Short questions Short essays and Long essays

# Suggested Assignments

- 1. Case study analysis on consumer behaviour and brandbuilding.
- 2. Make a simple study about the relationship marketing strategies adopted by organised retailestablishments.
- 3. Make a study about service quality assessment of banks, hospitalsetc.

# **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Marketing Management A South Asian Perspective, Philip Kotler, Keller Kevin, Koshy Abraham &JhaMithileshwar, PearsonEducation.
- 2. Marketing Management Global Perspective, Indian Context, Ramaswamy V.S &Namakumari S.,McMillan.
- 3. Customer Behavior: A Managerial Perspective -Jagdish N. Sheth and Banwari Mittal, , Thomson SouthWestern.
- 4. Essentials of Marketing- Paul Baines Paul, Fill Chris & Page Kell, Oxford Publication.
- 5. Brand Management the Indian Context, YLR Moorthi, Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd

# References

- 1. Customer Relationship Management Perspective from the Market Place, Simon Knox, StanMaklan, Butterworth Heinemann,
- 2. Total Relationship Marketing Evert Gummesson, Butterworth –Heinemann.
- 3. Relationship Marketing Jagdish N Sheth and AtulParvatiyar- ResponseBooks.

# Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

# **Assessment Tools**

Course Code	PG20CO104
Title of the Course	MANAGEMENT OPTIMISATION TECHNIQUES
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

# **Objective of the Course:**

To enable the students to understand various optimization models used in business decision making.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Develop theoretical understanding about various Business Optimisation Models.	K2	PSO 5
2	Ability to develop Linear Programming Models for business problems and Solve the same.	K3 & K5	PSO 5
3	Application of Linear Programming in the areas of Transportation and Assignment.	K2	PSO 5
4	Develop decision making skills under Uncertainty, Risk and Replacement of Assets.	K3 & K5	PSO 5
5	Understand and Apply Network Analysis Techniques for Project Implementation.	K2 & K3	PSO 5

Knowledge Levels: K2 - Understanding, K3-Applying and K5- Evaluating

Module	Unit	Contents of the Unit	Remarks
No.	No.		
	Module	1- Introduction to Optimisation Techniques-	7 hours
	1.1	OT: Meaning, Origin and Development Optimisation Tools: -Nature and Role of Operation Research Tools in Optimising Managerial Decisions	Theory only
1	1.2	Origin and development of OR OR and Decision Making.	Theory only

## Unit wise arrangement of the Course

1			
		Objectives of OR	
	1.3	Scope of OR	Theory only
		Applications of OR	
	1.4	Phases of OR	<b>T</b> T1 1
	1.4	O R Models - Types of OR Models	Theory only
	15	Advantages and Limitations of Optimisation	<b>T</b> 1
	1.5	Techniques.	Theory only
		Module 2- LinearProgramming – 25 ho	urs
	2.1	Meaning-Concepts-Notations-Assumptions-	<b>T</b> 1
2	2.1	Uses and Applications – Limitations.	Theory only
		Formulation-Graphical Solution.	Theory and
	2.2	Ĩ	Problems
		Simplex Method- Maximisation- Minimisation	
	2.3	Mixed Type Constraints	Theory and
	2.5	(Big M Method only)	Problems
		Special cases in Linear Programming	
	2.4	Duality	Theory and
		5	Problems
	Мо	dule 3- Transportation and Assignment Proble	ems- 20 hours
	3.1	Transportation Models Solution procedures for Transportation	Theory only
	3.2	Initial Feasible Solution.	Theory and Problems
		Optimum Solution – MODI Method only.	Theory and
3	3.3		Problems
	3.4	Multiple Optimum Solution Unbalanced Transportation Problem Degeneracy Maximisation Problem	Theory and Problems
	3.5	Assignment Model– Difference between Assignment and Transportation - Models – HungarianMethod.	Theory and Problems
	3.6	Maximisation Case Multiple Optimum Unbalanced Problems Prohibited Assignment Travelling Sales Men Problems	Problems
		Module 4- Decision Theory- 20 hours	5
	4.1	Quantitative Approach to Management Decision making Structure of Decision Making problems Types of Decision Making Criteria Elements in a Decision	Theory only

1			
	4.2	Decision making under Risk – EMV – EVPI –	Theory and
		EOL.	Problems
4	4.3	Decision making under Uncertainty – Maximin – Maximax – Minimax – Realism –	Theory and Problems
		Rationality.	Tioblems
	4.4	Decision Tree Analysis.	Theory only
	4.5	Game Theory Basic terminology Solution for Pure Strategy Game with Saddle Point Mixed Strategy Principle of Dominance Subgames	Theory and Problems
	4.6	Replacement Theory Individual Replacement and Group Replacement.	Theory and Problems
		Module 5- Network Analysis- 18hour	'S
5	5.1	Meaning and Objectives Managing Applications of Network Models Fundamental Concepts of Net Work Model Network Diagram Construction Common Errors in Network.	Theory and Short Problems
	5.2	Time estimates in Network Analysis.	Theory and Problems
	5.3	CPM - PERT Difference Advantages and Limitations Crashing	Theory and Problems

# Suggested Assignment

- 1. To construct network diagrams for smallprojects
- 2. Develop business problem situations and construct models for thesame.

### **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Operations Research; PremKumar Gupta &D.S.HiTa; S. Chand & CompanyLtd.
- 2. Operation Research, Theory and Applications; J.K. Sharma; Macmillan IndiaLtd.
- 3. Operation Research; V.K .Kapoor; Sultan Chand &Co.
- 4. Operations Research; Sarrnrna&Anmlad; Himalaya PublishingHouse
- 5. Operation Research, KanthiSwarup; Sultan Chand &Co.
- 6. Operation Research; S.D. Sharma; Kedarnath Co.
- 7. Operations Research; K.K.Chawla, Gupta & Sharma; KalyaniPublishers

#### References

- 1. Research Methodology and Operations Research; H.R. Ramanath; Himalaya PublishingHouse.
- 2. Operations Research; Natarajan, Balasubramanie&Tamilarasi; Pearson, NewDelhi.
- 3. Operation Research; Problems and Solutions, J.K. Sharma; Macmillan IndiaLtd.
- 4. Operations Research: K.Rajagopalan, PHI Learning PrivateLtd.

#### **Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination**

Section A- 7 Theory 3 Problems Section B - 3 Theory 5 Problems Section C - 4 Problems

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### **Assessment Tools**

Course Code	PG20CO105
Title of the Course	METHODOLOGY FOR SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

# **Objective of the Course:**

To enable a learner to understand properly the concepts of Research Methodology, equip them to prepare a Research Design and carry out Research in Systematic and Scientific Manner.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Develop a thorough understanding about the basic concepts of Social Science Research.	К2	PSO 3, 5
2	After completing this module, the learner should be able to formulate a Research Design.	K2 & K5	PSO 3, 5
3	After studying the Theoretical aspects of Sampling Design, the learner should be able to draw a Sampling Design.	K2	PSO 3, 5
4	Detailed knowledge about the Instrument Development, its Validation and different forms of Scaling.	К5	PSO 3, 5
5	Understand the Technique of Research Reporting.	K2 & K3	PSO 3, 5

Knowledge Levels: K2 - Understanding, K3- Applying and K5 - Evaluating

Unit wise arrangements of the Course				
Module No.	Unit No.	Unit wise Contents	Remarks	
	Moo	lule 1- Social Science Research an Introduction-	15 hours	
1	1.1	Research: Meaning, Significance and Objectives Brief history of Social Science Research Positivism and Post Positivism	Short questions	
	1.2	Types of Research Research Methods Vs Methodology	Short questions and Short essays	
	1.3	Research Process.	Short questions and Long essay	
		Module 2- Research Problem and Design- 20 he		
	2.1	Research Problem Nature Formulation of Research Problem Sources of identifying Research Problems Techniques involved in Defining a Problem	Short questions Short essays and Long essays	
	2.2	Review of Literature Need for Review Identifying Research Gaps	Short questions and Short essays	
2	2.3	Research Design: Meaning and Need Types of Research Design Features of a Good Design	Short questions Short essays and Long essays	
2	2.4	Designs for Exploratory Research Design for Descriptive Research Experimental Designs.	Short questions and Short essays	
	2.5	Variables:Dependent, Independent, Extraneous Variables, Moderating Variable, Intervening Variable and Dichotomous Variable	Short questions Short essays and Long essays	
	2.6	Research Proposal Research Hypothesis Sources of Hypotheses Types of Hypotheses	Short questions and Short essays	
		Module 3- Sampling Design- 15 hours	I	
3	3.1	Census and Sample Survey Meaning and Definition of Sampling Design Sample Frame Adequacy of Sample Size	Short questions Short essays and Long essays	

Unit wis	e arrangeme	nts of th	e Course
	i an angunu	1115 UI UII	c Course

		Short questions,
3.2		Short essays and
		Long essays
		Short questions
33	Case Study Designs	Short essays and
5.5	Case Study Protocol	Long essays
	Pilot Study	<b>C</b>
Mo		ion- 25
	F	Short questions,
4 1		· ·
4.1	•1	Short essays and
		Long essays
		Short questions,
4.2	1	Short essays and
		Long essays
	<b>▲</b>	Short questions,
4.3		short essays and
	Nominal - Interval - Ordinal – Ratio	Long essays
	Different Types of Scales : Rating Scale,	Short questions
4.4	Numerical Scale, Graphic Scale, Attitude Scale	Short essays and
	and Likert Response Scale.	Long essays
	1 1	
	•	Short questions
4.5	•	and Short essays
		und Short Cobuys
	•	
16		Short questions
4.0		and Short essays
	-	
	•	
	(Brief study only)	
	Internal Consistency Reliability	
	÷	
	e e	Short questions
4.7	Split Half Method	and Short essays
	Split Hall Method	and Short essays
	Cronhooh Almho	
	Cronbach Alpha	
	Cronbach Alpha ( <b>Brief study only</b> )	
Mo	1	5 hours
Mo	(Brief study only) dule 5- Interpretation and Research Reporting- 15	5 hours
	(Brief study only) dule 5- Interpretation and Research Reporting- 15 Analysis and Interpretation: Meaning and Need	
<b>Mo</b>	(Brief study only) dule 5- Interpretation and Research Reporting- 15	5 hours Short questions and Short essays
	4.1 4.2 4.3	Non Random Sampling         Case Study as a Research Strategy         Case Study Designs         Case Study Protocol         Pilot Study         Module 4- Instrument Development and Data Collect         hours         4.1         Types of Data         Methods of Data Collection         Instrument Development         4.2         Components of anInstrument         Steps in the Instrument Construction Process         Concept of Measurement         A.3         Level of measurement         Nominal - Interval - Ordinal – Ratio         Different Types of Scales : Rating Scale,         A.4         Numerical Scale, Graphic Scale, Attitude Scale         and Likert Response Scale.         Concept of Validity and Reliability         Face Validity         Content validity         Content validity         Content validity         Content validity         (Brief Study Only)         Internal Consistency and Reliability         Methods for establishing evidence for Reliability         Eye Balling         Percentage and Proportion of Agreement         4.6         Approaches using a Statistical Test of Correlation

Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

5	5.2	Significance and Characteristics of a good Research Report Steps in Report Writing Layout of Research Report Types of Report.	Short questions Shortessays and Longessays
	5.3	Citing references using APA style Plagiarism Consequences of Plagiarism	Short questions and Short essays

## Suggested Assignments

- 1. Prepare a research proposal on the topic suggested by theteacher
- 2. Prepare a research instrument on a research topic suggested by the teacher, collect data from a small sample and test the reliability of theinstrument

## **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, C R Kothari, New Age InternationalPublications
- 2. Statistical Methods for Research, Prof. K. Kalyanaraman, Prentice Hall Pvt.Ltd
- 3. Research Methodology in Social Sciences, O R Krishnaswamy, Himalaya Publishing House
- 4. Business Research Methodology, Sashi K Gupta &PraneetRangi, KalyaniPublishers
- 5. Research Methodology, R. Paneerselvam, Prentice Hall ofIndia

# References

- 1. Tests, Measurements and Research Methods in Behavioural Science, A K Singh, BharathBhawan Publishers andDistributors.
- 2. Research in Education, John W Best and James V Kahn ,Pearson education
- 3. Designing and Constructing Instruments for Social Research and Evaluation, David Colton and Robert W. Covert, John Wiley &Sons.Inc

## Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

## **Assessment Tools**

# **SECOND SEMESTER COURSES**

Course Code	PG20CO206
Title of the Course	ADVANCED CORPORATE ACCOUNTING
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

# **Objective of the Course:**

To equip the learner to understand the higher-level applications of accounting in corporate sector and recent developments.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	The learner should be able to prepare Consolidated Financial Statements of group companies.	К3	PSO 2
2	Preparation of the Financial Statements of Public Utility Companies and deal with the disposal of Surplus.	К3	PSO 2
3	Develop and awareness on the procedure of bankruptcy under the recent Bankruptcy Procedure Code.	K2	PSO 2
4	Familiarising the learner with the accounting procedures of Liquidation of Companies and preparation of various statements required as per the Companies Act.	K5	PSO 2
5	Basic understanding about the preparation of accounts of some special lines of businesses like shipping, hospitals and hotels.	K2 & K3	PSO 2

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding, K3-Applying and K5-Evaluating

Unit wise arrangements of the Course				
Module	Unit	Unit-wise Contents	Remarks	
No.	No.	A shale 1. A second a shift of the other second sec		
	N	Iodule 1- Accounts of Holding Companies- 27hou	rs	
		Concept of Holding Company, Subsidiary		
		Company		
	1.1	Consolidated Financial Statements	Theory only	
1	1.1	Need for Consolidation	Theory only	
		Documents to be filed along with Consolidated		
		Financial Statements		
		Minority Interest		
	1.2	Cost of Control	Theory and	
		Pre-acquisition and Post-acquisition	Short problems	
		Elimination of Unrealized Profit.		
		Accounting treatment of Dividend declaration by		
	1.2	Subsidiary Company	Theory and	
	1.3	Issue of Bonus Shares	Short problems	
		Contingent Liabilities	-	
		Revaluation of Assets and Liabilities		
	1.4	Preparation of Consolidated Balance Sheet	Problems	
	1.4	Cross Holding	Problems	
	Modu	le 2- Accounts of Public Utility Undertakings- 20	hours	
		Double Account System		
		Features		
		Difference between Double Account and Single		
	2.1	Accounts	Theory only	
		Advantages and Dis-advantages of the Double		
2		Accounts		
_	2.2	Final Accounts of Electricity Concerns	Problems	
		Reserves to be created by Electricity Companies	Theory	
	2.2	Computation of Reasonable Return and	and	
	2.3	Clear Profit and	Short	
		Disposal of Surplus of Electricity Companies	Problems	
		Meaning of Replacement	Theory	
	2.4	Practical problems on Replacement of Assets	and	
			Problems	
		Module 3- Bankruptcy Code 2016- 10 hours		
		Institutional framework under the Code		
	3.1	Adjudicating Authorities	Theory	
	5.1	Theory		
		its Scope and Functions		
		Insolvency Professional Agencies and Role		
3	3.2	Insolvency Professionals	Theory	
		Resolution Process under the Code		

Unit wis	e arrangen	nents of	the	Course
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	Companya Incolor Developing D	]
3.3		Theory
		,
	Bankruptcy Order	
	Module 4- Liquidation of Companies- 18hours	
	Liquidation: Meaning	
4.1		Theory
4.2	Contributories – List A and List B Contributories	Theory and
4.2		Problems
	Statement of Affairs- Preparation	Theory
4.3		and
		Problems
	Order of payment of liabilities in Winding Up	Theory
1.4	Preferential payments in the course of Winding Up	and
4.4	Provisions regarding the Priority of Preferential	and Problems
	Payments over Other Debts	Problems
	Liquidator's Final Statement of Accounts -	Theory
4.5	Liquidators Remuneration.	and
		Problems
Mo	dule 5- Accounting for Specialised Businesses- 15 h	ours
	Voyage Accounts : Meaning and Purpose	
5.1		Theory only
5.2	Preparation of Voyage Accounts.	Problems only
	Accounting for Hotels	Theory
5 2		and
5.5		Simple
		Problems
5 /	Accounting for Underwriters	Theory and
5.4		Problems
	4.1 4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 <b>Mo</b> 5.1	Order of Priority of Debt         Voluntary Liquidation         Bankruptcy Order         Module 4- Liquidation of Companies- 18hours         4.1         Modes of Liquidation         Legal Procedures for Liquidation         4.2         Contributories – List A and List B Contributories         4.3         Statement of Affairs- Preparation         4.4         Preferential payments in the course of Winding Up         Preferential payments in the course of Winding Up         Provisions regarding the Priority of Preferential         Payments over Other Debts         Liquidator's Final Statement of Accounts –         Liquidators Remuneration.         Module 5- Accounting for Specialised Businesses- 15 h         Voyage Accounts : Meaning and Purpose         5.1       Basic Concepts of Voyage Accounts         Treatment of Incomplete Voyage         5.2       Preparation of Voyage Accounts.         Accounting for Hotels       5.3

## Suggested Assignment

- 1. Assignment on the real case history of companies gone through insolvency procedure in India.
- 2. Develop an accounting system for smallhotels

# **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Corporate Accounting, A. Mukharjee and M. Hanif, TATA McGraw HillCo
- 2. Advanced accountancy, Arulanandam& Raman, Himalya PublishingHouse
- 3. Fundamentals of Financial accounting, Nassem Ahmed, Ane books Pvt, Limited
- 4. Advanced Financial Accounting, R.L. Gupta & Radhaswami, Sultan ChandCO;
- 5. Advanced Financial Accounting, S.N.Maheswari

- 6. Advanced Financial Accounting, Paul &Kaur
- 7. Advanced Financial Accounting, S.P. Jain & K.L. Narang; KalyaniPublishers

## References

- 1. Study Material for CA IPCC Group I Accounting
- 2. Study Material for CA IPCC Group II AdvancedAccounting
- StudentsHandBookonAdvancedAccounting,G.SekarandB.SaravanaPrasath,
   C. Sitaraman& Co. Pvt Ltd;
- 4. Advanced Financial Accounting, B.D.Agarwal

#### Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination

Section A - 6 Theory 4 Problems Section B - 3 Theory 5 Problems

Section C - 1 Theory 3 Problems

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### **Assessment Tools**

Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

Course Code	PG20CO207
Title of the Course	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT
Туре	Core
Credits	3
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

# **Objectives of the Course:**

To give an overview as to how an organisation identifies requirements of human resources, how it acquires, rewards, develops, motivates and manages people effectively and also provides an insight into the developments taking place in the field of Human Resource Management.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Acquaintance with basic concepts of HRM and Performance Appraisal.	K2	PSO1
2	Understanding About Human Resource Development, Stress Management and Work Life Management.	K2	PSO1
3	High Level Knowledge about Various Aspects of Training.	K2	PSO1
4	Understanding about various Aspects of Industrial Relations so as to Evaluate thereal casesf Industrial Relations.	K5	PSO1
5	Understanding About HR Outsourcing HR Accounting and HR Audit.	K2	PSO1

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding and K5-Evaluating

Unit	wise	arrangements	of the	Course
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Module	Unit	Contents	Remarks
No.	No.		
	Mo	dule 1- Human Resource Management – 20 ho	ours
		Human Resource Management Nature, Scope and Functions Role and Status of HR Manager	Short questions, Short essays
	1 ')	HR Policies Need and Importance	Short questions, Short essays

1			
1		Types of Policies	
		Formulation of Policies	
		HR Planning Process	Short questions,
	1.0	Objectives, Need and Importance	Short essays
	1.3	Levels of HR Planning	and
		Problems of HRP	Long essays
		Job Analysis	
		Objectives, Process and Techniques	Short questions,
	1.4	•	Short essays
	1.4	Job description and Specification	and
		Job Design	Long essays
		Methods	20118 000 4 90
		Recruitment	Short questions,
	1.5	Sources and Techniques	Short essays and
	1.5	Selection	•
		Steps	Long essay
		Placement	
	1.0	Concept	Short questions,
	1.6	Induction	Short essays
		Objectives	
	N	Aodule 2- Human Resource Development- 18h	ours
	1		
		Concept of HRD: Objectives, Mechanisms	Short questions,
	2.1	and Assumptions of HRD	Short essays
		HRM Vs. HRD	Short essays
	2.2	Qualities of an HRD Manager	Short questions,
•	2.2	Principles of HRD	Short essays
2		Employee Counselling: Need, Concepts,	
		Forms and Steps	<b>C1</b>
	2.3	Human Capital	Short questions,
	-10	Emotional Quotient	Short essays
		Mentoring	
		Impact of TQM	Short questions,
		1 .	-
	2.4	Quality Circles	Short essays
		Kaizen on HRM	and
			Long essays
		Module 3- Training and Development -17 ho	urs
		Concept of Training	
		Need and Importance	Short questions,
	3.1	Organisation and Management of Training	Short essays
		Function	Short Obbuyb
			Short quastions
		Training Methods and Techniques	Short questions,
3	3.2	Attitudinal Training	Short essays
-			and Long
			essays
		Technical Training	Short questions,
	2.2	Training for Creativity and Problem Solving	Short essays
	3.3	Training for Management Change	and
		Training for Productivity	Long essays
	1		

	3.4	Role, Responsibilities and Challenges to Training Managers and Employees	Short questions, Short essays
Μ	odule 4-	Performance Appraisal and Industrial Relation	ns – 20 hours
	4.1	Performance Appraisal Significance Methods or Techniques of Performance Appraisal	Short questions, Short essays and Long Essays
4	4.2	Job Evaluation Objectives and Process Limitations	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
	4.3	Promotion and Demotions Transfer Separations Resignation Discharge Dismissal Suspension Retrenchment	Short questions, Short essays
	4.4	Lay Off Industrial Relations Compensation Grievance: Meaning and Causes of Grievance	Short questions, Short essays
	4.5	Importance Of Grievance Handling Procedure of Grievance Handling Hot Stove Rule Code of Discipline	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
	4.6	Employee Participation in Management Techniques Sweat Equity Scheme	Short questions, Short essays
Mo	dule 5- I	IR Outsourcing, Records, Accounting and Au	dit – 15 hours
5	5.1	HR Outsourcing Legal Requirements Contractor's Liabilities Liabilities of the Company towards Contractor's Labourers	Short questions, Short essays
	5.2	H R Records and Reports Significance Types	Short questions, Short essays
	5.3	Human Resource Accounting Meaning Significance Approaches to HR Accounting ( <b>Theory Only</b> ).	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
	5.4	HR Appraisal and Audit Concept, Scope, Methods and Importance	Short questions, Short essays

## **Suggested Assignments**

- 1. Evaluation of real life case studies related to employee participation in management, employee grievanceredressal.
- 2. Make a report on the history sweat equity issues made by companies inIndia.
- 3. Evaluation of case studies of companies adopted Kaizen technique, Quality circle and TQM.

#### **Recommended Text Books:**

- 1. Human Resource Management, Gupta, C.B.: Chand and Sons.
- 2. Aswathappa K., Human Resource and Personnel Management; Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi,1997.
- 3. Human resource Management, L M Prasad, SultanChand.
- 4. Human resource Management- Text and Cases, S S Khanka, SChand.
- 5. Human Resource Management, Sashi K Gupta and Rosy Joshi, KalyaniPublishers.
- 6. Human Resource Management, D N Venkatesh, P Jyothi, Oxford UniversityPress.
- 7. Human Resource Management, Uday Kumar Haldar, JuthicaSarkar, Oxford UniversityPress.

#### References

- 1. International Human resource Management P Subbarao, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Human Resource Management -Text and Cases- V S P Rao, ExcelPublishers.
- 3. Introduction to International Human Resource Management, Eileen Crawley, Stephen Swailes and David Walsh, Oxford UniversityPress.
- 4. Strategy Human Resource Management, AgarwalaTanuja, Oxford University Press.

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### **Assessment Tools**

Course Code	PG20CO208
Title of the Course	INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS AND FINANCE
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

## **Objectives of the Course:**

To give a broader picture of different aspects of international trade and monetary systems and the operation of firms in an international environment

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Familiarisation with Globalisation, Internationalisation of Business and the International Business Environment.	K2	PSO1, 4
2	Understanding about Theories of International Trade, Trade Barriers and Trade Blocks.	K2	PSO1, 4
3	Imparting idea about various Economic Institutions related to International Trade.	K2	PSO1, 4
4	Achieve high level knowledge about various aspects Of International Monetary System.	K2 & K5	PSO1, 4
5	Develop an understanding about the International Investment Environment.	K2	PSO1, 4

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding and K5-Evaluating

Module	Unit	Contents of the Units	Remarks
No.	No.	Module 1: Basics of International Business- 18	hours
		Would 1. Dasks of International Dusiness- 101	10015
	1.1	Globalisation Components of Globalisation Drivers	Short questions,
		Advantages and Disadvantages Linkage	Short essays
		between IB and Globalization	and Long essays
	1.2	Meaning, Nature and Importance of International Business Difference Between Domestic and International Business Motives of Internationalisation Challenges of International Business Ethical Issues in International Business	Short questions, Short essays
	1.3	Foreign Market Entry Strategies Modes of entering Foreign Markets	Short questions,
1		All Modes and its Analysis	Short essays and Long essays
	1.4	EPRG Framework Stages in Internationalisation Domestic Company toTransnational Confederation MNCs inIndia.	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
	1.5	Meaning of International Business Environment Domestic Environment Foreign Environment Global Environment: All Components viz, Economic, Social, Technological, etc.	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
	Module 2: International Trade- 18 hours		
	2.1	Basis of International Trade Types of Trade Terms of Trade Various Concepts and Importance of terms of Trade	Short questions, Short essays
2	2.2	International Trade Theories Mercantilism Classical Theories New International Trade Theories	Short questions, Short essays

Unit wise	arrangement	of	the	Course

ı			
	2.3	Trade Strategies Free Trade and Protection Trade Barriers and its Impact Salient Features of Foreign Trade Policy (Latest) Recent trends in India's Foreign Trade	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
	2.4	Regional Economic Integration Types of Trade Blocks Preferential Trade Area Customs Union	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
	2.5	Common Market: EU Brexit NAFTA OPEC ASEAN SAARC MERCOSUR Pacific Alliance RCEP	Short questions, Short essays
		Module 3: International Economic Institutions	- 18 hours
	3.1	International Monetary Fund: Need for IMF Objectives Functions Resources International liquidity SDR	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
3	3.2	World Bank, IBRD, IDA, IFC, MIGA, ICSID, ADB, UNCTAD, New Development Bank	Short questions, Short essays
	3.3	World Trade Organisation Multilateral Trade Agreements GATT Uruguay Round WTO:Organisation structure and WTO agreements TRIPS TRIMS-GATS AoA-AMS	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays
	3.4	Dumping Antidumping measures Dispute settlement mechanism in WTO Impact of WTO on India Ministerial Conferences of WTO	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays

	Module 4: International Monetary System- 18 hours				
4	4.1	Meaning of International Monetary System and PlayersForeignExchangeMarket:Functions, Participants and DealingsExchange Rate Quotations Foreign Currency Accounts Nostro-Vostro-Loro.	Short questions, Short essays		
	4.2	Evolution of International Monetary System Exchange Rate Systems Fixed and FloatingSystems	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays		
	4.3	Different types of Foreign Exchange Exposures and its Management.	Short questions, Short essays		
	4.4	Foreign Exchange Rate Theories Mint Parity Theory Purchasing Power Parity Theory (Absolute and Relative Version) Balanceof Payment Theory Interest Rate Theories Fisher Effect International Fisher effect	Short questions , Short essays and Long essays		
	4.5	Methods of effecting International Payments	Short questions, Short essays		
	4.6	Balance of Payment Format of India's BoP Disequilibrium-Causes and Corrections Currency Convertibility Current Account Convertibility Capital Account Convertibility Currency Convertibility in India	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays		
		Module 5: International Investments- 18	5 hours		
	5.1	ODA and related terms	Short questions, Short essays		
5	5.2	FDI and Types Cost-Benefit Analysis FDI Policy of India ( <b>Latest</b> ) Institutional framework of decision making Hurdles of FDI in the Post Reform Period and Remedial Measures FDI routes	Short questions, Short essays		
	5.3	FPI-FII-ADR-GDR-ECBs-FCBs	Short questions, Short essays and Long essays		
	5.4	Country Risk Analysis : Need and Importance Steps in Country Risk Analysis	Short questions, Short essays		

- An Indian pharmaceutical company wants to enter into a foreign market. Prepare a business report in which you are analysing the various steps for the internationalisation.
- 2. Make a detailed report on India's Balance of Payment for the last 5 years to understand changes in current account, capital account and officialreserves.
- 3. Select a currency and 5 banks on a given day. Get exchange rates for the currency from the 5 banks and find out the reasons for variations in rates. Check whether there exists any arbitrageopportunity.
- 4. Find out T-bill yields in India and USA. Also find out the forward rates of the US dollar from any bank for one month and three month. Assign reasons for divergence of forward rates from interest rate parity, ifany.
- 5. Identify 10 major firms that have major imports and exports and examine their statement of profit and loss to know the gains/losses on fluctuations of foreign exchange.
- 6. Prepare a list of important international tradedocuments.

#### Suggested Text Books

- 1. International Financial Management, Apte P.G, Tata McGraw Hill Ltd.
- 2. International Business, Aswathappa, K Tata McGraw-Hill Ltd.
- 3. International Business, Bhalla, V.K , S. Chand & Company Pvt.Ltd.
- 4. International Business, Charles. W. L Hill, Tata McGraw-HillLtd
- 5. International Business Text and Cases, Francis Cherunilam , *PHILearning*.
- 6. Global Strategy Management, Douglass S., S. Craig, McGraw-Hill, Inc., USA
- 7. International Financial Management, Jeff Madura, *Cengage Learning*.
- 8. International Marketing- Text and Cases, Justin Paul, Tata McGraw HillLtd.
- 9. Fundamentals of International Financial Management, *PHILearning*.
- 10. International Business, Rakesh Mohan Joshi, Oxford UniversityPress
- 11. International Financial Management, Sharan, V., PHILearning
- 12. International Business- Text and Cases, SubbaRao, P., *Himalaya Publishing House*.
- 13. International Business, SumatiVerma, Pearson Education IndiaLtd.

# Reference

- *1.* PaymentSystemsinIndia:Vision2012-2015,Publishedby*ReserveBankofIndia* in 2012.
- 2. FDI Policy of India, Ministry of Commerce, Government ofIndia
- *3.* Various issues of \_India and the WTO' monthly bulletin published by the *Ministry of Commerce, Government ofIndia.*
- 4. Foreign Trade Policy of India

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### **Assessment Tools**

Course Code	PG20CO209
Title of the Course	QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

# **Objectives of the Course:**

To impart proficient knowledge in the application of Quantitative Techniques for Social Science Research.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	This course intends to give understanding about the applications of Quantitative Techniques.	K2	PSO 3, 5
2	This course intends to give understanding about the applications of Quantitative Techniques.	K2	PSO 3, 5
3	After learning this course, the student should be in a position to identify appropriate parametric test for testing the hypotheses.	K3	PSO 3, 5
4	The learner should be equipped with the skills to identify the most suitable non parametric test for testing a hypothesis.	K3 & K5	PSO 3, 5
5	The learner should be equipped with the skills to apply the principles of SQC	K2	PSO 3, 5

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding, K3-Applying and K5-Evaluating

# Unit-wise Arrangement of the Course

Module	Unit	Contents	Remarks
No.	No.		
Module	1- Intro	duction to Quantitative Techniques and Probability	Distributions
		– <b>20 hours</b>	
		Quantitative Techniques	
		Meaning	
	1.1	Classification	Theory
	1.1	Application of QT in Business, Industry And	Theory
		Management	
		Merits and Limitations of QT	
1		Probability Distributions	Theory and
	1.2	Binomial Distribution	Theory and Problems
		Features	FIODIEIIIS

1			
		Assumptions	
		Constants	
		Problems	
		Fitting of Distribution	
		Poisson Distribution	
		Characteristics	
	1.3	Assumptions	Theory and
	1.5	Constants	Problems
		Usefulness	
		Fitting	
		Normal Distribution	
		Characteristics	
	1.4	Importance	Theory
		Standard Normal Curve	5
		Properties of Standard Normal Curve	
		Measurement of probability based on area under	
		Standard Normal Curve	
	1.5	Fitting of Normal Distribution	Problems
	1.0	Normal approximation to Binomial and	rioorems
		Poisson Distribution	
		Module 2- Statistical Inference – 30 hours	
		Sampling and Non-Sampling Errors	
		Statistic and Parameter	
		Sampling Distributio-	
	2.1	Standard Error	Theory
		Central Limit Theorem	
		Theory of Estimation	
		Point Estimate	
		Interval Estimate	
	2.2	Statistical Inference	
2	2.2	Test of Hypotheses	Theory
-		Procedure	
		Type 1 Error and Type II Error	
		Type I Entor and Type II Entor	
		Parametric Tests	
		Z Test: Features	
		Conditions to be satisfied application of Z Test	Theory and
	2.3	Test for Means	Problems
		Test for Standard Deviation	Tiooromis
		t Test: Characteristic, Conditions and Utility	Theory or 1
	2.4	t Test for Means	Theory and
			Problems
	2.5	Test for Proportions	Theory and
	2.3	Paired t Test	Problems
		Testing the significance for Correlation Coefficient	Theory and
	2.6	Z Transformation	Problems
			1100101113

	2.7	Confidence Limit for Mean and Proportion	Theory and Problems
	2.8	F test and Applications	Theory and Problems
	2.9	Analysis of Variance Applications Conditions to be satisfied One Way and Two Way ANOVA	Theory and Problems
		Module 3- Non- Parametric Tests – 20 hours	
3	3.1	Non Parametric Tests: Meaning and Applications Chi Square Test: Applications Goodness of Fit Independence of Attributes Homogeneity Population Variance	Theory and Problems
	3.2	Sign Test : Applications One Sample Sign Test Paired Sample Sign Test.	Theory and Problems
	3.3	Run Test Mann Whitney U Test Kruskal Wallis H Test	Theory and Simple Problems
		Module 4- Statistical Quality Control – 12 hours	
	4.1	SQC: Meaning , Scope and Applications Advantages and Limitations Techniques of SQC Types of Control	Theory
4	4.2	Control Charts for Variables X Chart R Chart	Theory and Problems
	4.3	Control Chart for Attributes p Chart, np Chart and c Chart.	Theory and Problems
	4.4	Sampling Inspection Plan Types Producer Risk and Consumer Risk	Theory only
Μ	odule 5	– Introduction to Multivariate Analysis – 8 hours	
	5.1	Multi-Variate Analysis Meaning and Objectives Variables in Multi Variate Analysis	Theory only
5	5.2	Important Multivariate Techniques- ( <b>Overview and</b> <b>Theory only</b> ) Multiple Regression Multiple Discriminant Analysis MANOVA Factor Analysis	Theory only

- 1. Review the analysis chapter of a thesis selected from MGU e-thesis (www.mgutheses.in) portal and make a report of analysis based on statistical tools applied.
- 2. Suggest some real cases suitable for doing sign test or run test related to capital market for making areport.

# **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Statistical Methods by Gupta S P -Sultan Chand and Sons, NewDelhi.
- 2. Fundamentals of Statistics by Gupta, S.C. Himalaya PublishingHouse.
- 3. Fundamentals of Statistics by Elhance D N- KitabMahalPublications.
- 4. Quantitative Techniques- DigambarPatri and D N Patri, KalyaniPublishers.
- 5. Fundamentals of Business Statistics by Sharma J K Pearson EducationIndia.
- 6. Basic Statistics by Agrawal B.L. -New Age International Publishers.
- 7. Business Statistics by Sharma J K, Pearson EducationIndia.

# **References:**

- 1. Statistics for Management by Levin, Richard and David S. Rubin-Prentice Hall of India. And Williams.
- 2. Complete Business Statistics by Amir D Aczel and JayavelSounderpandian, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Statistics for Business and Economics by Anderson, Sweeney, CengageLearning.

# Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination

Section A- 5 Theory 5Problems Section B - 3 Theory 5Problems Section C - 4 Problems

# Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

# Assessment Tools

Course Code	PG20CO210
Title of the Course	STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	5 per week and Total 90

# **Objective of the Course:**

To provide an awareness regarding various types of strategies and applications of same along with strategic formulation, implementation and evaluation.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Strong understanding about the theoretical foundations of Strategic Management.	K2	PSO 1
2	Clear understanding about various models of Environmental and Internal Analysis.	K2	PSO 1
3	Development of an idea about thestrategy formulation process at the CorporateLevel.	K2	PSO 1
4	Familiarization with various Tools Strategic Planning and Evaluation.	K5	PSO 1
5	Understanding about the modes of implementation and control of strategies.	K2	PSO 1

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding and K5-Evaluating

# Unit-wise Arrangement of the Course

Module	Remarks			
No.	No.			
Mod	ule 1- Ir	troduction to Strategic Management and Corpor	ate Strategic	
	Planning- 18 hours			
		Business Policy : Meaning and Importance		
	1.1	Essentials of a Good Policy	Short questions	
	1.1	Types of Policy	Short essays	

		1
	Strategy- Meaning, Definition, Importance and	
	Features	
1 2	Strategy Vs Policy	Short questions
1.2	Strategic Management	Short essays
	Importance of Strategic Management	
	Mission and Vision of the firm	G1 / /
	Need for Mission and Vision Statement	Short questions
1.3	Goals andObjectives	Short essays and
	5	Long essays
		Short questions
		Short essays and
1.4		Long essays
	Strategic Planning Process	20118 00000000
2- Env	vironment Analysis & Internal Analysis of Firm-	22 hours
	1	
	Situational Analysis and Strategic Analysis	Short questions
2.1	General Environment Scanning	Short essays and
	Competitive & Environment Analysis	Long essays
	PEST Analysis - Michael Porter's Five Forces	Short questions
2.2	Model	Short essays and
		Long essays
	Assessing Internal Environment through	Short questions
2.3		Short essays and
		Long essays
	Identifying Critical Success Factors	Short questions
2.4		Short essays and
	SWOT Audit.	Long essays
	Industry Analysis: Meaning and Need TOWS	Short questions
2.5	Matrix.	and
		Short essays
	Core Competence – Scenario Planning.	Short questions
2.6		and
		Short essays
	Module 3- Strategic Formulation- 22hours	
	Studenic Francisci - P	01 (
2 1	0	Short questions
5.1		Short essays and
		Long essays
		Short questions
3.2	-	Short essays and
		Long essays
		Short questions
33	Strategic Alternatives at Corporate Level	Short essays and
	Grand Strategies	-
5.5	-	ONG ACCOVE
5.5	Generic Strategies	Long essays
	-	Long essays Short questions
3.4	Generic Strategies	
	1.4 2- Env 2.1 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5	Features         1.2       Strategy Vs Policy         Strategic Management       Importance of Strategic Management         Mission and Vision of the firm       Need for Mission and Vision Statement         Goals andObjectives       Hierarchal Levels of Planning         1.4       Strategic Planning         Strategic Planning       Strategic Planning         2.4       Strategic Planning Process         2.5       Situational Analysis & Internal Analysis of Firm-         2.1       Situational Analysis and Strategic Analysis         General Environment Scanning       Competitive &Environment Analysis         PEST Analysis - Michael Porter's Five Forces       Model         2.2       Model       Model         2.3       Functional Approach and Value Chain         1.4       Identifying Critical Success Factors         Identifying Critical Success Factors       Identification of Strengths & Weaknesses         SWOT Audit.       Industry Analysis: Meaning and Need TOWS         2.5       Module 3- Strategic Formulation- 22hours         3.1       Basic Principles         Modes of Strategic Formulation       Types of Strategic Formulation         3.2       Business Level and Corporate Level         Strategic Alternatives at Corporate Level       Strategic Alternati

	Re engineering and Integration 3.5	Short questions and Short essays
M	odule 4- Tools of Strategy Planning and Evaluation- 1	
4	4.1 Competitive Cost Dynamics Experience Curve Cash Flow Implication	Short questions and Short essays
	4.2 <i>IA-BSmatrix-</i> A.D. Little's Life-cycle Approach to Strategic Planning.	Short questions and Short essays
	4.3 Business Portfolio Balancing Assessment of economic contribution of strategy Strategic Funds Programming.	y Short questions and Short essays
	Module 5- Strategy Implementation & Control- 1	6 hours
	Inter-relationship between Strategy Formulation and Implementation 5.1 Issues in Strategic Implementation VariousApproaches to implementation of strategy	Short questions Short essays and Long essays
5	Matching organisation structure with Strategy 5.2 7S Model	Short questions Short essays and Long essays
	5.3 Strategic Change 5.3 Strategic Control Process Types of Strategic Control	Short questions Short essays and Long essays
	Du Pont's Control Model 5.4 Balanced Score Card Future of Strategic Management.	Short questions and Short essays

- 1. Case study on strategic managementissues.
- 2. Comparison of strategies followed by Indian companies in varioussituations.

# **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Business Policy and Strategic Management, SubhaRao Himalaya Publishing House,Mumbai.
- 2. Cases in Strategic Management, Budhiraja, S.B. and M.B. Athreya Tata McGraw Hill, NewDelhi.
- 3. Strategic Management, Francis Cherunilam, Himalaya PublishingHouse.
- 4. Text book of Strategic Management, U.C. Mathur, Macmillain Indialimited.
- 5. Strategic Management- C N Sontakki- KalyaniPublishers.

#### References

- 1. Michal, E Porter: The Competitive Advantage of Nations, Macmillan, NewDelhi
- 2. Study Material of CAIPCC.
- 3. David Fred R, Strategic Management, Prentice Hall, NewJersey.

### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### **Assessment Tools**

# **THIRD SEMESTER COURSES**

Course Code	PG20CO311
Title of the Course	STRATEGIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT
Туре	Core
Credits	5
Hours	6 per week and Total 108

# **Objectives of the Course:**

To apply financial management concepts and theories for strategic financial management decision making.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Learn the theoretical foundations of Financial Management and Financial Management Decisions.	K1 & K2	PSO 4
2	Evaluate the feasibility of different options regarding Discount, Credit Period, Storage Cost etc related to Current Assets and Current Liabilities and Estimate Working Capital Requirements.	K3 & K5	PSO 4
3	Evaluate long term proposals and evaluate the risk associated with Long Term Investment.	K3 & K5	PSO 4
4	Evaluate the decisions regarding leasing of Capital Assets.	K3 & K5	PSO 4
5	Evaluate and Compare the performance of Business Entities.	K3 & K5	PSO 4

**Knowledge Levels: K1-Remembering, K2-Understanding, K3-Applying and K5-Evaluating** 

Unit wise Arrangement of the Course			
Module No.	Unit No.	Contents of the Unit	Remarks
		dule 1: Financial Management Decisions- 28 hour	'S
			1
	1.1	Decisions in Financial Management: Financing Decisions, Investing Decisions andDividend Decisions	Theory
	1.2	Capital Structure Factors determining Capital Structure Theories Relevant School and Irrelevant School Optimum Capital Structure	Theory and Problems
1	1.3	EBIT-EPS Analysis Points of Indifference	Theoryand Problems
	1.4	Leverage Financial Leverage Operating Leverage Combined Leverage Practical problems involving Leverage	Theory and Problems
	1.5	Dividend decisions: Walter's Model, Gordon Model and MM Approach to Dividend Dividend policies of companies	Theory and Problems
	Moo	dule 2: Management of Working Capital- 25 hour	'S
	2.1	Management of Working Capital Liquidity and Profitability Working Capital Financing Decisions The Working Capital Cycle Effectiveness of working capital based on its Operating and Cash Conversion Cycles (Including practical problems in all possible areas)	Theory and Problems
2	2.2	Cash Management Objectives of holding Cash Strategies for Cash Management Cash Management Models Management of Marketable Securities	Theory
	2.3	Debtors ManagementCredit Policy DecisionsDetermination of Credit Period and Rate ofDiscount under different circumstancesAgeing ScheduleCollection PolicyImpact of different Collection Policies on cashposition and profitabilityManagement of AccountsPayable	Theory

U	nit wise	Arrangement	of	the	Course

	1	Inventory Monogonant	
		Inventory Management	
	2.4	Inventory Management Techniques	Theory
		Impact of change in Purchase Quantity on Cost	-
		and Profitability	<b>T</b> T1 1
	2.5	Practical problems related to Cash, Debtors,	Theoryand
	Madula	Creditors and Inventory.	Problems
	3.1	<b>3: Long Term Capital Investment Decisions- 25 ho</b> Capital Budgeting : Objectives and Significance	Theory
	5.1		Theory
	2.2	Methods of Investment Appraisal: Pay-Back	Theory and
	3.2	Period, Discounted Payback Period and	Problems
		Accounting Rate of Discount.	
		Net Present Value	
		Impact of Taxation and Inflation on NPV	
		Analysis	
3	3.3	Capital Rationing	Theory and
e	0.0	Equivalent Annual Cost	Problems
		Adjusted Present Value	
		IRR and Modified IRR	
		Profitability Index	
		Risk and Uncertainty in Capital Budgeting	
		Methods of assessing risk	
		Probability Analysis	
		Certainty Equivalent Method	
	3.4	Risk Adjusted Discount Method	Theory
		Monte Carlo Simulation Method	-
		Decision Tree Analysis	
		Scenario Analysis	
		Sensitivity Analysis	
		Problems involving Assessment of Risk.	Theoryand
	2.5	3.5 Problems involving Assessment of Risk.	
	3.5		Problems
	3.5	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours	Problems
		Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours	Problems
	3.5	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and	Problems
		Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance	
	4.1	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing	Theory
4		Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance	
4	4.1	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India	Theory Theory
4	4.1	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in	Theory Theory
	4.1 4.2 4.3	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India	Theory Theory Theory and Problems
	4.1 4.2 4.3	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India         Financial Evaluation of Leasing decisions         dvanced Ratio Analysis for Performance Evaluation- 1	Theory Theory Theory and Problems
	4.1 4.2 4.3	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India         Financial Evaluation of Leasing decisions         dvanced Ratio Analysis for Performance Evaluation- 1         Ratios for Assessing Liquidity, Profitability,	Theory Theory Theory and Problems <b>8 hours</b>
	4.1 4.2 4.3 Iodule 5- A	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India         Financial Evaluation of Leasing decisions         dvanced Ratio Analysis for Performance Evaluation- 1         Ratios for Assessing Liquidity, Profitability, Productivity, Leverage and	Theory Theory and Problems 8 hours Theory and
	4.1 4.2 4.3	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India         Financial Evaluation of Leasing decisions         dvanced Ratio Analysis for Performance Evaluation- 1         Ratios for Assessing Liquidity, Profitability, Productivity, Leverage and the theoretical base explaining the inter linkage	Theory Theory Theory and Problems <b>8 hours</b>
	4.1 4.2 4.3 Iodule 5- A	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India         Financial Evaluation of Leasing decisions         dvanced Ratio Analysis for Performance Evaluation- 1         Ratios for Assessing Liquidity, Profitability, Productivity, Leverage and the theoretical base explaining the inter linkage between the ratios in explaining the performance	Theory Theory Theory and Problems 8 hours Theory and
M	4.1 4.2 4.3 Iodule 5- A	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India         Financial Evaluation of Leasing decisions         dvanced Ratio Analysis for Performance Evaluation- 1         Ratios for Assessing Liquidity, Profitability, Productivity, Leverage and the theoretical base explaining the inter linkage between the ratios in explaining the performance effectiveness of Businesses	Theory Theory and Problems 8 hours Theory and Problems
	4.1 4.2 4.3 Iodule 5- A	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India         Financial Evaluation of Leasing decisions         dvanced Ratio Analysis for Performance Evaluation- 1         Ratios for Assessing Liquidity, Profitability, Productivity, Leverage and the theoretical base explaining the inter linkage between the ratios in explaining the performance	Theory Theory and Problems 8 hours Theory and Problems Theoryand
M	4.1 4.2 4.3 Iodule 5- A	Module 4: Lease Financing- 12 hours         Leasing : Meaning , Classification of Leasing and Significance         Advantages and limitations of Lease Financing Legalframe work regarding Lease Financing in India         Financial Evaluation of Leasing decisions         dvanced Ratio Analysis for Performance Evaluation- 1         Ratios for Assessing Liquidity, Profitability, Productivity, Leverage and the theoretical base explaining the inter linkage between the ratios in explaining the performance effectiveness of Businesses	Theory Theory and Problems 8 hours Theory and Problems

5 /	Comparison of performance of Financial	Theoryand
5.4	Institutions using CAMEL/CARAMEL Models	Problems

#### Suggested areas for Assignments

- 1. Make a report on the cost of capital, leverage, profitability and performance of shares of the companies.
- 2. Compare the performance of banks/ insurance companies using CAMEL/CARAMELmodels.

#### **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Financial Management, M Y Khan and P K Jain Tata McGrawHill.
- 2. Financial Management, I M PandeyVikasPublications.
- 3. Financial Management, CA Saravanaprasath and CA B. Shekhar, WoltersKluver.
- 4. Financial management, Prasanna Chandra Tata McGrawHill.
- 5. Financial Management Ravi M Kishore, TaxmannPublications.
- 6. Financial Management P V Kulkarni and Sathyaprasad- HimalayaPublishing.

# Reference

- 1. Study Material of IPCC and Final byICAI.
- 2. Study Materials of CIMA.
- 3. Fundamentals of Financial Management- James C Van Horne and John M Wachowicz, PHI.

#### Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination

SectionA- 6 Theory 4 Problems Section B - 4 Theory 4 Problems SectionC- 2 Theory 2 Problems

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

### Assessment Tools

Course Code	PG20CO312
Title of the Course	INCOME TAX - LAW AND PRACTICE
Туре	Core
Credits	5
Hours	7 per week and Total 126

# **Objectives of the Course:**

To impart basic knowledge about Income Tax Rules and equips the students to compute Total Income of an individual.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Acquire knowledge regarding the basic concepts of Income Tax.	K1	PSO 4, 6
2	Able to compute the Income from Salary and House Property.	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
3	Determine Taxable Profit of a Business or Profession.	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
4	Able to compute Capital Gain and Income From Other Sources.	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
5	Able to calculate Gross Total Income of an Individual.	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
6	Learner shall be able to determine eligible Deductions and compute Taxable Income and Tax Liability of an Individual.	K2, K3 & K5	PSO 4, 6

**Knowledge Levels: K1-Remembering, K2-Understanding, K3-Applying and K5-Evaluating** 

Module No.	Unit No.	Contents of the Unit	Remarks		
	Module 1: Introduction- 12 hours				
	1.1	Brief History of Income Tax in India Basic Concepts Finance Act	Theory		
1		Definitions Rates of Income Tax			

# Unit wise arrangement of the Course

	[		
	1.0	Accelerated Assessment	701
	1.2	Agricultural Income	Theory
	1.0	Partly Agricultural Income	
	1.3	Capital and Revenue	Theory
	1.4	Residential Status of different Assesses- Incidence of Tax- Exempted Income.	Theory and Problems
	Module 2:	Salary & Income from House Property- 28 ho	urs
	2.1.	Salary: Chargeability Definition Allowances	Theory and Problems
	2.2	Perquisites : Valuation of Perquisites Profit in Lieu of Salary	Theory and Problems
	2.3	Deductions from Salary Treatment of Provident Funds	Theory and Problems
	2.4	Computation of Taxable Salary	Theory and ProblemsTheory and Problems
2	2.5	Income from House Property- Basis of Charge- Deemed Ownership –Exemptions.	Theory
	2.6	Annual Value determination in various cases Deductions Treatment of Unrealised Rent, Recovery of Unrealized Rent and Arrears of Rent.	
	2.7	Computation of Income from House Property	•
Ν	Aodule 3: I	Profit and Gains of Business or Profession- 26 h	ours
	3.1	Chargeability-Rules for assessment of Business Income Deductions expressly allowed Other Deductions under section 36 and 37	
3	3.2	Expenses expressly disallowed Expenses not deductible in certain circumstances Expenses allowable only on actualpayment Provisions regarding maintenance of Accounts and Audit.	•
	3.3	Depreciation Block of Assets Computationof Allowable Depreciation and Book Value of the Block of Assets	

	3.4	Computation of Profits and Gains from Business or Profession	Theory and Problems
Ν	Iodule 4: C	Capital Gains & Income from Other Sources- 25	5 hours
	4.1	Basis of Charge- Capital Assets - Short-Term and Long- Term Capital Gains	Theory and Problems
	4.2	Transfer of Capital Assets Cost of Acquisition Indexation of cost of acquisition Capital Gains exempt from tax	Theory and Problems
4	4.3	Capital Gains exempt from tax Computation of Taxable Capital Gain and Tax Liability on Capital Gain	Theory and Problems
	4.4	Income from Other Sources General chargeability Specific Chargeability Kinds of Securities & Grossing up of Interest Bond Washing Transaction Deductions Allowed Deduction not permitted	Theory and Problems
	4.5	Computation of Income under the Head Income from Other Sources	Theory and Problems
	Module 5	: Computation of Gross Total Income – 15 hou	irs
	5.1	Aggregation and Clubbing of Income of other persons Computation of Deemed Income.	Theory and Problems
5	5.2	Set Off and Carry Forward of Losses Intra-Head and Inter-Head Set Off-Order of Set Off Rules regarding Carry Forward	Theory and Problems
	5.3	Computation of Gross Total Income	Theory and Problems
Modul	e 6: Compı	itation of Total Income and Tax Liability of In 20 hours	dividuals –
	6.1	Deductions Under Chapter VI A	Theory and Problems
6	6.2	Rebate Relief Treatment of Agricultural Income	Theory and Problems
	6.3	Calculation of Total Income Tax Liability of Individuals	Theory and Problems

1. Make a survey about the awareness about the basics of Income Tax among different segments of the population and make a report on that.

2. Calculation of taxable income of various categories of individual assessees like salaried employees, those having profits from business, rental income from House Propertyetc

# Suggested Text Books

- 1. Direct Taxes Law and Practice- Dr H C Mehrotra and Dr S P Goyal-SahityaBhawanPublications.
- 2. Direct Taxes Law and Practice- Dr. GirishAhuja ;Dr. Ravi Gupta, Bharat Law House Pvt.Ltd.
- 3. Direct Taxes Sri T N Manoharan- Snow WhitePublications.

# Reference

- 1. Direct Taxes Law and Practice- Singhania V K, Taxmann PublicationsLtd.
- 2. Direct Taxes Law and Practice, Bhagwathi Prasad-WishwaPrakashana.
- 3. Study material for IPCC on Direct Taxation byICAI.
- 4. Study material on Direct Taxes byICMAI.
- 5. Income Tax Act and Rules.

# Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination

Section A- 5 Theory 5 Problems Section B – 3 Theory 5 Problems Section C- 4 Problems

# Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

# **Assessment Tools**

Course Code	PG20CO313
Title of the Course	SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIOMANAGEMENT
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	6 per week and Total 108

# **Objectives of the Course:**

To create awareness among the learners about different investment avenues, enrich them to handle modern portfolio techniques to construct efficient portfolios, evaluation and revision of the inefficient portfolios.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Able to understand the concepts of Investments, different Types of Investments, views of Investment and process of Investment and apply the theoretical knowledge in Investment information for selecting the securities.	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
2	Understanding the types of risk in security market and applying various tools for the valuation of bonds as well as economic indicators to predict the market.	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
3	Understand the tools of technical analysis, analyse the patterns and trends in the market by using various tools and enable to take investment decisions after understanding market efficiency level also.	K2, K3 & K5	PSO 4, 6
4	Applying Modern Portfolio Theories and Construct Optimum Portfolios.	K2 & K3	<b>PSO 4, 6</b>
5	Revising constructed portfolios as per risk and returnassociation by using different strategies.	K2	PSO 4, 6

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding, K3-Applying and K5-Evaluating

Unit wise arrangement of the Course			
Module	Unit	Contents of the Unit	Remarks
No.	No.	Module 1- Investment- 15 hours	
		Different views on Investment	
	1.1	Types of Investment Characteristics of Investment Objectives of Investment	Short questions, Shortessays, Longessays
1	1.2	Types of Investors Investment Vs. Speculation – Investment Vs. Gambling Speculation Vs. Gambling.	Short questions, Short essays
	1.3	Assets Financial Assets Real Assets	Short questions, Shortessays, Longessays
	1.4	Investment Process Investment Information Sources of Investment Information	Short questions, Short essays, Longessays
		Module 2- Security Analysis- 20 hours	•
	2.1	Security Analysis: Meaning , Tools and Risk Risk in Investment Components Classification Systematic Risk and Unsystematic Risk Risk Measurement Methods	Theory and Problems
	2.2	Bond : Types, Risk, Return and Valuation Convexity Duration of a Bond	Theory and Problems
2	2.3	Fundamental Analysis Economic Analysis Economic Forecasting Economic Indicators Diffusion and Composite Indices Business Confidence Index	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	2.4	Industry Analysis: Economy and Industry Analysis, Industry Groups Industry Life Cycle Analysis Structural Analysis	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	2.5	Company Analysis: Qualitative Analysis, Quantitative Analysis Methods and Tools	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays

Unit wise arrangement of the Course	Unit	wise	arrangement	of the	Course
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М	odule 3- Technical Analyses and EMH – 28 hour	rs
3.1	Meaning and Basic Assumptions Dow Theory Elliot Wave Principles Neutral Network.	Short questions Short essays, Long essays
3.2	Charts: Line Charts, Bar Charts, Point andFigure Charts, Candlestick Chart Trends: Support and Resistance Level.	Short questions Short essays, Long essays Theory
3.3	Chart Patterns Types of Trends –Head and Shoulders, Inverted Head and Shoulders, Double Top and Bottom, Rounding Bottom, Triangles, Flags, Gaps.	Short questions Short essays, Long essays
3.4	Advanced Technical Indicators: Volume of Trade Breadth of the Market Short Sales Moving Average Relative Strength Index ROCIndex ( <b>Illustrations</b> )	Theory and Problems
3.5	Limitations of Technical Analysis Fundamental Vs. Technical.	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
3.6	Efficient Market Theory Market Efficiency Random Walk Theory Weak FormEfficiency (Empirical Tests) Semi Strong Form (Empirical Test) Strong Form Market Inefficiencies Relevance of Efficient Market Theory	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	Module 4: Portfolio Analysis- 27 hours	
4.1	Meaning, Uses and Importance Portfolio Construction Approaches : Traditional Approach and Modern Approach Portfolio Risk and Return	Theory and problems

1			
4	4.2	Markowitz Model Selection of Securities	Theory and
	4.2	Construction of Efficient Frontier Including	problems
		Problems.	1
		Utility Analysis	
	4.3	Portfolio Selection and Construction	Theory and
	4.3	Sharpe SingleIndex Model	Problems
		Portfolio Optimization	
		Capital Market Theory	Theory and
	4.4	Capital Asset Pricing Model	Theory and Problems
		Arbitrage Pricing Theory	
	Moo	lule 5: Portfolio Evaluation and Revision- 18 ho	urs
	Γ		1
		Meaning, Need and Different Tools	
	5.1	Sharpe's Performance Index	
		Treynor's Performance Index	Theory and
		Jenson's Performance Index	Problems
		Fama'sPerformance Measure	
5		(Simple Illustration on Tools)	
5		Portfolio Revision : Meaning , Need and	Short questions,
	5.2	Approaches	Short essays,
	5.2	Passive Management	long essays
		Active Management	iong cssays
		Portfolio Revision Strategies	
	5.3	Rebalancing Strategies	Theory and
	5.5	Formula Plans	Problems
		(SimpleIllustrationon Different Strategies)	

- 1. Make a comparison between the shares in large cap/mid cap using tools included in thesyllabus.
- 2. Make an analytical study on the performance of different shares during different phases of businesscycles.
- 3. Make a study on the impact of some major events on the securityprices.

# **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Security Analysis and Portfolio Management–Punithavathy Pandian, VikasPublishing House Pvt.Ltd.
- 2. Security Analysis and Investment Management O.P. Agarwal, Himalaya PublishingHouse.
- 3. Investment management, Bhalla VK, S. Chand & Company.
- 4. Security Analysis and Portfolio management, S.Kevin., PHI.
- 5. Investment Management V A Avadhani- Himalaya PublishingHouse
- 6. Security Analysis and Portfolio Management- Preethi Singh- Himalaya Publishing House

### **Additional References**

- 1. Security Analysis and Portfolio Management-Donald E.Fischer and Ronald J.Jordan, PearsonEducation.
- 2. Fundamentals of Investments Gordon J. Alexander, William F. Sharpe, Jeffery V.Bailey, PHIL earning PrivateLimited.

# Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination

Section A- 8 Theory 2 Problems Section B – 5 Theory 3 Problems Section C- 3 Theory and 1 Problem

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

### **Assessment Tools**

# **ELECTIVE COURSE: Marketing and International Business**

Course Code	PG20CO314-IB
Title of the Course	LOGISTICS AND SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT
Туре	Core- Elective
Credits	4
Hours	6 per week and Total 108 hours

# **Objective of the Course:**

To equip the students to have an understanding on the various aspects of fast growing areas of logistics and supply chain management

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	To have an understanding on the concept of Logistics, the elements involved, Logistics Management and Principles	K2	PSO 1, 6
2	Learner should be able to have an idea regarding various Demand Forecasting Techniques	К3	PSO 1, 6
3	After learning the module, there shall be an understanding on transportation process and major documents involved in Air and Ocean Logistics Management	K2	PSO 1, 6
4	To get a clear idea on Supply Chain Management, its process and evaluate the strategies involved	K2 & K3	PSO 1, 6
5	To have an idea regarding Warehousing, its importance and analyse the role of computers in modern day warehousing	K2	PSO 1, 6
6	To have an overview on various trends and developments taking place in the field of Logistics and Supply Chain Management.	K2	PSO 1, 6

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding and K3-Applying

Module No.	Unit No.	Unit wise arrangement of the Course Contents of the Unit	Remarks
	Modu	le 1. Introduction toLogisticsManagement -18	hours
	1.1	Introduction to Distribution Logistics: Nature, Importance and Scope of Logistic Decisions History and Evolution of Logistics Objectives Elements Activities and Importance	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	1.2	Systems Approach to Logistics Integrated Logistics Total Cost Concept	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
1	1.3	Logistics Management- Meaning and Types Logistics Network Logistics Resources Advantages through Logistics Management	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	1.4	Principles of Logistics Information Logistics Information System Flow Need, Characteristics and Design	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
		Module 2. Forecasting – 15 hours	
	2.1	Logistics Demand Forecasting The Nature of Demand Forecast Components	Short questions, Short essays
2	2.2	Forecast Techniques Logistics Forecasting Forecast Error	Short questions, Shortessays, Long essays
	2.3	Transportation Infrastructure: Principles Model Characteristics LogisticsLocation Structure	Short questions, Short essays
	Mo	dule 3. Transportation and Documentation-20 ho	ours
	3.1	Transportation and Physical Distribution: Importance and Modes of Transportation	Short questions, Short essays
	3.2	Selection of Transportation Modes Multi modal Transportation	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
3	3.3	Major Documents in Air Cargo and Ocean Logistics Management: Airway Bill, Bill of Lading, MBL, HBL, CY, CFS, Seaway Bill, Multimodal Transport Document	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays

J <b>nit wis</b>	e arrangement of the Course

1			
	3.4	Carrier Liabilities Inter – State Good Movement and Problems Transportation Management	Short questions, Short essays
		Module 4- Supply Chain Management – 20 hour	rs
	4.1	Supply Chain Management Models and Strategy Supply Chain Management:Definition, Objectives, Applications and Types	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
4	4.2	Conceptual Models – Mathematical Models – Simulation Models – Formal Models – Implicit Business Models Key issues in Supply Chain Management	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	4.3	Inventory Management– The effect of demand uncertainty managing Inventory in theSupply Chain	Short questions, Shortessays
	4.4	Push and Pull Systems Dell's Supply Chain Strategy Demand and Cash Flow in Supply Chain Management.	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
		Module 5. Warehouse Management- 15 hou	rs
	5.1	Warehousing: Role and Modern Concept of Warehousing Private Vs Public Warehousing Planning Warehousing Operations	Short questions, Shortessays
5	5.2	Site Selection Warehouse Layout Material Handling Management of Receipts and Issues	Short questions, Short essays,Long essays
	5.3	Computers and Warehouse Management Order processing Importance to Customer Service Model of Performance Measurement Packaging and Utilization	Short questions, Short essays
	Module (	6. Trends in Logistics and Supply Chain Manager	ment - 20 hours
	6.1	Recent trendsE-Logistics: Structure and Operation. Logistics Resource Management- eLRM Reverse Logistics: Meaning and Scope	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
6	6.2	Green logistics Outsourcing logistics Third party and Fourth party logistics providers Agile Supply Chains Reverse Supply chain. Agro Supply Chains	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays

6.3	Recent Trends in Supply Chain Management- New Developments in Supply Chain Management, Outsourcing Supply Chain Operations, Co-Maker ship, The Role of E-Commerce in Supply Chain Management, Green Supply Chain Management, Distribution Resource Planning,	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	World Class Supply Chain Management	

- 1. To present cases of issues in logistics and supply chainmanagement.
- 2. To present an overview of operations of air cargo and shipping logisticsprocedure

# **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. KrishnaveniMuthiah, Logistics Management & World Sea borne Trade, Himalaya Publishing House,Mumbai
- 2. Satish C. Ailawadi&Rakesh Singh, Logistics Management, Prentice-Hall of India PvtLtd.,New Delhi.
- 3 .Donald J. Bowersox& David J. Closs, Logistical Management, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd, New Delhi
- 4. .Satish C. Ailawadi&Rakesh Singh, Logistics Management, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt Ltd., NewDelhi.
- 5. SarikaKulkarni , Supply Chain Management, Tata Mc- Ashok Sharma Graw Hill Publishing Co Ltd., New Delhi.
- 6. P.S. Senguttavan, Fundamental of Air Transport Management, Oxford Atlas-Oxford Publishing

# References

- 1. David J. Bloomberg, Stephen LeMay ,Logistics, Prentice-Hall of India PvtLtd.,
- 2. Donald Waters, Logistics. Palgrave Macmillan, New York.
- 3. Simon Taylor, Air transport logistics, Hampton
- 4. Sung Chi-Chu, 4th Party Cyber Logistics for Air Cargo, Boston, Kluwer Academic Publishers

# Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

# Assessment Tools

# FOURTH SEMESTER COURSES

Course Code	PG20CO415
Title of the Course	ADVANCED COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	6 per week and Total 108

# **Objective of the Course:**

To enable the learner to apply principles and techniques of Cost and Management Accounting in decisions making situations.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Apply activity based absorption methods instead of conventional Absorption Method.	K3	PSO 1, 2
2	Apply the Marginal Costing Principles in decision making situations of businesses.	K3	PSO 1, 2
3	Dealing with practical cases of pricing decisions in different situations	K5	PSO 1, 2
4	Understand the concepts of Standard Costing, and the process of Cost Control through it.	K2 & K3	PSO 1, 2
5	Deal with the practical issues related to Transfer Pricing	К3	PSO 1, 2

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding, K3-Applying and K5-Evaluating

Module	Unit No.	Diffusion         Contents of the Course           Contents of the Unit         Contents of the Unit	Remarks		
No.					
	Module 1. Activity Based Costing - 25 hours				
	1.1	Meaning, Definition and Purposes of ABC Cost Object Cost Drivers	Theory only		
	1.2	Steps involved in installation of ABC system - Stages involved in Activity Based Cost – Difference between Traditional Absorption Costing and ABC	Theory and Problems		
1	1.3	Areas in which ABC information is used in decision making Activity Based Cos t Management Benefits	Theory only		
	1.4.	Business Applications of Activity Based Cost Management Product Costing Under ABC	Problem and Theory		
	1.5.	Preparation of Cost and Profit Statement under Traditional and ABC	Problem and Theory		
	1.6	Activity Based Variance Analysis and Budgeting	Problem and Theory		
1.7 Direct Product Profitability Customer Profitability Analysis			Problem		
	Module 2 -Marginal Costing and Applications – 25 hours				
	2.1	Marginal Costing Marginal Costing Equation Break-Even Point Profit Volume Ratio Advantages and Limitations of Marginal Costing	Problems and Theory		
	2.2	Cost Volume Profit Analysis – Computation of PV Ratio and Break Even Point	Problemsand Theory		
2	2.3	Make or Buy Decision Margin of Safety Effect of Change of Sale Price on overall BEP Effect of change in Product Mix on BEP and PV Ratio	Problems and Theory		
	2.4	Indifference Point Computation Shut Down Point Impact of Incremental Contribution Analysis	Problems		
	2.5	New Product Launch – Export Order Identification.	Problems and Theory		
	Mod	ule 3:Pricing Concepts and Decisions – 15 hours			
	3.1	Pricing Methods – Cost Plus Pricing, Pricing to earn targeted Profit, Variable Cost Pricing Situations where MCP is applied	Problems and Theory		

Unit wise Arrangement of the Cours
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Incremental Pricing – Conversion Cost Method Droblems and							
	3.2	<ul> <li>Efficiency Curve Method Sealed Bid Pricing</li> <li>Going Rate Pricing</li> </ul>	Problems and Theory				
3	3.3	New Product Pricing Strategies:Skimming Price Policy and Penetration Strategy	Problemsand Theory				
	3.4 Distributor Discount and its impact on Profitability Pareto Analysis ExportOffer Pricing						
		Module 4: Standard Costing – 13 hours					
4	4.1	Standard Cost: Meaning and definition Standard costing as a control process Types of standards Variance Processof StandardCosting Advantages and limitations of Standard costing. Material Cost Variance- Price Variance – Usage	Theory only				
	4.2	Theory Problems and					
	4.3	Labour Cost Variance – Labour Rate Variance – Labour Hour Variance – Labour Mix Variance – Idle Time Variance	Theory Problems and				
Module 5: Transfer Pricing – 30 hours							
	5.1	Concept of Transfer Pricing – Objectives – Criteria for setting Transfer Prices	Theory only				
5	5.2	Cost Based TP – Market Price Based TP – Negotiated TP	Theory Problems and				
	5.3 Negotiated Transfer Pricing : Advantages and Limitations, Pre conditions for negotiated Transfer Pricing Meaning, Advantages and Limitations of Dual Rate TP System Two Part Transfer Pricing		Theory Problems and				
	5.4	Problems involving same TP but Different Output Levels – Divisional Profit Analysis	Problems				
	5.5	Preparation of Profit Statement when different TPs and Different output levels –Impact of Opportunity Cost on TPs.	Problems				

- 1. Present a comparison of traditional absorption techniques and ABC based on a practical situation.
- 2. Comparison of Profit Statement under Absorption Costing and MarginalCosting.
- 3. Calculation of variances in a practical situation

### **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Advanced Cost Accounting- S N Maheshwari- Sultan Chand & Sons
- 2. Advanced Cost Accounting- VK Saxena& C D Vashist, Sultan Chand & Sons
- 3. Advanced Cost Accounting- Jain & Narang- Kalyani PublishingHouse
- 4. Advanced Management Accounting- B. SaravanaPrasath, PadhukaPublications
- 5. Cost Accounting, Ravi M Kishore, TaxmannPublication
- 6. Cost and Management Accounting RK Shukla, BharatPublications

# **Additional References**

- 1. Study Material of IPCC and Final-ICAI
- 2. Study Material of ICMA

#### Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination

Section A- 5 Theory 5 Problems

Section B – 3 Theory 5 Problems

Section C-1 Theory and 3 Problems

# Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

# **Assessment Tools**

Course Code	PG20CO416
Title of the Course	INCOME TAX – ASSESSMENT & PROCEDURES
Туре	Core
Credits	4
Hours	7 per week and Total 126

# **Objectives of the Course:**

To enable the learners to advice assessees regarding their income tax queries and to be trained to attend professional examinations in taxation.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programm e Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Compute the Total Income and Tax Liability of Firms and Association of Persons	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
2	Carry out Assessment of Companies and determine their tax liability	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
3	Make the assessment of Co Operative Societies and Trusts.	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
4	Understanding about the Assessment Procedures,TDSandAdvancePaymentofTax and application in various situations	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6
5	Learn Tax Planning concepts and apply the Same	K2 & K3	PSO 4, 6

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding and K3-Applying

# Unit wise arrangement of the Course

Modul e No.	Unit No.	Contents of the Unit		Remarks			
	Module 1: Assessment of firms and AOPs – 35 hours						
	1.1	Computation of firm's Income –Determination of remuneration to working partners – Income of a partner from a firm – Book Profit (Legalprovisions)	Theory	and Problems			

1	1.2	Computation of Book Profit Taxable Income and Tax Liability of a Firm – Computation of Income of the Partners	Theory and Problems			
	1.3	Assessment AOP/BOI – Computation of share of a member of AOP/BOI	Theory and Problems			
<b>Module 2: Assessment of Companies – 31 hours</b>						
2	2.1	Types of Companies – Residence of Companies	Theory and Problems			
	2.2	Minimum Alternative Tax Tax Credit Marginal Relief	Theory and Problems			
	2.3	Company Assessment Computations of Taxable Income and Tax Payable	Theory and Problems			
		Module 3: Assessment of Co operative Societies and Tr	rusts – 30 hours			
3	3.1	Deductions under section 80 P	Theory			
	3.2	Rates of tax applicable to Co – operative Societies Computation of Total Income and Tax Liability of Co Operative Societies	Theory and Problems			
	3.3	Trust: Definition, Types of Trusts: Charitable or Religious TrustsIncome Exempt in case of Charitable or Religious TrustsAccumulation of Income and its Investment – Consequences of Mis-Utilization of Accumulated Income	Theory			
	3.4	Computation of Total Income and Tax Liability of Co- Operative Societies	Theory and Problems			
	3.5	Conditions for availing exemption under section 11 and 12 Income deemed to have been used for the benefit of the founder Tax on Anonymous Donations Computation of Total Income and Tax	Theory and Problems			
Module 4: Income Tax Authorities and Assessment Procedures –15 hours						

<b></b>	Γ		、 ]
	4.1	Income Tax Authorities – General and SpecificPowers of	Theory
		Income Tax Authorities	
		Voluntary Return of Income	
		Return of Loss	
		Belated Return	
	4.2	Revised Return	Theory
		Compulsory Return	
		Defective Return	
		Forms of Return of Income	
		Filing of Return through TRP	
	4.3	e – Filing of Return PAN – TAN – TIN	Theory
		PAN – TAN – TIN Interest for default in furnishing Return of Income	5
		Self Assessment	
		Assessment on the basis of Return	
		Regular Assessment	
_	4.4	Assessment on the basis of evidence	Theory
4	4.4		Theory
		Best Judgement Assessment	
		Re Assessment	
		Precautionary Assessment Rectification of Mistake	
	4.5	Notice of Demand	Theory
	4.5	Returns through Tax Return Preparers	Theory
		Deduction and Collection of Tax at Source	
		Advance Payment of Tax	
		Interest on short fall of Advance Tax	
		Refund of Tax	
		Double Taxation Avoidance	
	4.6	Problems in Deduction and Collection of Tax at Source	Theory and Problems
		Problems in Advance Payment of Tax	
		5	
		Interest on short fall of advance tax including Interest	
		under 234A, B and C	
		Double Taxation Avoidance	
		<b>Module 5- Tax Planning – 15 hours</b>	
		Tax Planning	
		Tax Avoidance	
	5.1	Tax Evasion	Theory
		TaxManagement Need of Tax Planning	
5	5.2	Tax Planning of Individuals	
		Advantages and Limitations of Tax Planning	Theory
	5.3	Tax Planning tips for Individual Assessees	Theory, Case Type and Problems
			r toolellis

- 1. Calculation of taxable income and liability of partnership firm and partners
- 2. Case Studies of Tax Planning
- 3. Training in filing of return and report on the same
- 4. Present a report on procedure for obtaining PAN, various formats of returns and category of assesses to whom the returns are applicable

#### Suggested Text Books

- 1. Direct Taxes Law and Practice- Dr H C Mehrotra and Dr S P Goyal-SahityaBhawanPublications
- 2. Direct Taxes Law and Practice- Dr. GirishAhuja ;Dr. Ravi Gupta, Bharat Law House Pvt. Ltd
- 3. Direct Taxes Sri T N Manoharan- Snow WhitePublications

# Reference

- 1. Direct Taxes Law and Practice- Singhania V K, Taxmann PublicationsLtd.
- 2. Direct Taxes Law and Practice, Bhagwathi Prasad- WishwaPrakashana.
- 3. Study material for IPCC and Final on Direct Taxation byICAI
- 4. Study material on Direct Taxes by ICMAI
- 5. Income Tax Act and Rul

# Break up of Theory and Problems for Examination

SectionA- 6 Theory 4 Problems Section B – 4 Theory 4 Problems SectionC- 1 Theory 3Problems

# Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### **Assessment Tools**

Both Formative and Summative Assessments; Test Papers, Assignments, Quiz Assignments, Terminal Examinations, Case Study and Group Discussions

Course Code	PG20CO417-IB
Title of the Course	<b>RETAIL AND RURAL MARKETING</b>
Туре	Core-Elective
Credits	4
Hours	6 per week and Total 108 hours

# **Objective of theCourse:**

To familiarize the students with the concepts, structure, issues and developments in Retail and RuralMarketing.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Understanding on the concept and structure of Retail Marketing and its status in India	K2	<b>PSO1, 4</b>
2	Idea regarding the various formats prevailing in retail sector and the setting up and functioning of retail stores	K2 & K4	PSO1, 4
3	Understand the marketing mix available for Retail Marketing and the various aspects of HRM applicable for retailing	K2 & K3	PSO1, 4
4	Develop an idea on emerging trends of retailing in India	K4	PSO1, 4
5	Understanding regarding rural markets and marketing, its structure in India and the process and importance of agricultural Marketing	K2	PSO1, 4
6	Understand the elements of marketing mix applicable in rural marketing, the role of FMCG in rural markets and also the emerging trends in rural markets in India.	K2	PSO1, 4

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding, K3-Applying and K4-Analyzing

Module	Unit No.	Contents of the Unit	Remarks
No.			
	Мо	dule 1. Introduction to Retail Marketing	g -18hours
	1.1	Introduction to Retailing: Meaning and Characteristics Functions of Retailing	Short questions, Short essays
	1.2	Types of Retailing: Traditional and Non-traditional Retailing	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	1.3	Retail Management Decision Retail Planning Process-	Short questions, Short essays
1	1.4	Retail Management in India Organized and Unorganized Indian Retail Industry	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	1.5	Global trends in Retailing Macro and Micro Environmental influences Emerging Trends and Challenges	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	Modul	e 2. Retail Formats and Store Operation	ons – 15hours
	2.1.	Retail Formats Different Types of Retail Format Target Market and Store Location Trading AreaAnalysis	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
2	2.2	Positioning of Retail Shops Retail Store Image Store Layout and Design Store Display and Ambience Retail Signage Types and Characteristics	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	2.3	Components of Retail Store Operations Duties and Responsibilities of Store Manager	Short questions, Short essays
		Module 3. Retail Marketing Mix – 20	hours
	3.1	Retail Marketing Mix Merchandise Management Service Retailing and Product Retailing Retail Branding Pricing for Retailing	Short questions, Short essays

# Unit wise arrangement of the Course

		Datail Dramation	
		Retail Promotion-	
		Retail Promotional Mix Strategy.	
	2.2	Retail Sales Promotional Schemes	Short questions,
3	3.2	Logistics	Short essays,
		Logistics Competitive Strategy	Long essays
		Scope of Logistics	
		Retail Marketing Strategies	
		Retail Shoppers Behaviour Shopping	
		Process	
	3.3	Influences of Shopper's Attitude-	Short questions,
		Perception	Short essays
		Personality and Life Style inRetail	
		Shopping Behaviour	
		Handling Complaints	-
		Delivering Value of Retail Shoppers HRM	
	2.4	Function in Retailing	Short questions,
	3.4	Motivating Retail Employees	Short essays,
		Building Employee Commitment	Long essays
		Issues in Retail	
		Human Resource Management	
	Module	4- Trends and Prospects of Retailing in I	ndia- 10 hours
		Concept and Definition of E Retailing	
		Different Models of E Retailing;	Short questions,
	4.1	Model for Web based Information	Short essays,
		System in E-retailing	Long essays
4		Performance of retail sector in India	
		FDI in retailing in India	Short questions,
	4.2	Challenges and Prospects of	Short essays,
		Retailing in India	Long essays
	Mod	ule 5. Fundamentals of Rural and Agricul	tural Marketing – 24
		Rural Market : Nature and	
	5.1		Short questions,
		Significance- Rural Marketing	Short essays,
		Urban VS Rural Market	
		Rural Marketing Environment	
		Demographic Characteristics	Short questions,
	5.2	Factors contributing to the growth and	Short essays,
5		development of Rural Marketing in	Long essays
		India	
		Problems of Rural Marketing	
		Agricultural Marketing: Nature and	Short quastions
	5 2	type of agricultural produce	Short questions,
	5.3	Types of agricultural markets	Short essays,
		0	Long essays
		Functions of agricultural Marketing	

1			1
	5.4	Functionaries in Agricultural Marketing Methods of sale in Agricultural Marketing Contract Farming Concept	Short questions, Short essays
Module 6	. Rural Ma	rketing Mix and Emerging Trends in R	ural Marketing - 21 hours
	6.1	Rural Consumer Behaviour Feature Factors Affecting Rural Consumer Behaviour	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	6.2	Market Segmentation for Rural Markets- Product Strategy and Product Mix Decision for Rural Marketing- Pricing Strategies for Rural Marketing- Promotional Measures in Rural Market - Logistics and Distribution Methods Applicable for Rural Market	Short questions, Short essays
6	6.3	FMCG Sector in Rural Marketing- Marketing Channels for FMCG- Rural Marketing of Consumer Durables in India	Short questions, Short essays
	6.4	Emerging Trends in Rural Marketing- Increasing Role of Corporate Houses in Rural and Marketing Communication in Rural Markets Digitalising Indian Rural Markets E-Rural Marketing	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays

## **Suggested Assignment**

- 1. To present the rural market structure applicable in near byvillages.
- 2. To compare the modes of functioning of various retail outlets in nearbylocalities
- 3. New product designs and marketing mix for ruralmarkets

## **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Dr L Natarajan Retail Marketing ,MarghamPublications
- 2. David Gilbert Retail Marketing management Prentice Hall ofIndia
- 3. Badri R V and Badi N V, Rural Marketing, Himalaya PublishingHouse
- 4. Habeeb U R and Rahman K S- Rural marketing in India , Himalaya Publishing House
- 5. CSG Krishnamacharya and Lalitha Ramakrishna Rural Marketing Pearson Education Asia OUP
- 6. Acharya S S and Agarwal N L Agricultural Marketing In India, Oxford and IBH Publishingcompany

## References

- 1. Barry Berman and Joel R Evans Retail Management: A Strategic Approach, McMillan PublishingCompany
- 2. JeskoPerrey and Dennis Spillecke, Retail Marketing and Branding Wiley Publications
- 3. A K Singh and SK Pandey Rural Marketing: Indian Perspective, New Age International
- 4. BalaramDogra and KarminderGhuman. Rural Marketing: Concepts and Cases, Tata McGrawHill

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### **Assessment Tools**

Both Formative and Summative Assessments; Test Papers, Assignments, Debates, Quiz Assignments, Terminal Examinations, Case Study, Content Analysis, Observations, Interviews and Group Discussions

Course Code	PG20CO418-IB
Title of the Course	INTERNATIONAL MARKETING
Туре	Core-Elective
Credits	4
Hours	6 per week and Total 108

## **Objective of the Course:**

To familiarise the learners with the issues and developments in international marketing and understand the marketing mix applicable.

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
1	Understanding on International Marketing and Environment.	K2	<b>PSO1, 4</b>
2	To understand the various aspects in connection with product planning and development in International scenario.	K2	PSO 1, 4
3	Get an idea regarding Segmentation, Targeting, Positioning in Global Market and International Pricing Strategies	K2& K3	PSO1, 4
4	Acquaintance with international logistics, mode of entry and promotional measures	K2	PSO1, 4
5	Develop an understanding regarding research in International Marketing and terms of payments as well as inco terms	K2	PSO1, 4
6	Get an overview on risk in International Market, aspects of International Marketing and Global e- marketing.	K2	PSO1, 4

Knowledge Levels: K2-Understanding and K3-Applying

Module	Unit No.	Contents of the Unit	Remarks
No.			
	Modu	ile 1. Introduction to International Marketing -15	bours
	1.1	International Marketing: Meaning and Scope Domestic Marketing Vs International Marketing Aspects of the Domestic and Foreign Environments Developing GlobalAwareness	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
1	1.2	Principles of International Marketing Stages of International Marketing Strategic Orientation: Ethno centric, Poly centric, Regio centric and Geo centric orientations Domestic Market Extension Multi Domestic Market Orientation	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	1.3	Benefits of International Marketing International Marketing Environment Driving and Restraining Forces for International Marketing	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
Ν	Iodule 2. Se	egmentation, Positioning and International Produ	ct Policy and
		Planning – 18hours	
	2.1	Global Market Segmentation Types: Global Targeting Factors determining targets Global Product Positioning	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
2	2.2.	Products: National and International The New Product Development International Product Planning Need for Product Planning Product Design considerations in International Market	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
	2.3	Product Adaptation and Standardization Product Life Cycle in International Market International Product strategies based on PLC Product Standardisation Vs Product Adaptation Product Modification	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays

# Unit wise arrangement of the Course

	2.4	Branding Decisions and Alternatives Brand Consolidation Marketing Strategies Regarding Branding Brand Characteristics Brand Protection	Short questions, Short essays,		
	2.4	Packaging Domestic Vs Export Packaging Criteria for International or Export Packing Mandatory and Optional Packing Modifications	Short questions, Short essays		
	Μ	odule 3. International Pricing Strategies – 20 hou	irs		
	3.1	Introduction to pricing in International Market Price and Non-Price Factors Environmental Influences on Pricing Source of Price Information Methods of Pricing for Traditional and Non Traditional Products	Short questions, Short essays		
	3.2	International Pricing Strategies Marginal Cost Pricing Market Oriented Export Pricing Data required for Export Price Decisions	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays		
3	3.3	Gray Market goods Dumping and Price Distortion Types of Dumping Legal aspects of Dumping Consequences of Dumping Steps to Restrict Dumping Counter Trade and Types of Counter Trade	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays		
	3.4	Transfer Pricing Major alternatives: Cost based, Market based and Negotiated prices Global Pricing Policy Alternatives Administered Pricing and Cartels	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays		
Modu	Module 4- International Distribution, Logistics Planning and Promotion- 20 hours				
	4.1	Identifying Foreign Markets Classificationof World Markets On the Basis of Stages of Demand Stages of Development Other Criteria	Short questions, Short essays		

4	4.2	Methods of Entry into a Foreign Market Forms of Organisationsin Foreign Markets Techniques in International Marketing Subcontracting, Joint Venture and CounterTrade Arrangements Other Alternatives International Logistics Planning and Distribution – Definition andImportance Direct and Indirect Channels	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays Short questions, Short essays Short questions,
	4.4	Factors Involved in Distribution Systems Promotion Measures Promotion Appeals Media Selection Campaign Design Management Rules for International Advertising Considerations in Global Advertising Standardised International Advertising Other Promotional Measures in International Market	Short questions, Short questions, Short essays, Long essays
Module 5-	Internatio	nal Marketing Research, Terms of Payment and	Inco Terms - 20 hours
		Concept of Marketing Research Need for Overseas Marketing Research Approach to Marketing Research	Short questions, Short essays,
	5.1	Scope of International Marketing Research	Long essays
5	5.1	-	•

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	5.4	Inco Terms- EXW, FAS, FOB, C&F, CIF, CPT, CIP, DAP, DAT, DDP	Short questions, Short essays		
Module	Module 6. Risk Management , Legal and Ethical aspects of International Marketing and Trends in Internal Marketing- 15 hours				
	6.1	Types of Risks in International Marketing: Commercial Risks, Political Risks, Cargo Risk, Legal Risks, Credit Risk, Rate Fluctuation Risks Management of Various Risks	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays		
6	6.2	Nature of International Business Disputes and Proposed ActionLegal Concepts Relating to International BusinessInternational Dispute Settlement Machinery	Short questions, Short essays, Long essays		
	6.3	Ethical Consideration In International Marketing and Marketing Communications	Short questions, Short essays		
Global E-Marketing         Developing a Global E         6.4       Marketing Plan         Benefits and Risks in Global E- Marketing         Components of Electronic Value Chain		Short questions, Short essays			

## Suggested Assignment

- 1. To collect export statistics of recentyears
- 2. To compare international marketing strategies of MNCs.
- 3. Comparison of philosophies, objectives, strategies, product categories brands dealt, environmental concerns etc of prominentcompanies

## **Recommended Text Books**

- 1. Francis Cherunilam , International Marketing -Texts and Cases Himalaya PublishingHouse
- 2. Rakesh Mohan Joshi- International Marketing- Oxford UniversityPress
- 3. Subash Jain, International Marketing Management ,CBS
- 4. Khushpat S Jain and Apexa V Jain, International Marketing, Himalaya Publishing House
- 5. R L Varshney and B Bhattacharya, International marketing Management-An Indian Perspective, Sultan Chand andSons

## References

1. Philip R CAteora, Mary C Gilly, John L Graham, International Marketing, Tata McGraw Hill

- 2. C Samuel Craig, Susan P Douglas, International Marketing Research, Wiley
- 3. Philip Kotler, International Marketing Management, PrenticeHall

#### Learning Pedagogy

Class Room Lecture, Seminar, Group Discussions, PPT, Online Classes, Self – Study and Classes through Social Media Platform

#### **Assessment Tools**

Both Formative and Summative Assessments; Test Papers, Assignments, Debates, Quiz Assignments, Terminal Examinations, Case Study, Content Analysis, Observations, Interviews and Group Discussions

Course Code	PG20CO4P
Title of the Course	DISSERTATION/ PROJECT
Туре	Core- Project
Credits	4
Hours	NA

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Knowledge Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
	Quality Research Output and presentation	K5, K4 & K3	PSO 3, 4 and PO 3, 5, 6

## Knowledge Levels: K3-Applying, K4-Analyzing and K5-Evaluating

# **Guidelines for Project Report**

- 1. All students shall prepare and submit project report as part of the programme. The project has to be undertaken on an individual basis.
- 2. The general guidelines of PGCSS Regulations 2019 of M G University shall apply for both Internal and External Evaluations of ProjectReport.
- 3. The Project shall be done under the supervision and guidance of faculty of the department.
- 4. The project work shall **commence preferably by second semester and at least by third semester**. Students shall submit the report in the prescribed format at least three weeks before the commencement of end semester examination of the fourth semester. Internal assessment shall be based on completion of the project, following the norms prescribed in GeneralGuidelines.
- 5. The area of project shall be related to business/ commerce/ related fields/ and may be closely associated to the area of specialization. Topics shall also be selected with the help of linkages with industry or policy makingbodies.
- 6. The student shall submit copies of project report, either printed or typed. There shall be a minimum of 40 pages and a maximum of 75 pages. The report may be hard bound or soft bound or spirally bound and the printing

can be either double sided or single sided. A **softcopy of the report** may also be submitted to thedepartment.

- 7. The report shall contain thefollowing:
  - Title page with topic, details of the student with Register Number, Supervisor details and Month and Year of Submission.
  - Certificate from Supervising teacher and counter signed by the Head of the Department with departmentseal.
  - Declaration by the student which shall include plagiarism details also. The relevant guidelines issued by the UGC and the University shall strictly be adhered to.
  - Acknowledgement
  - Contents
  - Preferably 5 chapters with

Chapter 1 presenting Introduction and Methodology,

Chapter 2 Literature Review,

Chapter 3 Theoretical review,

Chapter 4 Analysis and Interpretation and

Chapter 5 Findings, Conclusion, Suggestions etc.

Guidelines regarding chapterisation are not absolute and may be altered according to topic/ presentationconvenience.

- Appendix (Questionnaire/Schedule, Secondary data used for analysis, Statistical calculation detailsetc)
- Bibliography

(References may be presented in APA style)

- 8. The Internal Evaluation of the project shall be done at the department level and the component presentation/viva shall be based on **open presentation by the student, preferably with the help of audio-visual aids, in the form of a defense of the project.** The student has to produce a certificate before the Viva Board from the Head of the Department stating that the open presentation was done for the purpose of Internal Evaluation.
- 9. It is the responsibility of the student to put earnest effort for the completion of project. The consequences of plagiarism beyond permissible level in project work may result in failure of the course, in addition to otherconsequences.

Course Code	PG20CO4V
Title of the Course	COMPREHENSIVE VIVA
Туре	Core- Viva
Credits	2
Hours	NA

Course Outcome No.	Expected Course Outcome	Cognitive Level	Programme Specific Outcome Linkage
	The learner should have the capacity to communicate his/herunderstanding in various subjects studied.	K1, K4 & K5	PSO1 to 6 and PO5

## Knowledge Levels: K1-Remembering, K4-Analyzing and K5-Evaluating

# **Guidelines for Comprehensive Viva**

- 1. Comprehensive Viva will be a part of the programme and the external assessment will be held at the end of fourthsemester.
- 2. The viva shall cover courses of all semesters and basics of commerce and related fields.
- 3. Elective area of study shall be covered inviva.
- 4. The Internal Evaluation shall be done by the faculty of the department and shall cover courses of all semester. The schedule of internal viva shall be announced sufficiently earlier and shall be concluded before the commencement of end semester examinations of fourthsemester.
- 5. The student may opt for one course of his/her choice and the Viva Board may select other courses from which questions may beasked.
- 6. The questions shall be a judicious mix of various categories of difficultylevel.
- 7. The grades shall be awarded based on the answers, the communication skill and presentationskill.

# Zero Credit Course- Study Tour/ Industrial Visit/Internship

- 1. Study Tour/Industrial Visit is a part of M.Com Degree Programme. The Tour/Visit shall be pre-planned with specific objectives and shall be in tune with the Programme Objectives mentioned in the Syllabusdocument.
- 2. The visit may be for **one to five days** and can be undertaken in a semester or spread over semesters, depending on the convenience.
- Industrial visit may cover Manufacturing Units, Service Sector Undertakings, Start Up Units, Units in SEZ or other Specialized Industrial Areas. The student may get acquainted with Organisation Structure, Inventory Management, Production Process, Pay Roll Maintenance, Accountsetc.
- 4. The student shall **prepare and submit a diary, either in printed form or as softcopy to the tutor** concerned which shall cover days of visit, learning objectives, interactions, details of observation, outcome etc and shall contain illustrations, pictures, certificates issued, if anyetc.
- 5. The department may also arrange **Short Term Internship** as a part of on the Job Training and encourage students to undertake the training which is line with the Programme Objectives.

# **MODEL QUESTION PAPERS**

#### M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER (2020 Admissions onwards) *First Semester* PG20CO101- SPECIALISED ACCOUNTING

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

#### Section A

## Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. What are the objectives of setting AccountingStandards?
- X Ltd provides you the following information .Compute EPS as per AS-20. Number of equity shares outstanding as at beginning of the period - 5,00,000. Bonus issue on 1<sup>st</sup> July of current year = 3 shares for every 1 shareheld Net Profit for current and previous reporting period (assume calendar)

year) - Rs160 lakhs and Rs.50lakhs

 Compute goodwill based on 5 years purchase of super profit if (a) Future maintainable profit before tax Rs.15 lakhs, (b) Normal after tax rate of return-20%

(c) Capital employed - Rs.36 lakhs (d) Tax 45%

- 4. Define Purchase Consideration as perAS14.
- 5. Is there any difference in the treatment of goodwill and reserves under pooling of interest method and purchase method? If yes stateit.
- 6. What do you mean by NBFC Micro FinanceInstitutions?
- Calculate the provisions to be made against advances by NBFC as per Prudential norms from the followingdata-

Asset Classification	Rs. in lakhs
Standard Assets	8,000
Sub-Standard assets	5,600
Secured portion of Doubtful debts : up to 1 year	2,000
1 to3years	1,800
For more than 3 years	550

LossAssets	1,250
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- Compute NAV of each unit of the Mutual fund-i) Scheme size Rs.10,00,000,000,ii) Face value per unit Rs.10 ,iii) Investment on quoted shares having market value Rs.25,00,00,000.
- 9. What are the contents of revenue account of a MutualFund?
- 10. What is Blockchainaccounting? (8 x 1 = 8)

## Section B

#### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed *Two* pages (Weight 2)

- 11. Write short notes on the applicability of accounting standards based on activities performed?
- 12. i) X ltd .purchased goods at the cost of Rs.40 lakhs in October. Till the end of the financial year,75% of the Stocks were sold. The company wants to disclose Closing Stock at Rs.10 lakhs. The expected Sale value is Rs.11 lakhs and a commission at 10% on sale is payable to the Agent What is the correct closing stock?

ii) Y Ltd has provided depreciation as per accounting records of Rs.8,00,000 and as per tax records it is Rs.14,00000.Unamortized preliminary expenses as per tax records is Rs 11200.There is adequate evidence of future profit sufficiency. How much DTA/DTL should be recognised? Tax rate is40%

13. From the following information relating to a company calculate the value of its shares
Issued equity share capital—10,000 shares of
Rs.10 each Paid up equity share capital-Rs.8
per share
6% preference sharecapital-1,00,000 shares of Rs.10
each fully paid Annual transfers to general reserves -

20%

Rate of tax-50%

Expected profit before tax-

Rs.2,00,000 Normal rate of

return-20%

- 14. At the beginning of a financial year ,a mutual fund scheme had 9 lakhs units of face value of Rs 10.The scheme earned Rs. 81 lakhs during the year,out of which Rs.45 lakhs was earned in first half year. One lakhs units were sold on 30<sup>th</sup> September at NAV Rs.60Show important accounting entries for sale of units and distribution of dividend at the end of theyear.
- 15. The abstract of B/S of X Ltd as at 31<sup>st</sup>March:-

Equity share capital @ Rs.100 =Rs 15,00000

12% preference shares @Rs.100 = 8,00000

13% Debentures Rs.300000

On 31st March B Ltd agreed to takeover X Ltd on the following terms

- 1. For each preference shares in X Ltd Rs.10 in cash and one 9% preference shares of Rs.100 in Bltd
- For each equity shares in X ltd Rs.20 in cash and one equity shares in B Ltd of Rs 100 each .It was decided that the shares in B ltd will be issued at market price Rs.140 pershare
- 3. Liquidation expense of X Ltd are to be reimbursed by B Ltd to the extent of Rs.10,000. Actual expenses amount toRs.12500
- 16. A Ltd having share capital of Rs.50 Lakhs divided in to equity shares of Rs.10 each ,was taken over by B Ltd .A Ltd has general reserve of Rs.10,0000 and profit and loss account Cr.Rs.500000.BLtd issued 11 equity shares of Rs. 10 each for every shares of ALtd .Show how the journal entries would be passed in the books of BLtd , for the shares issued under the pooling of interest method of amalgamation.
- 17. Write short notes on Forensic accounting and leanaccounting
- 18. How investments are accounted by mutualfunds?

 $(6 \ge 2 = 12)$ 

## Section C

#### Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

 Briefly explain the concepts of Green Accounting and its Scope and Significance. Also mention its developments in a globalised era. 20. The following information relate to X Ltd as at 31<sup>st</sup> March (all Figures in lakhs)

Liabilities	20x1	20x2	20x3	Assets	200x1	200x2	200x3
Capital: 10000	10	10	10	Goodwill	4	3	2
shares ofRs.100							
each fullypaidup							
Creditors	3.50	4.50	5.50	Factory	9	10	10
				Building			
				&			
				Machinery			
				(less			
				depreciation)			
General reserve	4.50	5.50	6.50	Stock	4	5	6
Profit and loss	0.80	0.90	1.20	Debtors	0.20	0.90	2.50
account							
				Cash &bank	1.60	2	2.70
				Balance			
Total	18.80	20.90	23.20	Total	18.80	20.90	23.20

**Balance Sheet** 

The following assets have been undervalued and their real worth to

the business being:-

Particulars	20x1	20x2	20x3
Freehold land building and machinery	10	11	12.50
Stock	5.20	6.10	8.00
Netprofit after writing off depreciation and provision for	4.80	5.70	6.10
taxation a general reserve balance(including opening			
balance)			

According to the company's Article, directors have declared and paid dividends to its members in March each year out of the profit of the relative year. The cost of goodwill of the company was Rs.4 Lahks .capital employed at the beginning of the year 20x2 was Rs.19,30,000 including the cost of goodwill and balance in P/L Accountant the same time was Rs.80,000.

Compute i) Average capital employed during the 3 years

ii) Goodwill on the basis of 4 years purchase of the average super

profit on a 10% yieldbasis.

iii)Yield Value of shares of the business as a goingconcern

21. Following are the Balance Sheet of X Ltd and Y Ltd on 31<sup>st</sup>march

Equity and	X ltd	Y Ltd	Assets	X Ltd	Y Ltd
liability					
EquityShares	600000	300000	Fixed assets	700000	250000
of Rs.10each					
10% preference	200000	100000	Stock	240000	320000
shares of Rs.10					
Each					
Reserve and	300000	200000	Debtors	360000	190000
surplus					
12%	200000	150000	Bills	60000	20000
debentures			receivable		
Creditors	220000	125000	Cash at bank	110000	40000
Bills Payable	30000	25000	Investment in :-		
			6000 shares in Y	80000	
			Ltd		80000
			5000 Shares in		
			X Ltd		
Total	15,50,000	9,00,000	Total	15,50,000	9,00,000

Fixed assets of both the companies are to be valued at 15% above book value and Stock and Debtors are to be taken over at 5% less than their book values. Both the companies are to pay 10% equity dividends, preference dividend having been paid already.

After the above transactions are given effect to X Ltd will absorb Y Ltd on the following terms:-

- 8 equity shares of Rs.10 each will be issued by X Ltd at par against 6 shares of Y Ltd.
- 10% preference shares of Y Ltd will be paidoff, by issue of 10 % preference shares of Rs.100 each of X Ltd atpar.

- 3. 12% debenture holders of Y Ltd are to be paid off at 8% premium by12% debentures in X Ltd ,issued at a discount of 10%
- 4. Discount on issue of debentures will be written off against capital reserve to the extent available and balance against revenue reserve, ifrequired.
- 5. Rs.30000 to be paid by X Ltd to Y Ltd for liquidationexpenses.
- 6. Sundry creditors of Y Ltd include Rs.10,000 due to XLtd.

Prepare (i) A statement of purchase consideration payable by XLtd. (ii) A balance sheet of X Ltd after its absorption by YLtd.

- 22. B Ltd has installed a new plant (not a qualifying asset) at its production facility in a year. It has incurred the followingcosts:
  - a) Cost as per suppliers invoice plus tax Rs. 300,00,000
  - b) Initial delivery and handling cost Rs.10,00,000
  - c) Cost of site preparation Rs.20,00,000
  - d) Consultant fees for advice on the acquisition of the plant Rs.5,00,000
  - e) Interest charges paid to supplier of plant against deferred credit Rs.10,00,000
  - f) Present value of estimated dismantling cost to be incurred after 10 years Rs. 3,00,000
  - g) Operating losses before commercial production Rs.4,00,000

The company identified Motors installed in the plant as separate component and a cost of Rs. 50,00,000 (included in invoice price) and other costs are allocated to them proportionately. The company estimates the useful life of the plant and those of the motors as 10 years and 6 years respectively and straight line method of depreciation is used.

At the end of 4<sup>th</sup> year the company replaces the motors installed in the plant at a cost of Rs. 60,00,000 and estimated the useful life of the new motors is 5 years. Also the company revalued its entire class of fixed assets at the end of the 4<sup>th</sup> year. The revalued amount of the plant as a whole is Rs. 2, 50,00,000. At the end of the 8<sup>th</sup> year the company decides to retire the plant from active use and also disposed the plant as a whole for Rs.60,00,000.

Assuming that there is no change in the decommissioning liability

during the period of use, how should the company account for the above transactions in its books of accounts in accordance with AS10.

$$(2 \times 5 = 10)$$

Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

## M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

## (2020 Admissions onwards) First Semester

#### PG20CO102- ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

#### Section A

## Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. How organisational theory is related to organisationalbehaviour?
- 2. Define OrganisationalBehaviour.What are itsgoals?
- 3. Write a note on Organisation Man Model suggested by William HWhite.
- 4. What are the biological factors that determine an individual'spersonality?
- 5. Explain Herzberg's Two-Factor Theory of Motivation.
- 6. What are the three concepts that interact in Vroom's theory of motivation?
- 7. Distinguish between authority and power.
- 8. Explain Robert House's Path-Goal Theory of Leadership.
- 9. Write a note on OrganisationalCulture
- 10. Explain revolutionary changewith example.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8)$ 

## Section B

#### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed *Two* pages (Weight 2)

- 11. Explain different models of OrganisationalBehaviour.
- 12. Discuss how various disciplines contributed to the development of organisationalbehaviour.
- 13. Explain different stages in the development of agroup.
- 14. Compare autocratic and consultative leadershipstyles.
- 15. Discuss the managerial issues in the Greiner's five stages of organisational growth.
- 16. What is Group Cohesiveness? What are the features of a cohesivegroup?
- 17. Explain how Grid Training and Sensitivity Training helps in OrganisationalDevelopment.

18. Explain different elements in the process of learning. (6 x 2 = 12)

# Section C

## Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

19. What are the causes for resistance to change in an organisation? How a

manager can overcome these resistances?

- 20. Explain the strategies for stimulating constructive conflict and resolving destructive conflicts.
- 21. Which are the major Internal and external factors that influencePerception?
- 22. Briefly discuss how Transactional Analysis is helpful in analysing and understanding interpersonalbehaviour.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

#### M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

(2020 Admissions onwards) First Semester

## PG20CO103 – MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Time:ThreeHours

Maximum Weight:30

## Section A

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1) What is BrandEquity?
- 2) Define MarketSegmentation.
- 3) What is RetailMarketing?
- 4) Explain the 4 Ps of Marketing.
- 5) What is TestMarketing?
- 6) DefinePatent.
- 7) Explain the AIDAS model applied inmarketing.
- 8) Explain NicheMarketing.
- 9) What is MetaMarketing?
- 10) ExplainProduct Line.

(1x8=8)

## Section B

#### Answer any Sixquestions. Answer shall not exceed Twopages (Weight 2)

- 11) What is branding? Explain the characteristics of a good brand.
- 12) Define packaging. What is the significance of package onsales?
- 13) Enumerate all the factors that influence consumerbehaviour.
- 14) What are the various stages in the buying decisionprocess?
- 15) Distinguish between marketing andselling.
- 16) Define market targeting. Discuss the various steps involved in markettargeting.
- 17) What is Product Life-Cycle? What are the different stages in the ProductLife-Cycle?
- 18) Explain the various phases in newproduct development.(6x2=12)

# Section C

## Answer any *Two* questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

- 19) The service marketing is considered as a distinctive area of study inmarketing. Discuss.
- 20) What is market segmentation? What are the bases for marketsegmentation?
- 21) What do you mean by failure of a product? Explain the factors responsible for productfailure.
- 22. Describe the various factors which influence the modern marketing concept.

(5x2=10)

M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

(2020 Admissions onwards) First Semester

# PG20CO104 – MANAGEMENT OPTIMISATION TECHNIQUES

Time:ThreeHours

Maximum Weight:30

## Section A

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. What is meant by modelling inO.R?
- 2. State the meaning and use of artificial variables.
- 3. What are unbalanced transportation problems?
- 4. How will you solve maximization problems using assignmenttechniques?
- 5. Distinguish between assignment problems and transportation problems.
- 6. What is decision making under risk? How are decisions made under riskysituations?
- 7. An electric generator costs Rs.20,0000. Operating and maintenance cost are Rs.10,000 per year for the first five years. In the sixth and the subsequent years these cost increase by Rs.2000 each year. Assuming 10% cost of money per year. Find the optimum length of time to keep the machine before replacingit.
- 8. What is the meaning of critical path and slack time in Networkanalysis?
- 9. Solve the following Gameproblem

10. An animal feed company must produce 200 Kg of a mixture consisting of ingredients X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>2</sub>. The ingredient X<sub>1</sub> costs Rs.3 per Kg and X<sub>2</sub> costs Rs.5 per Kg. Not more than 80 Kg of X<sub>1</sub> can be used and at least 60 Kg of X<sub>2</sub> must be used. Formulate the model to minimize the cost of themixture.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8)$ 

## Section B

## Answer any Sixquestions. Answer shall not exceed Twopages (Weight 2)

- 11. What are the characteristics of OR?
- 12. Solve the following LPP using

graphic method.Minimise Z=  $22x_1 + 18x_2$ 

Subjectto  $3x_1 + 2x_2 \le 48$ 

```
x_1 + x_2 \leq 20
```

```
x_1 , x_2 \ge 0
```

13. Solve the following transportation problem using NWCM&LCM

	$\mathbf{W}_1$	$\mathbf{W}_2$	$\mathbf{W}_3$	Demand
<b>P</b> <sub>1</sub>	7	6	9	20
P <sub>2</sub>	5	7	13	28
P3	4	5	8	17
Capacity	21	25	19	65

- 14. An Oil company may bid for only one for the two contracts for oil drilling in two different areas. It is estimated that a profit of Rs.30,000 would be realized from the first field of and Rs.40,000 from the second field. These profit amount have been determined ignoring the cost of bidding which amount to Rs.2500 for the first field and Rs.5000 for the second field. Which oil field the company should bid for if the probability of getting contract for the first field is 0.07 and that of second field is0.6?
- 15. A motor parts dealer finds that the cost of a particular item in stock for a week is Rs.

20andcostofunitshortageisRs.50.Theprobabilitydistributionofweeklysales(in \_000s items) is as follows:

Weekly Sales 00s)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Probability	10	10	20	20	20	15	05

16. The expected time for completion of a project is 29 weeks and variance is 6.(a) If a 30 weeks deadline is imposed, what is the probability that the project will be finished within the time limit? (b) If the project manager wants to be

99% sure that the project is completed on the scheduled date how many weeks before that date should he start the projectwork?

- 17. Briefly explain with an example the use of Crashing in the planning and control of projects
- 18. Briefly explain the methodology for solving replacementproblems.

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$ 

# Section C

## Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

19. Solve the following Linear Programming using

Simplex method. Max:  $Z = 40x_1 + 80x_2$ 

Subjectto  $2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 48$   $x_1 \leq 15$   $x_1 \leq 10$   $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$ 

20. A manufacturer wants to ship 8 loads of his product as shown below: The following metrics gives the mileage between variousdestinations

		А	В	С	Available
	Х	50	30	220	1
	Y	90	45	170	3
	Ζ	250	200	50	4
Required		4	2	2	

Shipping cost is Rs. 10 per load mile. What shipping should be used?

	Ι	II	III	IV	V
А	1	3	2	3	6
В	2	4	3	1	5
С	5	6	3	4	6
D	3	1	4	2	2
Ε	1	5	6	5	4

21. Solve the following assignmentproblem.

How may units should the dealer order?

22. The following table gives the activities in a construction project and other relevant information.

Activity	1-2	1-3	2-3	2-4	3-4	4-5
Duration	20	25	10	12	6	10

- i. Draw the Networkproject
- ii. Find criticalpath
- iii. Calculate variousfloats

(2x5=10)

Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

## M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

(2020 Admissions onwards) First Semester

## PG20CO105-METHODOLOGY FOR SOCIAL SCIENCE RESEARCH

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. Write a short note on Positivism inresearch.
- 2. Clarify the importance of LiteratureReview.
- 3. What are Descriptive researchdesigns?
- 4. Briefly explain Researchhypothesis.
- 5. What are the essential qualities of a goodsample?
- 6. Write a brief note on different types of Scales.
- 7. What do you mean by Reliabilityanalysis?
- 8. State the meaning of Eyeballing inresearch?
- 9. What is Cronbach'sAlpha?
- 10. What isAPAstyle? =8)

(1x8)

## Section B

#### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed *Two* pages (Weight 2)

- 11. Distinguish between Research Methods and ResearchMethodology.
- 12. Describe the technique of defining researchproblem.
- 13. Explain the need and features of Research Design.
- 14. Describe Extraneous, Moderating and InterveningVariables.
- 15. State the role of case study method inresearch.
- 16. What are the steps in the construction of researchinstrument?
- 17. Explain various levels of measurement.
- 18. -In interpreting common sense is important –Elucidate. (2x6=12)

# Section C

## Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

- 19. State with sufficient details the different steps involved in ResearchProcess.
- 20. What are different probability sampling methods? Explain eachmethod.
- 21. Discuss various methods used to collect primary data along with its merits and demerits.
- 22. Describe the layout of a research report, covering all relevant points.

(2 x 5=10)

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

(2020 Admissions onwards) Second Semester

## PG20CO206-ADVANCED CORPORATE ACCOUNTING

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

## Section A

## Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. What are the circumstances in which a company be wound up byNCLT?
- 2. What are the conditions to be satisfied by a company for opting voluntary liquidation under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy procedure code2016?
- Explain the terms Tariff and Dividend Control Reserve and Consumer Benefit accounts related to electricity companyaccounts.
- 4. Explain List B Contributory'. What is the significance of such contributory?
- 5. Mention the purpose of Statement of Affairs.
- 6. Explain the terms; Stevedoring Expenses, Bunker Cost, Primage&Freight.
- 7. A enters into a contract with X ltd, to underwrite its 5000 shares of Rs 100 each in consideration of 5% commission. He also enters into an agreement with C to sub underwrite 2000 shares of X ltd @ a commission on 2% the public subscribes for 2500 shares only. And subsequently the shares were taken by A who sold his shares @ Rs 90 per share. The shares were taken up by C were sold at Rs 100 per share. Expenses of underwriting amounts to Rs 600. Prepare underwriting account in the books ofA.
- A liquidator is entitled to receive remuneration @2% of the assets realized and 3% of the amount distributed among the unsecured creditors. The assets realized Rs.25,00,000 against which payments were :- Liquidation expenses Rs.25,000; preferential creditors Rs.75,000 and secured creditors Rs.10,00,000.Calculate the remuneration payable to theliquidator.
- H Ltd has 5000 equity shares Rs.100 each and S Ltd has 10,000 shares of Rs.10 each.

P/L A/c credit balance H Ltd –Rs. 55,000 S Ltd.40,000 .Creditors ;- H Ltd Rs. 20,000 S Ltd.Rs.35,000.H Ltd holds 8000 shares of S Ltd. H Ltd acquired shares in S Ltd when S Ltd had Rs. 25000 in profit and loss account. No dividend has been declared by S Ltd. Calculate minority interest.

10. A Gas company rebuilds its works at a cost of Rs 3,30,000. In the process, it completely replaces a part of the old works which had cost Rs.1,30,000.In constructing the new works old materials worth Rs.4600 is used and the value is included in the cost of the new works. The balance of the material resulting from the old works which are replaced is sold for Rs. 10,000. In the cost of the works which are replaced, the cost of material is 70% and labour 30% and present cost of material and labour have increased by 12.5% and 15% respectively. Determine the to be capitalised and the amount net chargetorevenue.  $(1 \times 8 = 8)$ 

## Section B

## Answer any Sixquestions. Answer shall not exceed Twopages (Weight 2)

- 11. Explain in detail how the profit arising from a hotel business is ascertained? What are the difficulties to be faced by an accountant in thisregard?
- 12. Distinguish between double accounting system and double entry system of accounting.
- 13. Explain the term Minority Interest. What are the steps in computing minority interest?
- JJ commenced a voyage on 1<sup>st</sup> October 2012 from Mumbai to Chennai. The details of complete voyage, i.e. Mumbai to Chennai and back were asfollows.

Coal consumed	70000	Freight	400000
Port Charges	14000	stores consumed	30000
Depreciation	40000	Salaries	48000
Sundry expenses	4000	insurance-ship	40000
Wages	8000	insurance - freight	16000

Primage and address commission was 10% and 5% respectively. Freight relating to the return journey amounted to Rs.120000/- only. The accounts are closed on 31st December; the ship was on her half way back to Mumbai on the date closing the accounts. Prepare voyage account.

15. From the following particulars draw up (1) Capital Account and (2)
 General Balance Sheet as on 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2018 on double accountsystem.

Authorised Capital	30,00,000	Trade Debtors	3,80,000
Subscribed Capital	26,00,000	Cash	3,50,000
11% Debentures	4,00,000	Investments	1,50,000
Reserves	1,50,000	Stock	2,40,000

Expenditure to 30<sup>th</sup> June 2018:

Land Rs. 1,20,000 ,Shafting Rs. 13,50,000 , Machinery Rs. 4,00,000, Buildings Rs. 1,30,000

The expenditure during the year ended 30-6-2018 was Rs. 2,50,000 and Rs. 1,00,000 respectively on the last three items and a Renewal Fund of Rs. 2,50,000 had been created. The balancing item of Rs. 1,60,000 may be taken as profit of the company.

16. City Electricity Ltd. Earned a clear profit of Rs. 16,90,000 during the year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2010 after debenture interest @ 7.5% on Rs. 5,00,000. With the help of the figures given below, show the disposal of theprofits:

Rs. (in lakhs) Original cost of fixed assets 200 Formation & other expenses 10 Monthly average of current assets (net) 50 Reserve Fund (represented by 4% Government securities) 20 **Contingencies Reserve Fund Investments** 5 30 Loan from Electricity board Total Depreciation written off to date 40 Tariffs & Dividends Control Reserve 1

4

Security deposits received from customers Assume bank rate to be 6%.

17. The position of Valueless Ltd. on its liquidation is as under : Issued and paid upcapital:

3000 11% Preference shares of Rs 100 each fully paid 3000 Equity shares of Rs 100 each , fully paid

1000 Equity shares of Rs 50 Each, 30 per share paid

Calls in arrears Rs 10,000 and calls received in advance Rs 5000. Preference dividends are in arrears for one year. Amount left with the liquidator after discharging all liabilities is Rs 4,13,000. Articles of Association of the company provides for payment of preference dividend arrears in priority to return of equity capital.

You are required to prepare the Liquidator's Final Statement of Account

18. A Ltd has acquired 5,00,000 shares of Rs.10 each in C Ltd constituting62.5% of the latter's equity. On the same day, ALtd had also acquired1,00,000 8% Preference Shares of Rs.20 each of the samecompany.

The balances in reserves of C Ltd are:

Capital Reserve Rs.6,00,000 (fully Pre Acquisition). Securities Premium Rs.1,50,000(fully Post Acquisition) General Reserve Rs.7,80,000 (30% Pre Acquisition 70% post acquisition), Profit and loss A/c Rs.90,00,000 (50% pre acquisition 50% post Acquisition).

Ascertain the cost of control if total cost of investment is (a) Rs.75,00,000 (b) 85,00,000 and(c) 1,00,00,000.

 $(2 \times 6 = 12)$ 

# Section C

## Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

19. Explain in detail the corporate insolvency resolution process under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Procedure Code 2016. Also explain the functions of Insolvency and Bankruptcy Board ofIndia.

Particulars	P Ltd	R Ltd
Equity &Liabilities	Rs.	Rs.
Share capital (Rs.10 each fully paid)	250000	1,00,000
General Reserves	75000	30000
Profit & Loss A/c	70,000	60,000
Creditors	50,000	20,000
Trade Payables	5,000	2,000
	4,50,000	2,12,000
Assets		
Goodwill	20,000	10,000
Fixed Assets	2,60,000	1,70,000
Stock	80,000	30,000
6000Equity shares in R Ltd	85,000	
Cash	5000	2000
	<u>4,50,000</u>	2,12,000

20. The following are the balance sheet of P Ltd. and R Ltd. as at March20x1.

Additional Information:-

- 1. Shares in R ltd were acquired by P Ltd on1st July20x1
- R Ltd had on 1.1 20x1 Rs. 18,000in General reserve and Rs.14,000 in profit and loss account.
- 3. Included in the creditors of R Ltd is Rs.12,000 for goods supplied by PLtd.
- 4. Included in the stock of R ltd are goods to the value of Rs.6000which were supplied by P Ltd at a profit of 25% oncost.
  Prepare a Consolidated Balance sheet

Liabilities	Rs	Assets	Rs.
14% Pref. shares of Rs. 10	4,00,000	Land	40,000
each	4,80,000	Buildings	1,60,000
8000 equity shares of Rs 100		Plant and Machinery	5,40,000
each		Patents	40,000
Secured Loans:	2,30,000	Stock at cost	1,00,000
14% Debt having floating		Sundry Debtors	2,30,000
charge on all assets	32,000	Cash	60,000
Interest on above debentures	1,50,000	P& L account	2,40,000
Loan on mortgage of land			
and building	1,18,000		
Sundry Creditors			
	14,10,000		14,10,000

21. Following are the liabilities and assets of X Ltd as on 31<sup>st</sup> March2012.

On 31/03/2012, the company went into voluntary liquidation. The dividend on 14% pref. shares was in arrears for one year. Sundry creditors include preferential creditors of Rs30,000.

The Assets realized include, Land Rs.80,000; Buildings Rs 2,00,000; Plant & Machinery Rs 5,00,000; Patent Rs 50,000; Stock Rs1,60,000; Sundry Drs. Rs 2,00,000.

The expenses of liquidation amounted to Rs 29,434.the liquidator is entitled to a commission of 2% on all assets (except cash @ bank) and 2% on amounts distributed among unsecured creditors other than preferential creditors. Allpayments were made on 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2012. Interest on mortgage loan shall be ignored at the ties of payment.

Prepare Liquidators Final Statement of Account.

22. Following balances are extracted from the books of City Light Supply

Corporation as on 31stMarch,2012

Equity shares		1,64,700
Debentures		60,000
Sundry creditors on open account		300
Depreciation fund		75,000
Capital expenditure on 30-3-2011	2,85,000	
Capital expenditure during 2011-2012	18,300	
Sundry debtors for current supplied	12,000	
Other debtors	150	
Cash in hand	1,500	
Stores in hand	1,500	
Cost of generation of electricity	9,000	
Cost of distribution of electricity	1,500	
Rent ,rates& taxes	1,500	
Management expenses	3,600	
Depreciation	6,000	
Interest on debentures	3,000	
Interim dividend	6,000	
Sale of current		39,00
Meter rent		1,500
Balance of net revenue account as on 1 <sup>st</sup> April,2011		8,550
	3,49,050	3,49,050

Prepare

- a) Capital account
- b) RevenueAccount
- c) Net Revenue Account
- d) General Balance Sheet

# (2 x 5= 10)

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

# (2020 Admissions onwards) SecondSemester

### PG20CO207-HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. Write a note on QualityCircle.
- 2. What are the objectives of Induction?
- 3. Explain why Human Resource Policy isimportant?
- 4. Mention any two qualities of an HRDmanager.
- 5. Explain the benefits of training to theindividual.
- 6. How technical training is different from training for managementchange?
- 7. What are the challenges to effective training?
- 8. Write a note on Promotion andDemotion.
- 9. Write a note on Sweat EquityScheme.
- 10. Explain HR Outsourcingwithexample.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8)$ 

# Section B

## Answer any Sixquestions. Answer shall not exceed Twopages (Weight 2)

- 11. What are your suggestions to improve industrial relations?
- 12. What are the methods to anticipate and understand grievances in anorganisation?
- 13. Explain different approaches to Human ResourceAccounting.
- 14. Compare the contents in Job Description and JobSpecification.
- 15. Explain the process of Human ResourcePlanning.
- 16. Explain the objectives of Job Evaluation. How it is different from JobAnalysis?
- 17. Explain how co-operative counselling is different from other forms of counselling?
- 18. Briefly explain the scope of HumanResourceManagement.  $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

# Section C

### Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

- 19. Discuss on the merits and demerits of various internal and external sources of recruitment.
- 20. Elaborate on the subsystems or mechanisms required for a well designed HRD programme.
- 21. Briefly explain the modern methods used for evaluating employeeperformance.

22. Explain different on-the-job and off-the-job training methods and techniques and highlights its suitability.

 $(2 \ge 5 = 10)$ 

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

(2020 Admissions onwards) SecondSemester

### PG20CO208-INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS AND FINANCE

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. Prepare a brief note onGlobalisation.
- 2. International business is not just a combination of export and import of goods. Explain.
- 3. What is Management Contracting? Illustrate it with an example.
- 4. Distinguish between ethnocentric and polycentric approaches to international business.
- 5. What do you understand by terms of trade? Why is itimportant?
- 6. Why do governments impose tradebarriers?
- 7. Give a brief note onRCEP.
- 8. What is SDR? How is itvalued?
- 9. What do you understand by international monetary system? Who are the main players in international monetary system?
- 10. What are Masala Bonds? When are the yissued?  $(8 \times 1 = 8)$

### Section B

#### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed *Two* pages (Weight 2)

- 11. Explain the steps in Country RiskAnalysis.
- 12. Give the structure of India's Balance of Paymentformat.
- 13. Explain the PPPtheory.
- 14. Foreign exchange exposure doesn't always lead to foreign exchange risk.Explain.
- 15. Prepare a note on different foreign currencyaccounts.
- 16. Discuss the factors that affect the terms of trade between twocountries.
- 17. Explain comparative cost advantage theory with anexample.
- 18. Explain the nature of International Business.  $(6 \times 2 = 12)$

# Section C

# Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

- 19. Explain the impact of WTO on India's foreign trade.
- 20. Explain the reasons for entering foreignmarkets.
- 21. Discuss the various international paymentmethods.
- 22. Explain the institutional framework of FDI decision making and FDI routes in India.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

#### (2020 Admissions onwards) Second Semester

#### **PG20CO209-QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES**

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight1)

- 1. Give an outline of role of QT in business and industry.
- 2. What is the significance of SQC in business?
- 3. What is Ztransformation?
- 4. What is StandardError?
- Distinguish between 1) Point estimate and Interval Estimate.2)
   Type1 error and Type 2error
- 6. A salesman of a company visited at random 8 cities and the number of orders obtained in different cities are 5,6,4,8,2,4,9,1.Check whether the number of orders obtained is 7 as against the alternative hypothesis H1: $\mu$ <7 using sign test at a significance level of0.05.
- 7. A survey of financial executives at Fortune 100 companies showed that 60% were confident that economic growth of U S would continue over the next 2 years. If the survey included 984 executives give a 95% confidence interval for the proportion of executives who are confident about US economic growth.
- 8. Based on past experience the quality engineer of Heavy Electrical limited has estimated that the probability of commissioning each project in time at a client site is 0.9 The company is planning to commissioning 5 such projects in the following year.Find the probability of commissioning at least 2 projects in time.
- In a distribution exactly normal 7% of the items are under 35 and 89% are under 63. What is the mean of the distribution.
- 10. A group of 5 patients treated with medicine A weights 42,39,48,60 and 41 kgs Second group of 7 patients from the same hospital treated with medicine B weight 38,42,56,64,68,69 and 62 kgs. The hospital authorities claims that medicine B increases the

weightsignificantly.

Write the null hypothesis and alternative hypothesis and also mention

the test statistics applicable to test the validity of the claim.

(8 x 1 = 8)

### Section B

#### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed *Two* pages (Weight 2)

11. What is multivariate analysis? Give any four examples for tools used for the same..

12. What are the different control charts forattributes?

13. State the merits and demerits of QT.

14. If 2% of the electric bulbs manufactures by a certain company are defective find the probability that in a sample of 200 bulbs (i) lessthan 2bulbs are defectives (ii) more than 2 bulbs are defectives.

15. In a certain examination the % of passes and distinction were 46 and 9 respectively. Estimate the average marks obtained by the candidates, the minimum pass and distinction marks being 40 and 75respectively.

Also determine what would have been the minimum qualifying marks for admission to a re- examination of the failed candidates had it been desired that the best 25% of them should be given another opportunity of being examined.

16. The mean height obtained from a random sample of size 100 is 64 inches. The SD of the height distribution of the population is known to be 3 inches. Test the statements that the mean height of the population is67 inches at 5% level of significance. Also setup 99% limits of the mean height of thepopulation.

17. Themeansof2samplesofsize9and7are196.42and198.82respectively .The sum of the squares of the squares of the deviation from the mean are26.94 and 18.73 respectively. Can the sample be considered to have been drawn from the same normalpopulation? 18. The production volume of units assembled by 3 different operators during 9 shifts are summarized below. Check whether there is significant difference between the production volumes of

units assembled by the 3 operators using Kruskal Wallis H testat 5%	
level ofsignificance.	

Operator- 1	29	34	34	20	32	45	42	24	35
Operator-2	30	21	23	25	44	37	34	19	38
Operator-3	26	36	41	48	27	39	28	46	15

 $(6 \times 2 = 12)$ 

# Section C

#### Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

19. You are given the value of Sample Means and Ranges for 10 samples of size 5 each. DrawMean Chart and Range Chart and comment on the state of control of the process.

Sample No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Sample Means	43	49	37	44	45	37	51	46	43	47
Ranges	5	6	5	7	7	4	8	6	4	6

You may use the following control chart constants . For n=5, A2=.058, D3=0,D4=2.115?

20. Fit a normal distribution to the following data and test if it gives a goodfit.

Variable	10 -12	13 - 15	16 - 18	19 - 21	22 - 24	Total
Frequency	5	18	42	27	8	100

22. Four salesman A,B,C,D recorded their sales of sarees in three different seasons – Summer, winter, and monsoon. The figures are given in the following tables. Find out if there is a significant different in the sales recorded by the salesman and in differentseason.

	Salesman	Salesman	Salesman	Salesman D
	А	В	С	
Summer	360	360	210	290
Winter	280	290	310	320
Monsoon	260	280	290	350

22. (i) In an infantile paralysis epidemic, 500 persons contracted the disease. 300 received no serum treatment and of these 75 become paralysed. Of these who did receive serum treatment 65 become paralysed. Was the serum treatment effective?

(ii) A certain stimulus administered to each of the 12 patients resulted in the following change of blood pressure:-

Can it be concluded that the stimulus will in general be accompanied by an increase inbloodpressure?

(2 x 5 =10)

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

### (2020 Admissions onwards)

#### Second Semester

### PG20CO210- STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. Write a short note on BusinessPolicy.
- 2. Explain the concept of StrategicManagement.
- 3. What is Strategic Analysis?
- 4. Briefly explain the need of IndustryAnalysis
- 5. What is ScenarioPlanning?
- 6. What is SBU?
- 7. State the meaning of Strategic Alliance and briefly explain itstypes.
- 8. Explain the concept of StrategicRe-engineering.
- 9. Give short note on Strategic FundProgramming.
- 10. -StrategyChangesStructurellExplicate.

(8 X 1 = 8)

# Section B

### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed Two pages (Weight 2)

- 11. Explain the steps involved in the Strategic ManagementProcess.
- 12. Describe the characteristics of Objectives.
- 13. What are the different steps involved in SWOTAnalysis.
- 14. Discuss the factors affecting EnvironmentalAppraisal.
- 15. Write a detailed note on ValueChain.
- 16. What is Joint Venture? Explain Various types of Jointventures
- 17. Explain the ADL Life-cycleMatrix.
  - 18. State with sufficient details the techniques of strategic evaluation and control.

(2x6=12)

# Section C

# Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

19. Explain the concept of Mission and Objective; also state the

characteristics of a good Mission Statement, and Objective.

- 20. What is Michael Porter's Five Force Model? Portray the model indetail.
- 21. Describe the construction of BCG matrix and discuss its utility

instrategic management.

22. Strategyformulationandstrategyimplementationareinterdependent processes Comment on this statement by establishing its relationship. Also point out the differences.

(2x 5 = 10)

Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

### (2020 Admissions onwards)

### Third Semester

### PG20CO311- STRATEGIC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

### Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

### Section A

### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. Explain the functions of financialManagement.
- 2. What is Cost of RetainedEarnings?
- 3. Explain the concept of leverage. What is the relevance of financialleverage?
- 4. A project has an initial investment of Rs 100000. If it is expected to generate a cash flow of Rs 22000/- for each of the five years and the cost of capital is 10%, is the project acceptable under NPVtechnique?
- 5. Explain the term –Pointsofindifferencell.
- 6. Assume that the firm is contemplating to allow 5 percent discount for payment within 20 days after a credit purchase. It is expected that if discounts are offered, sales will increase by 20 percent and the average collection period will drop to 16 days. Comment on the feasibility of the decision-making suitableassumptions.
- A firm sells products for Rs 150/- per unit, have variable operating cost of Rs 60/ unit and fixed operating cost of Rs 65000/- per year. Show the various levels of EBIT that would results from sale of 2000 units, 500 units, and 1500units.
- 8. Explain how Monte Carlo Simulation Method is important in risk assessment process.
- Annual usage of inventory is Rs 2,00,000. Cost of placing an order is Rs
   80. Annual carrying cost is 10% of inventory value. Find outEOQ.
- 10. -A firm may think seriously about the satisfaction of its stake holders than the satisfaction of its management alone. Is ittrue? Why? (8x1=8)

# Section B

### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed Two pages (Weight 2)

11. A Ltd estimates its requirements of funds for the coming year to be

constant at a level of Rs 100000/-. If the cost of both current liabilities and long term financing are 8%, calculate the cost, using the hedging and conservative approaching and discuss your preference with respect to applying either of them to finance thefirm.

- 12. Firm X and Y are identical in every respect except that Y is levered while X is unlevered. Company Y has Rs 20,00,000 for 8% debentures outstanding. Assume that if assumptions of MM approach are met and tax rate is 50%, calculate the value of the firm as per MM approach if EBIT is Rs 6,00,000 and equity capitalisation rate of Y is10%.
- Leasing finance helps the firm to reduce its running expenses up to an extent. But selection of types of leasing makes its variation of the benefit to the concern. – Make a critical comment with theoretical justification.
- 14. The determination of capital structure in practice involves considerations in addition to the concerns about EPS, Value and Cash flows. Discuss the important considerations on the determination of capitalstructure.
- 15. What is meant by the term leverage? What are its types? With what type of risk is each leverage generally associated? Why is increasing leverage also indicative of increasingrisk?
- 16. The current price of a company's share is Rs 200. The company is expected to pay a dividend of Rs 5 per share next year with an annual growth rate of 10%. If an investor's required rate of return is 12%, should he buy theshare?
- 17. -Prof.James.E.Walterarguesthatthechoiceofdividendpoliciesalmostalways affect the value of the firm. Make a comment on his arguments on the basis of the established assumptions.
- 18. Assume that a project requires an outlay of Rs 100000/- and yield annual cash flow of Rs 25000/- for 7 years. Another project with same cost price gives Rs 35000/- for 5years. What is your comment on this situation, make your decision on which project is beneficial totheinvestor.

(6x2=12)

### Section C

Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

- 19. Explain the various techniques of capital budgeting bringing out the merits and demerits. The techniques may be explained with the help of simple examples, highlighting the rules for accept-reject based for single project and mutually exclusive projects.
- 20. Engineers Ltd is in the business of manufacturing nut bolts. Some more product lines are being planned to be added to the existing system. The machinery required maybe

bought or may be taken on lease. The cost of machine is 20 years with a useful life of 5 years with the salvage value of Rs. 4,00,000. The full purchase value of machine can be financed by bank loan at the rate of 20% interest repayable in 5 equal installments falling due at the end of each year. Alternatively the machine can be procured on a 5 year lease, year end lease rental being Rs. 6,00,000 per annum. The company follows WDV method of depreciation @25%. Company's tax rate is 35% and cost of capital is14%.

- a) Advice the company which option should choose lease orborrow
- b) Assess the proposal from lessor's point of view examining whether leasing the machine is financially viable at 14% cost of capital.
- 21. From the following details showing per unit cost details and other data given, estimate the amount of working capitalrequired:

Raw materials	45
Labour	20
Overheads	40
Total	105
Profit	15
Selling price	120

Raw materials are in stock on an average of two months Materials are in process on an average for 4 weeks and the degree of completion is 50%. Finished goods stock on an average is 1 month. Time lag in payment of wages and overheads is one and a half weeks. Time lag in receipt from debtors is 2 months. Credit allowed by supplier is 1 month. 20% of output is sold against cash.

The company expects a cash balance of Rs 1,00,000.

You may take 52 weeks per annum.

22. Different components from the financial statements and its relationships among themselves helps to assess the quality of the firm, future decision on the expansion

anddiversificationofthebusinessfirmmustbebasedontheassociationand relationship between different elements of the financial statements. Critically comment the statement and logically prove that various ratios and its results are the major tools for the evaluation and analysis of the performance of the firm and its futuredecisions.

(2x5=10)

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

### (2020 Admissions onwards)

#### Third Semester

# **PG20CO312- INCOME TAX – LAW AND PRACTICE**

### Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

Note- Questions shall be based only on the relevant assessment year of study.

### Section A

# Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. What is deemedincome?
- 2. What do you mean by acceleratedassessment?
- 3. What are the assets excluded from the list of capitalasset?
- 4. What is negative annual value?
- 5. Mention the deduction under section80EE.
- The WDV of machinery of a business was Rs. 300,000 on 1<sup>st</sup> April 20x1. Another machinery was purchased on 16<sup>th</sup> December 20x1 for Rs. 5,00,000. Calculate depreciation if the rate of depreciation is15%.
- Compute the tax liability of Mr. X who has agricultural income of Rs.90,000 and non-agricultural income of Rs.76,0000.
- 8. Mr. X purchased shares in Indian Companies as investment on June 10,20X1 for Rs. 1,20,000. On June 1 20X1 he started a business as a dealer in shares and transferred the entire holding to the business. The market value of the shares as on that date was Rs.1,60000. These shares are sold by Mr. X Rs.2,00000 on October 20,20X1.Compute Capitalgains.
- 9. Mr. Y provides the following details and requests you to compute the allowable deduction u/s 80GG for the financial year 20X1-20X2

Business income Rs. 600000 ,Interest on savings A/c in a bank Rs.10,000. Rent paid for house occupied by him for residential purposeRs.7,000.

10. Mr. Heynes a West Indian came to India for the first time on 10.01.20X1

and left for Australia on 15.09.20X1.He again came to India on 1.05.20X4 to leave for South Africa on 15.07.20X4.Determine his status for the previous year 20X4- 20X5.Determine the residential status of Mr.Heynes.

 $(8 \times 1 = 8)$ 

# Section B

# Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed Two pages (Weight 2)

- 11. Mr. X is a person with severe disability. He had the following particulars of his income for the previous year 20X1-X2:- salary (net) Rs.5,80,000, interest income of saving bank account Rs.4000, dividend from a cooperative society Rs.3000,dividend from Sriyansh industries limited Rs.2000.Compute totalincome.
- 12. Compute income from othersources.

Interest (gross) on deposits with a company

Rs10000 University remuneration Rs.8000

Royalty for writing books

Rs.80,000 Expenses on writing

books Rs.20000 Family pension

received Rs48,000

Dividend from domestic

companyRs.12,000

10 % Rs 30,000 tax free Govt.

securities.

- 13. After serving 33 years and 9 months in Bharat chemicals Ltd., Mr .X who is covered under the Payment of Gratuity Act retires from service on 30<sup>th</sup> November 20X1. The employer pays him a gratuity of Rs 9, 00,000 His monthly basic salary at the time of retirement was Rs.30, 000, D'A.Rs 9,000 and HRA Rs.4500. You are required to determine the amount of gratuity exempt under section 10(10) of the IncomeTax
- 14. Determine the annual value of the house property.,- Expected rentRs.1,00,000 House let out @ Rs10,000 p.m.

House tax paid by owner Rs.9,000 (10% of municipal value) House remain vacant for (a) 1 month (b) 3months

- 15. What do you mean by aggregation of income ?Explain.
- 16. Enumerate any Five items of income which are totally exempt?
- 17. Mr. A provide the following data regarding his transaction for the sale of his residential house, compute the amount of taxable capitalgain House purchased in 2001-02 Rs 2,50,000
  Sold inNovember2017 Rs. 28,00,000
  Purchase another house in September 2017
  Rs.6,00000 Investment in bonds u/s 54 EC in Jan 2018. Rs 2,00000
- 18. The following are the particulars of income and loss of an individual under different heads of income. Set off losses in the assessment year 20X1-X2 and find out the net result.

Income/ Loss	Amount
Income from house property A	5000
Loss from House property B	8000
Interest on securities	20,000
Loss from Cycle business	20,000
Profit from speculation business	20,000
Loss from short term capital asset	6000
Long Term Capital Loss	25000
Long Term Capital Gain	21000.

(6x 2 =12)

# Section C

Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

- 19. Dr.Varma is a teacher. Following information relating to the AY20X1-X2
  - 1. Basic salary Rs12,000pm
  - 2. DA 45% ofsalary
  - 3. Wardenship allowance @Rs 400pm
  - 4. Examinership remuneration Rs3000
  - 5. Royalty from books from schools (computed)Rs.22,500
  - 6. Gross interest on Govt. securitiesRs.,5000

7. Interest on tax free debentures (gross) Rs.3000. Debentures are issued by a public sector company and arenotified.

- 8. Dividend of shares of a foreign companyRs.2500
- 9. Income from house property Rs.1,10,000(computed)
- 10. Contribution to statutory PFRs.5000
- 11. Contribution to PPF Rs.12,000

12. Premium paid by cheque on medical insurance policy on health of dependent father Rs.3000

13. Donation to approved charitable institution Rs.10,000 by cheque. Compute his total income.

- 20. From the following particulars of income of Mr. Ashok Kumar for the year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March 20X1. Ascertain his total income for the assessment year20X1-X2.
  - a) Salary Rs. 10,000 permonth
  - b) Interest received from bank Rs 900
  - c) Interest received from government securities Rs.7500
  - d) Interest received from Maruti Ltd. Rs. on fixed deposits Rs.5400
  - e) Dividend received from DCM Ltd. Rs. 4000 (Gross)
  - f) Dividend received from Co-operative Society Rs.200
  - g) Income received from units of a mutual fund Rs.8950(Net)
  - h) Profit on poultry farm Rs. Rs.51000

- i) He sold his residential house during the previous year for Rs. 450,000 which he had purchased for Rs. 20,000 in 1979 and its fair market value on 1-4-2001 was Rs. 30,000.
- j) Other Long-Term Capital Gain Rs. 58300
- k) He purchased NSC VIII Issue for Rs,10,000
- l) He paid Rs. 10,000 to a political party
- 21. Preetha occupied two flats for her residential purposes, particulars of which are as follows:

	Flat 1	Flat 2
Municipal Valuation	270000	135000
Fair Rent	360000	120000
Standard Rent	240000	NA
Municipal Taxes Paid	10%	10%
Fire Insurance	3000	1800
Interest on loan	120,000	NIL

Income of Preetha from her proprietary business is 21,00,000.

She has acquired gold ornaments for Rs. 650,000 in 2010 which were sold during the year for Rs. 21,46,000. Determine her gross total income for the assessment year 20X1-X2.

22. Xavier, a retailer of Bangalore gives the following trading and P&L account for the year ending31-3-2018.

Particulars	Rs.	Particulars	Rs.
Opening Stock	90000	Sales	1211500
Purchases	1004000	Income from UTI	2400
Gross Profit	306000	Other Business Receipts	6100
		Closing Stock	180000
Total	1400000	Total	1400000
Salary	60000	Gross Profit b/d	306000
Rent and Rates	36000		
Interest on Loan	15000		
Depreciation	105000		
Printing and Stationary	23200		
Postage and Telegram	1640		
Loss on sale of shares	8100		
Other General expenses	7060		
Net Profit	50,000		
Total	306000	Total	306000

# Additional Information:

- a) It was found that some stocks were omitted to be included in both opening and closing stock, values of which were, Opening stock – Rs. 9000 and Closing Stock Rs. 18000
- b) Salary include Rs. 10000 paid to his brother, which is unreasonable to the extent of Rs. 2000
- c) The whole amount of printing and stationery was paid incash
- d) Depreciation provided in the P&L account Rs. 105000 was based on the

Scheme and Syllabus of M.Com International Business – MAC – PG CSS 2020

following

information:WDVofplantandmachineryisRs.420000.Anewplantunderthe same block of depreciation of 15% was bought on 1-7-2017 for Rs. 70000. Two old plants were sold during the year for Rs. 50000.

- e) Other business receipts include Rs.2200 received as refund of tax relating to assessment year 2014-15.
- f) Other general expenses include Rs. 2000 paid as donation to public charitable trust. Compute the business income of the assessee for the assessment year 2015-16.

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER (2020 Admissions onwards)

#### Third Semester

### PG20CO313-SECURITY ANALYSIS AND PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. Explain the basic assumptions of CAPM and connect them with itsrelevance.
- 2. Describe the term Investment in different perspectives.
- 3. What is Investment Information? Explain with relevantexamples.
- 4. Makeanote on-Simple Diversification.
- 5. What is —Corner Portfoliol? Explain with itsgraph.
- 6. The returns of security X Rs 2 and security Z Rs 3 and return of security X Rs 4, and return on security Z Rs 2 with chances of getting the returns of 60% and 40%. You have to suggest best security on the basis ofreturn.
- 7. What are the characteristics of Treynor's Performance index? Explain the model withgraph.
- Determine the yield to maturity if a zero coupon bond with a face value of Rs 2500 is sold at Rs 750/-. The maturity period is 8years.
- 9. Explain the need for the revision of Portfolio and describe passive and active portfolio revisionstrategy.
- 10. What is Trend? Explain the context of trend reversal with examples from the stock market.

(8 x1 = 8)

# Section B

#### Answer any Six questions. Answer shall not exceed Two pages (Weight 2)

11. -Market moves likewaves. But random walk

isthebasicmovement of the market-Comment.

- 12. Support and Resistancelevels makethe market lessvolatile<sup>||</sup>-Comment.
- 13. The closing price of SBI for 10 days are givenbelow,

Dec10	Dec 11	Dec12	Dec13	Dec14	Dec 17	Dec 18	Dec19	Dec 20	Dec 21
680	696	699	689	695	660	678	682	650	680

You are required to calculate RSI and ROC, prepare RSI chart and make comment and conclusion of indication derived from the results.

- 14. Explain –Utilitytheorylbased on MarkowitzModel efficientfrontier.
- 15. Analyzing risk is the inevitable part of investment process. Make a note on the statement with different elements of risks.
- 16. Stock P and Stock Q are having Rs 17 and Rs 20 as the returns for the year 2015 and Rs 19 and Rs 16 as returns for the year 2016. Estimate the expected return on Portfolio with the assumption that investment fund is equally distributed to stock P and stockQ.
- 17. Analysis of Chart, pattern and figuresprovidesmoreclarityon the market movement<sup>II</sup>. Explain how it helps the investors and traders to take their decisions.
- 18. Rs 150 par value bond bearing a coupon rate of 12% matures after 8 years. The expected to yield to maturity is 18%. The present market price is Rs 115.Can the investor buy it?

(6x2=12)

# Section C

#### Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

19. Explain the various steps involved in security analysis throwing light into important techniques applied at eachstage.

20. The one investment	company manages	equity fund	consisting of five

Stock	Market value	Beta
Р	Rs. 20,000	1.2
Q	Rs. 15,000	1.1
R	Rs. 10,000	.6
S	Rs. 5,000	.4

stock with the following market values andbetas

If  $R_f$  is 10% and  $R_m$  is 18% What is Portfolio expected return? Then make comparison between return of each stock and portfolio return and make your comment on the benefit or deficit through the construction of portfolio.

- 21. Each investment avenue may have some advantages and disadvantages on the basis of investment policy, investable income and level of risk bearing capacity of the investor. Suggest major investment avenues in India for investors and make discussion on the risk and return aspects of each one and then prove that what type of investment objective can be achieved through each investmentavenue.
- 22. Why should an investor go for portfolio analysis? Explain the approaches in portfolio construction bringing out the salient features and considerations under eachapproach.

(2x5=10)

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

### (2020 Admissions onwards)

### Third Semester

# PG20CO314-IB-LOGISTICS AND SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A.

### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. What do you mean by logisticsmanagement?
- 2. What is bullwhip effect inSCM?
- 3. What is ReverseLogistics?
- 4. What is the concept of agileSCM?
- 5. What do you mean by GreenLogistics?
- 6. What are Argo SupplyChains?
- 7. Write short note on ERP.
- 8. What is IntegratedLogistics?
- 9. Differentiate between 3PL and 4PL.
- 10. What is JIT system of inventorymanagement?

(8 X 1 = 8)

### Section B

#### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed Two pages (Weight 2)

- 11. Elucidate the importance of logistics management in modern businessworld.
- 12. Explain the objectives of SCM.
- 13. How can reverse logistics cater to a green supply chain strategy in thefuture?
- 14. Explain major documents in air cargo and oceanlogistics.
- 15. Explain the principles of logisticsinformation.
- 16. Explain the factors affecting warehousingdecision.
- 17. Explain demand forecasting methods inlogistics.
- 18. Differentiate between a push-based supply chain and a pull-based supplychain.

(6 x 2 = 12)

# Section C

# Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

- 19. Explain various models inSCM.
- 20. Describe the functions of logisticsmanagement.
- 21. Explain various Sourcing and transportation decisions in Supply Chain Management
- 22. Discuss the role of Information Technology in Supply ChainManagement?

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

### (2020 Admissions onwards)

#### Fourth Semester

### PG20CO415-ADVANCED COST AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. List out the differences between traditional absorption costing and activity based costing
- 2. What do you mean by dual rate transfer pricing system? Explain itsadvantages.
- 3. Write short notes on Break EvenPoint.
- 4. What do you understand by Cost Plus Pricing? How are such costs determined for pricingpurposes?
- 5. What are the objectives of Transfer pricing within theorganisation?
- 6. 6000 Pen Drives of 2GB are to be sold in a perfectly competitive market to earn Rs.1.06,0000 profit, whereas in a Monopoly market only 1200 units are required to be sold to earn the same profit. The fixed costs for the period are Rs.74,000 .The contribution per unit in the Monopoly Market is as high as three fourths its Variable Cost. Determine the Target selling price each marketcondition.
- 7. X Ltd. produces a product ,which has a Variable Cost Materials-Rs.40,Labour-Rs.10 and OH –Rs.4.The selling price is Rs.90 per unit. Sales for the current year is expected to be 15,000 units and Fixed OH are Rs.1,40,000.Under a wage agreement an increase of 10% is payable to all direct workers from the beginning of the forthcoming year ,while Material cost is expected to increase by 7.5% ,Variable OH by 5% and fixed OH by 3% .Calculate the newBEP
- 8. Calculate Material Cost Variance of product P from the followingdata:
  - a) Budgeted production of product P 200Units
  - b) Standard consumption of raw materials 2 kg per unit of P
  - c) Standard price of material A Rs. 6 perkg
  - d) Actually, 250 units of P were produced. Material A was purchased

at Rs.8 per kg and consumed at 1.8 kg per unit ofP

- The fixed costs amount to Rs.3,00,000 and the variable costs to sales are 66%. If 100% capacity sales are 18,00, 000.Determine the profit at 75% capacity.
- 10. Compute: (a) Manufacturing time efficiency and (b) Manufacturing cycle time of company manufacturing woodenproducts

Processing time 9 hours Inspection time 1.5 hours waiting time 6 hours Move time 7.5 hours Units per batch60Units

(8 x 1=8)

# Section B

#### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed Two pages (Weight 2)

- 11. Explain in detail, the steps involved in the installation of Activity BasedCosting
- ABC Ltd started its operations in year with a total production capacity of 2,00,000 units. The following information for two years are made available toyou:

Particulars	Year 1	Year 2
Sales in units	80,000	1,20,000
Total cost	34,40,000	45,60,000

There has been no change in the cost structure and selling price and it is anticipated that it will remain unchanged in year 3 also. Selling price is Rs 40 per unit.

Calculate 1) Variable cost per unit, 2) PV Ratio, 3) BEP in units and4) Profit if the firm operates at 75% of the capacity.

13. R Ltd will produce 3,00,000 kg of X and 6,00,000 kg of Y from an input of 9,00,000 kg of a raw material Z. The selling price of X is Rs.8 per kg and that of Y is Rs6 per kg. Following additional information isavailable:

Processing cost amount to Rs. 54,00,000 per month as under; Raw material Z, 9,00,000 kg at Rs 3 per kg Rs. 27,00,000 VariableprocessingcostRs. 18,00,000 FixedprocessingcostRs. 9,00,000 TotalCostRs.54,00,000

There is an offer to purchase 60,000 kg additionally at a price of Rs. 4 per kg. The existing market for Y will not be affected by accepting the offer. But the price of X is likely to be decreased uniformly on all sales. Find the minimum reduced average price for X, to sustain the increased sales.

14. MM Manufacturing is evaluating two possible processes for the manufacture of a toy. The following information isavailable:

Particulars	Process A	Process B
Variable Cost per unit	Rs. 12	Rs. 14
Sale price per unit	Rs.20	Rs. 20
Total Fixed cost per year	Rs.30,00,000	Rs. 21,00,000
Capacity in units	4,30,000	Rs. 5,00,000
Anticipated sales for the coming year	4,00,000	4,00,000

Calculate the indifference point and suggest which process should be selected and on what basis.

15. The standard output of product MaC is 25 units per hour in the manufacturing department of a company employing 100 employees. The standard wage rate per labour is Rs.6. In a 42 hour week, the department produced 1040 units of MaC despite 5 % of the time paid was lost due to an abnormal reason. The hourly rate actually paid were Rs. 6.20, Rs, 6 and Rs. 5.70 respectively to 10, 30 and 60 workers. Compute : a) labour efficiency variance, b) Labour Rate Variance andc) Labour Idle TimeVariance

16. SS Ltd is a trader in four varieties of paints. All varieties are equally popular and the monthly sales of each are 500 tins. The following information is presented for amonth.

Particulars	Red	Green	Silver	Blue
Selling price per tin	Rs. 150	Rs. 125	Rs. 250	Rs.500
Purchase price per tin	Rs. 90	Rs.80	Rs.180	Rs. 400
Warehouse area occupied	50cu.cm	75 cu.cm	125 cu.cm	200 cu.cm
Financing cost per unit per day	Rs. 2	Rs.2	Rs. 2.5	Rs. 3
Average stay in stores	3 days	3 days	3 days	3 days

The varieties direct costs are:

a) Transportation -2% of	b) Warehouse rent Rs. 9000 (based
purchase price	on area occupied)
c) Incentive to staff – 1% of	d) Financing cost – based on
sale price	average stay in store.

Indirect costs and establishment expenses workout to Rs. 71,625

- 17. What do you mean by cost plus pricing? Explain its advantages and limitations.
- What do you mean by Activity Based Cost Management? Explain thebusiness applications of ABM.

(6 x 2 = 12)

# Section C

#### Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

19. XL Pharma Ltd is engaged in producing dietary supplement \_Kidos' for growing children. It produces \_Kidos'in a batch of 10 kgs. Standard material input required for 10 kgs of \_Kidos'. Standard material input required for 10 kgs of \_Kidos' areas follows:

Material	Quantity( in kg)	Rate per kg
Vita-x	5	Rs.110
Proto-D	3	Rs. 320
Mineral-L	3	Rs. 460

During the month of May the actual production was 5000 kg of Kidos for which the actual quantities of material used for a batch and the prices paid therefor are as under:

Material	Quantity( in kg)	Rate per kg
Vita-x	6	Rs. 115
Proto-D	2.5	Rs. 330
Mineral-L	2	Rs. 460

Calculate the following variances based on the above given information for the month of May.

a) MaterialCostVarianceb) MaterialPriceVariancec)Material Usage Varianced) MaterialMix Variance

e) Material Yield Variance

20. CASA Ltd. manufactures 3 types of biscuits, A, B and C in a fully mechanised factory. The company has been following conventional method of costing and wishes to shift to Activity Based Costing System and therefore wishes to have the following data presented under both the system for themonth.

Inspection Cost	Rs. per month	73,000
Machine – Repairs and Maintenance	Rs. per month	1,42,000
Dye Cost	Rs. per month	10250
Selling Overheads	Rs. per month	162000

Product	Α	В	С
Prime Cost (Rs. Per Unit)	12	9	8
Selling price (Rs. per Unit)	18	14	12
Gross Production (Unit/production run)	2520	2810	3010
Number of defective units/production	20	10	10
Run			
Inspection (No. of hours/production run)	3	4	4
Dye Cost/Production run (Rs.)	200	300	250
No. of Machine hours/production run	20	12	30
Sales – No. of units /month	25,000	56,000	27,000

Additional Information:

- a) No accumulation of inventory isconsidered
- b) All good units produced aresold
- c) All manufacturing and selling overheads are conventionally allocated on the basis of unitssold
- d) Product A needs no advertisement. Due to its nutritive value, it is readily consumed by diabetic patients of a hospital. Advertisement cost included in the total selling overhead is Rs.83,000.
- e) Product B needs to be specially packed before being sold so that it meets competition. Rs. 54,000 was the amount spent for the month in specially packing B and this has been included in the total selling overhead cost given. You are required to present product wise profitability statements under the conventional system and ABC system and accordingly rank theproducts.
- 21. X Company produces 5 different products from a single raw material. Raw material is available abundance at Rs. 6 per kg.Thelabour rate is Rs. 8 per hour for all products. The plant capacity is 21,000 labour hours for the budgeted period. Production facilities can produce all the products. The factory overhead rate is Rs. 8 per hour comprising Rs. 5.6 per hour. As fixed overhead and Rs. 4.50 per hour as variable overhead. The selling commission is 10% of the product price. Given the following information, you are to suggest a suitable sales mix which will maximise the company's profits. Determine the Profit that will be earned at the

Product	Market demand (units)	Selling Price (Rs)	Labour hours required p. u	Raw material required p.u (grams
А	4000	32	1.00	700
В	3600	30	0.80	500
С	4500	48	1.50	1500
D	6000	36	1.10	1300
E	5000	44	1.40	1500

selected sales mix?

Assume in above situation, 3500 hours of overtime working is possible. It will result in additional fixed overhead of Rs. 20,000, a doubling of labour rates and a 50% increase in variable overhead. Do you recommend overtime working?

22. What do you know about transfer pricing? Discuss in detail, the different methods of TransferPricing.

(2x 5 = 10)

Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous), Kothamangalam

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

#### (2020 Admissions onwards)

### Fourth Semester

### **PG20CO416-INCOME TAX – ASSESSMENT AND PROCEDURE**

Note- Questions shall be based only on the relevant assessment year of study.

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A.

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. What are the conditions to be satisfied by a firm for assessing it as afirm?
- 2. Distinguish between tax evasion and taxavoidance
- 3. How will you determine the residential status of a company?
- 4. What are the circumstances were a return of income is considered asdefective?
- 5. What is a notice of demand?
- 6. Mention the exempted income u/s 11 of a trust whollycharitable.
- 7. MrsDarshana, aged 28 years derived an income of Rs 25,00,000 by performing in talk shows in foreign countries. Tax was deducted form that income @ 20%. There is no agreement for double taxation avoidance. Indian income of Darshana is 7,50,000. Compute the tax liability if she is an ordinaryresident.
- 8. Mr. CK Vineeth is an employee of Grahams Ltd, New Delhi with a monthly salary of Rs. 1,00,000 and DA of Rs. 30,000 per month. He has contributed Rs. 1,00,000 to PMs National Relief fund and has paid Rs. 1,50,000 to a recognised provident fund. His employer has provided him a rent free accommodation whose perquisite value is Rs.146,000.

Compute the amount tax to be deducted from his salary per month.

9. The net profit of ABC Associates, a partnership firm, for the previous year 2019 – 20 is Rs. 457500. This figure is arrived at after debiting interest on capital Rs 42,000 (@14%) and remuneration to working partners Rs. 260,000. Find the allowable remuneration to working partners under section 40(b) of the Income Tax Act.

10. A co-operative society has the following incomes during the year 20X1-20X2 Income from house propertyRs.10,000
Income from bookshop Rs. 16,000
Interest on securities (Gross) Rs. 16,000
Dividend on shares of another co-operative society Rs.26,000 Compute total income of the society.

# (8 X 1=8)

# Section B

#### Answer any Sixquestions. Answer shall not exceed Two pages (Weight 2)

- 11. What is tax planning? Suggest some tax planning tips for person with salary income.
- 12. What do you understand by Permanent Account Number? What are the consequences for failure to apply for PAN? Give examples of ten such transactions where quoting of PAN iscompulsory.
- 13. (i) Shri .Suresh has to pay Rs.60,000 as advance tax during the financial year 2019-20 .He deposited the following amounts.
  15.6.2018 Rs.9000, 15.9.2018 Rs. 19,000, 15.12.2018 Rs. 12,000, 15.3.2019 Rs.20,000
  Is he liable to pay any interest u/s 234C? If yes determine the amount of interest payable.
  - (ii) X a resident in India of the age of 65 years has not furnished his return of income for the AY 2018-19.The total income assessed by the AO u/s 143(3) Rs.10 lakhs Compute penalty levied under section 270A.
- 14. Ms. Somany estimates her current income for the financial year 2019 –20 as follows:

i)	IncomefromBusiness	Rs. 14,76,000
ii)	Income fromhouseproperty	Rs. 2,36,500
iii)	Income fromOthersources	Rs. 1,21,000
	She has paid insurance premium	of Rs. 90,000 and deposited

Rs. 1,00,000 towards PPF. She is also eligible for a deduction of Rs. 15,000 under Sec. 80 D.

Calculate the amount of advance tax to be paid at different dates.

15. What are the causes and consequences of best judgementassessment?

16. Ascertain the amount of tax deducted at source front the following income/receipts during the financial year 2019-20:

- 1. Lottery winnings of Its. 1,00,000 (gross) payable to Mr. X, resident inIndia.
- 2. Winnings from horse race Rs. 50,000 payable to Mr. Y, non-resident inIndia.
- 3. Interest on securities (listed) payable to Mr. Z a resident in India—Rs.20,000.
- 4. Dividend payable by a domestic company to B, a resident in India— Rs.40,000.
- 5. Interest on unlisted debentures of *Y* Ltd payable to *T*, *a* resident in India--Rs. 10,000.
- 17. From the following information compute the total income and tax liability of a charitable institution for the AY20X1-X2.

Income from property held for charitable purposes Rs.10

lakhs Voluntary donation from corpus of the trust

Rs.50lakhs

Other voluntary donations

Rs.30 lakhs Anonymous

donations Rs.25 lakhs

Amount spent for charitable purpose in India Rs.20 Lakhs

Set apart for use in future for charitable purposes ( conditions fulfilled ) Rs.4 Lakhs

18. What is meant by AOP and BOI? Explain the computation of share of a member of AOP orBOI.

 $(6 \ge 2 = 12)$ 

# Section C

# Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

19. The Statement of Profit & Loss of Ximbi Ltd., a domestic company, for the year ended 31st, March, 2020 is givenbelow:

## Statement of Profit & Loss

# (for the year ended 31st March, 2020)

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Particulars	Rs.
I. Revenue from perations	33,50,000
<ul><li>I. Revenue fromoperations</li><li>II. Other income:</li></ul>	55,50,000
Long-term capital gain [exempt u/s 10(38)]	6,20,000
III. Total Revenue (I +II)	39,70,000
IV. Expenses :	
Cost of materials consumed	12,40,000
Purchases of Stock-in-Trade	
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress	
and Stock-in-Trade	
Employee benefits expenses	
Other expenses :	
Expenses related to sale of other goods	8,00,000
Provision for unascertained liabilities	75,000
Total expenses	21,15,000
V. Profit before tax (III - IV)	18,55,000
VI. Tax expenses :	
Income tax paid	1,55,000
VII. Profit for the period (V - VI)	17,00,000
	I

Notes to Accounts :		
Mar Athanasius College (Autonomous Profit/Loss as per last Balance Sheet (if any)	s), Kothamangalam	
Current Year's Profit	17,00,0 00	
Add : Transfer from General Reserve	<u>20,000</u> 17,20,0 00	
Less : Appropriations :		
Proposed Dividend	(7,65,0 00)	
Transfer to General Reserve	<u>(1,00,0</u> <u>00)</u>	
Balonker of Profit carried to Balanca Storet ws	8,55,00	
(1) An outstanding liability related to value added tax for 20	<b>0</b> 18-19 paid	
during 2019-20 Rs. 120,000 which was not charged to above		
Statement of Profit & Loss.		
(2) Brought forward loss as per books of account is Rs. 73,000 while the		
brought forward depreciation as per books of account is Rs.1,10,000.		
(3) Brought forward unabsorbed depreciation is Rs.5,12,000.		
(4) Brought forward loss under the head capital gains Rs.		
3,50,000. Compute the tax liability of X Ltd. for the		
Assessment Year 2020 –21		
20. Explain in detail the procedure for Assessment.		
21. A, B and C are equal partners in a firm. For the previous year the p	particulars of	
income of the firm are givenbelow		
1. Profit from business after debiting remuneration to partners.	Rs.20,000	
2. Long term Capital Gain Rs.100000		
3. Interest on bank deposit Rs.50,000		
4. Remuneration to partners Rs.1,80,000		
5. Unabsorbed depreciationRs.30,000		
6. Brought forward business lossRs.200000		

- 7. Capital gain invested in specified assets Rs.30,000
- Amount deposited in Capital Gain A/c Scheme 1988
   Rs.30000 Compute total income and tax liability of thefirm.

22. During PY 20x1-x2 there was a profit of Rs.60,000 to an AOP after charging salary, bonus and interest on capital to its members. Taxable income of the AOP for the same period from house property and long-term capital gain were Rs.1,40,000 and Rs.12,000 respectively. There are three members A, B and C sharing profits and losses in 5:3:2 ratio and their income from business and profession for the AY 2018-19 is Rs. 1,35,000 Rs. 1,86,000 and Rs.1,70,000 respectively. In addition to it AOP paid Rs.6000.Rs.10000 and Rs.14000 as interest on capital to A, B and C respectively. Salary paid to A was Rs.16,000 and bonus paid to B was Rs. 5000in thisperiod. Find out Tax Liability of AOP and members

•

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

# M.Com DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

#### (2020 Admissions onwards)

### Fourth Semester

### PG20CO417-IB RETAIL AND RURAL MARKETING

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

#### Answer any *Eight*questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. What do you mean by psychographic segmentation inmarketing?
- 2. What is traditional retailing?
- 3. Explain the term webmarketing?
- 4. What do you understand by trading areaanalysis?
- 5. What is agriculturalmarketing?
- 6. What is E-ruralmarketing?
- 7. Explain rural marketingmix?
- 8. Describe the profile of the rural consumer?
- 9. Define undifferentiatedtargeting?
- 10. DefineE-retailing?

 $(8 \times 1 = 8)$ 

# Section B

### Answer any *Six* questions. Answer shall not exceed Two pages (Weight 2)

- 11. How does rural market differ from urbanmarket?
- 12. Explain the functions of retailing?
- 13. Discuss the FMCG goods in ruralmarketing?
- 14. Explain the role of retail shopper's attitude in ruralmarketing?
- 15. Discuss the issues in retail human resourcemanagement?
- 16. What are the different types of retailformats?
- 17. Explain contract farming and creditbundling?
- 18. Differentiate services retailing and productretailing?

(6x2=12)

# Section C

# Answer any *Two*questions. Answer shall not exceed *Five*pages. (Weight 5)

- 19. What are the emerging trends in ruralmarketing?
- 20. Explain the different models of E-retailing?
- 21. Elucidate the problems of rural marketing inIndia?
- 22. Explain the factors affecting ruralconsumerbehaviour?

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$ 

# M.COm DEGREE (CSS) MODEL QUESTION PAPER

### (2020 Admissions onwards)

### Fourth Semester

# PG20CO418–IB INTERNATIONAL MARKETING

Time:3 Hours

Maximum Weight:30

# Section A

# Answer any *Eight* questions. Answer shall not exceed One page (Weight 1)

- 1. What do you mean by exportincentives?
- 2. What is market oriented export pricing?
- 3. Explain the term tradeblocs?
- 4. What do you mean byFOB?
- 5. What is cross –cultural marketing?
- 6. What are grey marketgoods?
- 7. What do you understand by open account?
- 8. What do you mean by administered pricing?
- 9. What do you understand by Global e-marketing?
- 10. Defineservicesexport?

 $(8 \times 1 = 8)$ 

# Section B

(Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries a weight of 2)

- 11. Differentiate the tariff and non tariff barriers in internationalmarketing?
- 12. Elucidate the procedure for exportfinancing?
- 13. Discuss the challenges in global marketingresearch?
- 14. Write notes on product decision and pricing decisions in internationalmarketing?
- 15. Discuss the various pricing strategies in internationalmarketing?
- 16. Explain the main driving and restraining forces for a firm enteringinternational market?
- 17. How does domestic marketing differ internationalmarketing?
- 18. Describe the factors determining the selection of internationalmarket?

 $(6 \ge 2 = 12)$ 

# Section C

(Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries a weight of 5)

- 19. What are the different problems and difficulties faced by the Indian marketers in internationaltrade?
- 20. Explain the different techniques to enter into internationalmarketing?
- 21. What are the different methods of payment in internationalmarketing?
- 22. Discuss the different types of risks in internationalmarketing?

 $(2 \times 5 = 10)$